AT Commands For CDMA Wireless Modems





AT Commands for CDMA Wireless Modems

Reference Guide

Products: MTSMC-Cxx, MTMMC-Cxx, MTCBA-Cxx

PN S000294D, Revision D

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CHAPTER 1 - INTRODUCTION

The AT command set is one of the main interfaces for the modem to interact with an external application layer. CDMA AT commands are defined in TIA/EIA/IS707.3. However, as the wireless applications increase, TIA/EIA/IS707.3 is not sufficient. In addition, a lot of GSM applications already exist and GSM customers would like to maintain the same interface in order to make no or minimum changes to the applications to be used with CDMA modem. To meet the all these needs, CDMA AT command set is designed to cover:

- 1) IS707.3 AT commands;
- 2) GSM 07.07 when applicable;
- 3) GSM 07.05 when applicable,
- 4) ITU-T v25 when applicable;
- 5) Proprietary AT set;
- 6) Customer specific AT commands;
- 7) Qualcomm defined AT commands.

Please note that in several instances, the GSM 7.07 and 7.05 specifications could not be followed because of fundamental differences between CDMA and GSM call processing behaviors. In these cases, minimal changes were made to the GSM-related commands.

Scope of This Document

This document describes the CDMA AT command, its syntax, its responses, and result codes. It serves as the reference for wireless application development based on the CDMA modem and for its integration and testing. The intended audience is expected to be familiar with CDMA data services protocol and AT modem commands.

This document is also intended for use in the North American market. SIM/R-UIM and its related AT commands are not documented here.

Related References

This interface specification is based on the following recommendations or standards:

- **1.** ETSI GSM 07.05: Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2); Use of DTE-DCE interface for Short Message Service (SMS) and Cell Broadcast Service (CBS)
- 2. ETSI GSM 07.07: Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2); AT command set for GSM Mobile Equipment (ME)
- 3. ITU-T Recommendation V.25 ter: Serial asynchronous automatic dialing and control
- **4.** ETSI GSM 03.40: Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2); Technical implementation of the Short Message Service (SMS) Point-to-Point (PP)
- **5.** ETSI GSM 03.38: Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2); Alphabets and language-specific information
- **6.** ETSI GSM 04.80: Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2): Mobile radio interface layer 3, Supplementary service specification, Formats and coding
- **7.** TIA/EIA/IS-707.3: Data Service Options for Wideband Spread Spectrum Systems: AT Command Processing and the Rm Interface
- 8. Qualcomm Application Note (CL93-V0327-1 X10): AT COMMANDS FOR DMSS
- 9. IS-131: Data Transmissions Systems and Equipment Extensions to Asynchronous Dialing and Control.

Definitions

This is an alphabetical list of terms and acronyms used throughout this document and the CDMA cellular industry.

2G: Second Generation. All digital cellular systems developed to replace the first analog cellular

systems. (GSM and CDMA).

3G: Third Generation. Next generation digital cellular systems designed to have high-speed data

access and higher voice capacity (CDMA & CDMA2000).

CBM: Cell Broadcast Message. An SMS message that is broadcast to all mobiles on the network CDMA: Code Division Multiple Access. CDMA is a spread spectrum, digital wireless modulation

scheme for cellular communications systems. It has approximately 3 times the voice

capacity of GSM networks. See IS-95, IS-95B, IS-2000.

CDMA2000: See IS-2000.

DCE: Data Communications Equipment. This is the modem in the traditional serial communication

paradigm of a computer connected via two modems to another computer.

DTE: Data Terminal Equipment. This is the computer in the traditional serial communication

paradigm of a computer connected via two modems to another computer.

DTMF: Dual Tone Multi-Frequency: A pre-defined set of tones sent over the air when keys are

pressed on the keypad.

Handset (Path): The audio path (microphone & speaker) that connects to a traditional hand held telephone

receiver, usually dual balanced electrical lines.

Headset (Path): The audio path (microphone & speaker) that connects to an earpiece with a microphone,

usually single electrical lines.

IMSI: International Mobile Station IS. This is an international 15 digital phone number that uniquely

identifies a mobile. IMSI=MCC + MNC + MIN.

IOTA: Internet Over The Air.

IS-95: The first CDMA standard published by Qualcomm in 1993.

IS-95A: A CDMA standard with improved voice quality. This standard is widely used throughout the

world.

IS-95B: This CDMA standard contains Medium Data Rate capabilities and bug fixes for system

access failures. It is considered a 2.5G system. This standard is mostly deployed in Korea.

IS-2000: The first 3G CDMA standard based on IS-95B. It contains a significant increase in voice capacity and high-speed data rates. It is backward compatible with IS-95B and IS-95A.

IS-707: TIA/EIA/IS-707 describes data services available on wideband spread spectrum systems. It

is organized into a series of related recommendations, some of which address functions common to all CDMA data services and others that describe a specific data service.

MCC: Mobile Country Code. A pre-defined 30-digital number that represents a country in the IMSI.

MIN: Mobile IS Number: The traditional 10 digit phone number of the mobile.

MNC: Mobile Network Code. A pre-defined 2-digital number that represents a sub-network in the

IMSI (usually set to "00").

MO: Mobile Originated. An action (usually a call) that is first started from the phone. An outgoing

call or SMS.

MS: Mobile Station. The term MS is commonly used to represent the phone or mobile.

MT: Mobile Terminated: An action, usually a call, that is first started from a land based network.

An incoming call or SMS.

MSM: Mobile Station Modem.

NAM: Number Assignment Modem. The NAM is collection of internal parameters that define a

working phone for a given network (phone number, access parameters, etc.).

NID: Network ID. The NID is an identification number that represents geographic location of a

common coverage area; but is a subset of the SID, usually a neighborhood in a large city.

NID is usually not used and is set to zero. Also see SID.

NV-RAM: Non-Volatile Random Access Memory, NV-RAM is a data storage device that does not lose

its data when power is turned off.

OTAPA: Over The Air Parameter Administration. An automatic update in internal software parameters

(PRL for example) by means of a specially defined CDMA data call that is mobile terminated

(MT).

OTASP: Over The Air Service Programming. An automatic update in internal software parameters

PRL; for example, by means of a specially defined CDMA data call that is mobile terminated

(MT).

PDU: A GSM SMS standard where any type of binary data can be transported via an SMS

message. In the CDMA system, the PDU mode will not be supported; instead, the Unicode

format message is supported.

PN Offset: Pseudorandom Noise Offset: In a CDMA network the PN offset is a variable time delay

offset of a repeating random noise generator that is used to distinguish individual sectors of

a base station.

P-REV: The CDMA revision of the mobile or base station.

PRL: Preferred Roaming List. The PRL is a collection of frequencies, SIDs and NIDs that the call

processing software uses to search for approved and unapproved CDMA networks. The

PRL is loaded into the phone and is saved in NV-RAM.

PSTN: Public Switching Telephone Network. The traditional telephone network.

RF: Radio Frequency.

RSSI: Receive Signal Strength Indicator: This parameter represents the total RF received signal

power from the base station(s) the mobile sees.

SID: System ID. The SID is an identification number that represents geographic locations of a

common coverage area, usually a large city. Also see NID.

SMS: Short Messaging Service; A supplement service that is capable of sending and receiving

short length text messages to/from the mobile.

TA/TE: Terminal Application/Terminal Equipment. This is the end "device" (combination of hardware

and software) that communicates with a modem via a serial link. In this context, it is the

device (PDA/Computer) connected to the WISMO Quik. Also see DTE.

TON/NPI: Type of Number/Numbering Plan Identification.

V24-V25: A data compression algorithm. V42: A data compression algorithm.

CHAPTER 2 - AT COMMAND FEATURES

Line Settings

A serial link handler is set with the following default values (factory settings): 115,200bps, 8 bits data, 1 stop bit, no parity, RTS/CTS flow control.

Please use the +IPR, +IFC and +ICF commands to change these settings.

Command Line

Commands always start with AT (which means ATtention) and finish with a <CR> character.

Information Responses and Result Codes

Responses start and end with <CR><LF>, except for the ATV0 (response format) and the ATQ1 (result code suppression) commands.

- If command syntax is incorrect, an **ERROR** string is returned.
- If extended error reports are enabled (+CMEE), the +CME ERROR: <Err> or +CMS ERROR: <SmsErr> strings are returned with different error codes. Refer to the appendix for a definition of error codes and their meanings.
- If the command line has been performed successfully, an **OK** string is returned.

In the following examples <CR> and <CR><LF> are intentionally omitted.

CHAPTER 3 - UNSOLICITED AT RESULT CODES

This section describes unsolicited AT codes that are sent to the modem as the result of an AT command or network notification. These commands are used throughout the sections of this document. Refer to this section for an explanation on any unsolicited command that is mentioned in the subsequent sections for result code range and value definitions.

Cell Broadcast Message Directly Displayed +CBM

Description: This response indicates a Cell Broadcast message has been received and according to the

message storage preferences (+CNMI), is to be directly displayed.

Values: <oa> Originator Address

<scts> Service Center Time Stamp in string format : "yy/MM/dd,hh :mm :ss±zz"

(Year/Month/Day, Hour: Min: Seconds ± Time Zone)

<tooa> Type-of-Address of <oa>

<lass lang> Language

<encod> Encoding method

The number of characters in the following <data> field

<data> Message contents

Syntax: Response syntax: +CBM: <oa>, <scts>, [<tooa>,]<lang>,<encod>[,<length>]

<CR><LF><data>

Example Result

+CBM: "123456","98/10/01,12:3000+00",129,1,2,5<CR><LF>

Hello

Note: Cell broadcast message received

Cell Broadcast Message Stored in Memory +CBMI

Description: This response indicates a Cell Broadcast message has been received and according to the

message storage preferences (+CNMI), is to be stored in memory.

Values: <mem> NVRAM storage area (always "BC" for this response)

<index> location of message within storage area

Syntax: Response syntax: +CBMI: <mem>,<index>

Example Result

+CBMI: "BC",5

Note: Cell broadcast message received and stored in "BC" memory at index 5

Cell Environment Description Indication +CCED

Description:

This response is used to return information that has been requested by the +CCED AT command. Refer to the +CCED AT command in chapter 14 for more information and a definition of the returned values.

Syntax: Response syntax: +CCED: <requested dump>

Example Result

+CCED: 1,725,4,65535,6,,0,,,-104,-35,-63

Note: Cell environment description indication in response to AT+CCED=0,1

Call Waiting Indication +CCWA

Description: This response indicates that another incoming call is occurring during an existing call. See

+WFSH, Send Flash to Base Station in chapter 9 for information about handling call-waiting

situations

Values: <caller_id> Caller identification number

<type> always 129 for this response

Syntax: Response syntax: +CCWA: <caller id>, <type>

Example Result

+CCWA: 18005551212.129

Note: Incoming call from 1-800-555-1212, type always equals 129.

SMS Status Report Indication Directly Displayed +CDS

Description: This response indicates an SMS status report has been received and according to the

message storage preferences (+CNMI), is to be directly displayed. +CDS is also used in the data compression functionality as an active command. Refer to chapter 17 (U_m Interface

Data Compression) for an explanation of +CDS usage for data compression.

Values: <mr> Message Reference

<ra> Recipient Address

<tora> Type-of-Address of <ra>

<scts> Service Center Time Stamp in string format : "yy/MM/dd,hh :mm :ss±zz"

(Year/Month/Day, Hour: Min: Seconds ± Time Zone)

<dt> Discharge Time in string format: "yy/MM/dd,hh :mm :ss±zz"

(Year [00-99], Month [01-12], Day [01-31], Hour, Minute, Second and Time Zone

[quarters of an hour])

<st> Status of a SMS-STATUS-REPORT (See Chapter 20)

Syntax: Response Syntax: +CDS: <mr>, [<ra>] , [<tora>], <scts>,<dt>,<st> (Text mode)

Example Result

+CDS: 2, 116, "3146290800", 129, "98/10/01,12:30:07+04", "98/10/01 12:30:08+04", 0

Note: SMS status report received

SMS Status Report Indication Stored in Memory +CDSI

Description: This response indicates an SMS status report has been received and according to the

message storage preferences (+CNMI), is to be stored in memory.

Values: <mem> NVRAM storage area (always "SR" for this response)

<index> location of message within storage area

Syntax: Response syntax: +CDSI: <mem>,<index>

Example Result

+CDSI: "SR",5

Note: SMS status report received and stored in "SR" memory at index 5

Key Press or Release +CKEV

Description: This response indicates that a key has been pressed or released.

Values: <key> Key input (0-9, *, #)

0: key release1: key press

Syntax: Response syntax: +CKEV: <key>,<press>

+CKEV: 9.0

Note: Indicates key 9 has been released

Caller ID Presentation +CLIP

Description: This response indicates that caller ID information is available for the current incoming call.

See +CLIP, Calling Line Identification Presentation, in chapter 9, for enable and disabling

this result.

Values: <caller id> Caller identification number

<type> Always 129 for this response

Syntax: Response syntax: +CLIP: <caller id>, <type>

Example Result

+CLIP: 18005551212,129

Note: Incoming call from 1-800-555-1212, type always equals 129.

Incoming Message Directly Displayed +CMT

Description: This response indicates that an incoming message has been received and according to the

message storage preferences (+CNMI), is to be directly displayed.

Values: <oa> Originator Address.

<scts> Service Center Time Stamp in string format : "yy/MM/dd,hh :mm :ss±zz"

(Year/Month/Day, Hour: Min: Seconds ± Time Zone)

<tooa> Type-of-Address of <oa>

<lass <lang> Language

> 0 – Normal 1 – Interactive

1 – Interactive2 – Urgent3 – Emergency

<cbn> Call Back Number

The number of characters in the following <data> field

<data> Message contents

Syntax: Response syntax: +CMT: <oa>, <scts>, <tooa>, <lang>, <encod>, <priority> [,<cbn>],

<le><length> <CR><LF> <data> (text mode)

Example Result

+CMT: "123456", "98/10/01,12:3000+00",129,1,2,0, "5550000",5<CR><LF>

Hello

Note: Incoming message received

Incoming Message Stored in Memory +CMTI

Description: This response indicates that an incoming message has been received and according to the

message storage preferences (+CNMI), is to be stored in memory.

Value: <mem> NVRAM storage area (always "MT" for this response)

<index> location of message within storage area

Syntax: Response syntax: +CMTI: <mem>,<index>

+CMTI: "MT",5

Note: Incoming message received and stored in "MT" memory at index 5

Mode Preference +COPS

Description: This response indicates that a change in mode preference has taken place. See +COPS,

Mode Preferences, in chapter 6 for information about Changing Mode Preference.

Values: <mode> (For System Determination 2.0)

0: Automatic.

1: CDMA only.

2: CDMA or AMPS only.

3: Analog only.

<term>

0: Permanent – this mode persists until another +COPS command is issued

1: Power cycle – this mode persists until power cycle is performed

Syntax: Response syntax: +COPS: <mode>,<term>

Example Result

+COPS:0,0

Note: Unsolicited +COPS result confirms Automatic mode is requested.

+COPS:2,0

Note: Unsolicited +COPS result confirms CDMA or AMPS only mode is requested.

Registration & Roaming +CREG

Description: This response indicates the current state of roaming. See +COPS, Mode Preferences, in

chapter 6 for information about Changing Mode Preference

Values: <stat>

0: not registered, MS is not currently searching for a new operator.

1: registered, home network.

2: not registered, MS currently searching for a base station.

4: unknown.

5: registered, roaming

Syntax: Response syntax: +CREG: <stat>

Example Result

+CREG: 1

Note: Modem has found the home network and is registered.

Incoming Call +CRING

Description: This response indicates an incoming call. See +CRC, Cellular Result Codes, in chapter 10

for information about enabling this result.

Values: <type>

VOICE: normal voice call DATA: all types of data calls FAX: all types of fax calls

OTAPA: over the air parameter administration call

TEST: markov, loopback, or test call

Syntax: Response syntax: +CRING: <Type>

+CREG: VOICE

Note: Incoming normal voice call.

RxLev Indication +CSQ

Description: This response is used to return information that has been requested by the +CCED AT

command. Refer to the +CCED AT command in chapter 14 (Cell Environment and RxLev

Indication) for command usage information.

Values: <rssi>:

0-31: Valid value ranges. Exact meaning of the value shall be manufacturer defined.

The lowest value is 0 and the highest is 31.

99: Represents signal quality unknown.

<fer>:

99: Not known or not detectable Currently always returns 99.

Syntax: Response syntax: +CSQ: <rssi>,<fer>

+CSQ: 29, 99

Note: RSSI notification

Incoming Call +RING

Description: This response indicates an incoming call.

Syntax: Response syntax: +RING

Example Result

+RING +RING

Note: Incoming Call

Call Answered +WANS

Description: This response indicates that a voice call has been answered.

Values: <call type>

0: incoming call

1: outgoing call answered by other party (only available on networks supporting

answering supervision for payphone applications)

Syntax: Response syntax: +WANS:<call type>

Command	Possible Responses	
ATA	+RING	
	OK	
	+WANS:0	
	Note: Incoming call answered	
	+WCNT:3	

Call Connected +WCNT

Description: This unsolicited command indicates that an incoming or outgoing voice call has been

connected into a traffic channel state. If the service option is not available, +WCNT: will

output "NULL".

Values: <so> Service option of call.

Speech: 3, 17, 32768 Loopback: 2, 9, 55 OTAPA: 18, 19

Position Determination: 35, 36

Syntax: Response syntax: +WCNT: <so>

Command	Possible Responses
ATD18005551212;	OK +WORG:18005551212 +WCNT:3 Note: Call Connected with service option 3

Call Ended +WEND

Description: This response indicates that a voice call or attempt to establish a voice call has ended.

Values (for WISMO Quik 24xx):

<reason>

- 0: Phone is offline
- 20: Phone is CDMA locked
- 21: Phone has no service
- 22: Call Faded/Dropped
- 23: Received Intercept from Base Station
- 24: Received Reorder from Base Station
- 25: Received a Release from Base Station (This is a normal call termination).
- 26: Service Option rejected by Base Station
- 27: Received Incoming Call
- 28: Received an alert stop from Base Station
- 29: Software ended the call (Normal release).
- 30: Received End Activation OTASP calls only.
- 31: Internal Software aborted the origination/call.
- 32: Maximum Access probes exhausted (The modem failed to contact the Base Station)
- 34: RUIM not present

35: Origination already in progress

36: General Access Failure

37: Received retry order (IS-2000 only).

Syntax: Response syntax: +WEND: <reason>

Command	Possible Responses
ATD18005551212;	OK +WORG:18005551212
	+WCNT:3 OK
ATH	+WEND:29
	Note: Call Ended with a normal release
ATD18005551212;	OK
	+WORG:18005551212
	+WEND:22
	Note: Call failed because the signal faded.

Feature Notification Message +WFNM

Description: This response displays a broadcast message that the carrier may send to all mobiles in an

emergency. This event is required for CDMA specifications.

Syntax: Response Syntax: +WFNM="<message>"

Command	Possible Responses
	+WFNM="Help, I have fallen and I can't get up!"

Flash Indication +WFSH

Description: This response confirms that a flash has been sent to the base station. See +WFSH

command, Chapter 9, for more information on using flash commands.

Syntax: Response Syntax: +WFSH

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WFSH	OK
	+WFSH

General Indicator +WIND

Description:

This is a general mechanism to send unsolicited non-standardized indications to the application. The identified unsolicited non-standardized indications are:

- Indication during mobile originated call setup that the calling party is ringing.
- Indication of the availability of the product to receive AT commands after boot.

The +WIND is overloaded with two functionalities:

- 1) posts non-standardized indications and
- 2) allows the user to specify indication level. For each of these indications, a "bit flow" has to be indicated.

Values: <IndLevel>

1 (bit-0): R-UIM Presence **2** (bit-1): Reserved 4 (bit-2): Reserved **8** (bit-3): Indication that the product is ready to process all AT commands **16** (bit-4): Reserved Reserved **32** (bit-5): **64** (bit-6): Network service available indication **128** (bit-7): Network lost indication 256 (bit-8): Reserved **512** (bit-9): Reserved **1024** (bit-10): Corrupted RF calibration values (checksum mismatch)

Note 1: If <IndLevel> is equal to 0, no unsolicited "+WIND: <IndNb>" will occur.

Note 2: If <IndLevel> bit 10 is set, the modem will transition to OFFLINE mode.

A combination (addition of the values) is used to allow more than one indication flow. $0 \le Ind$ d Level ¡Ü 2047 For example: 128 (network lost indication) + 64 (network service available indication) = 192.

The response is OK if the values are in the previous range.

The unsolicited response will then be: +WIND : <event>

Example Result +WIND:8 Note: General indication that AT commands are ready to be accepted

The supported events are:

<event>

- 0: R-UIM not present
 1: R-UIM present
 2: Reserved
 4: Reserved
 16: Reserved
- 32: Reserved64: The network service is available for an emergency call.
- **128**: The network is lost.
- 256: Reserved512: Reserved
- **1024**: Corrupted RF calibration values (checksum mismatch)

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WIND=<IndLevel>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WIND?	WIND: 8
	OK
Note: Show current setting.	Note: Default 8. (9 if RUIM is present)
AT+WIND=?	+WIND: (0-2047)
Note: Show <indlevel> range.</indlevel>	OK
AT+WIND=128	OK
Note: Turn on Network lost indication only.	Note: Command accepted.

Call Originated +WORG

Description: This response indicates that an attempt to establish a voice call has occurred.

Syntax: Response Syntax: +WORG: <number>

Response Syntax: Works: Humber	
Command	Possible Responses
ATD1800555121	OK
2;	+WORG:18005551212
	+WCNT:3
	OK

Note: <number> is the dialing string sent to the base station. You may see extra numbers before the intended dialing string, this is a result of pre-pended numbers or other call options such as +CLIR.

Call Privacy Indication +WPRV

Description: This response confirms that the call privacy level has changed during a call.

Syntax: Response Syntax: +WPRV: <prv>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WPRV=1	OK
	+WPRV: 1

<prv>

0: Indicates normal privacy1: Indicates enhanced privacy

Roaming Indication +WROM

Description: This response indicates that the roaming status has changed.

Syntax: Response Syntax: +WROM: <roam>

Command	Possible Responses
	+WROM:1

<roam>

0: Home.

1: Roam Icon ON (affiliated network)

2: Roam Icon Blink (foreign network)

The following values apply to enhanced roaming:

3: Out of Neighborhood

4: Out of Building

5: Roaming - Preferred System

6: Roaming - Available System

7: Roaming - Alliance Partner

8: Roaming - Premium Partner

9: Roaming - Full Service Functionality

10: Roaming - Partial Service Functionality

11: Roaming Banner On

12: Roaming Banner Off

13 - 63: Reserved for Standard Enhanced Roaming Indicator Numbers

64 – 127: Reserved for Non-Standard Enhanced Roaming Indicator Numbers

128 - 255: Reserved

Emergency Mode +WSOS

Description:

This unsolicited command indicates a change in the status of Emergency Mode has taken place. In the event that Emergency Mode is entered as the result of an emergency call, this response will be sent to indicate that the modem is now in emergency mode. After this point, to exit the modem out of Emergency Mode, an AT+WSOS or AT+COPS command must be sent, which will result in a +WSOS response to confirm that Emergency Mode has been exited. See +WSOS, section for more information about Emergency Mode.

Values:

The parameters values are the following ones:

<flag>

0: Emergency Mode Exited1: Emergency Mode Entered

Syntax:

Response Syntax: +WSOS: <flaq>

Command	Possible Responses
ATD911;	OK
Note: Make emergency call	+WSOS:1
	+WORG:911
	Note: Unsolicited +WSOS result confirms
	Emergency Mode is entered
AT+WSOS	OK
Note: Exit Emergency Mode	+WSOS:0
	Note: Unsolicited +WSOS result confirms
	Emergency Mode is exited
AT+COPS=0,0	OK
Note: While in Emergency Mode, the mode	+WSOS:0
preference is changed, resulting in Emergency	+COPS:0,0
Mode being exited	Note: Unsolicited +WSOS result confirms emergency mode exited and unsolicited +COPS result confirms Automatic mode is requested

Current NAM Change +WNAM

Description: This response indicates that the current NAM has changed.

Syntax: Response Syntax: +WNAM: <nam>

Command	Possible Responses
	+WNAM:2

<nam>

1: NAM 1 2: NAM 2 3: NAM 3 4: NAM 4

Voice Mail Indicator +WVMI

Description: This response indicates the status of the Voicemail Inbox.

Syntax: Response syntax: +WVMI: <LineId>,<Num>

Command	Possible Responses
	+WVMI: 1,2 OK Note: 2 messages are in your voicemail box.

SMS Message Storage Full +WMGF

Description: This response indicates that the SMS Service Center has attempted to send an SMS

message but it was rejected because SMS Message Storage is Full. No new SMS messages will be received until some room is created by deleting old messages from SMS

storage. Message deletion can be done using AT+CMGD.

Values: <LineId>

1: Line 1

<Num>

The number of messages waiting in the inbox. Maximum value is 99.

0: No message waiting.

1: One message is waiting

3: Three messages are waiting

Example:

AT+CPHS? Interrogate the status of CPHS functionality +CPHS: 1,0 The voice mail indicator functionality is deactivated

OK

AT+CPHS=3,1 Syntax error

+CME ERROR: 3

AT+CPHS=1,1 Activate the voice mail indicator functionality

OK

AT+CPHS? Interrogate the status of CPHS functionality +CPHS: 1,1 The voice mail indicator functionality is activated

OK

**** the message box contains 1 message *****

+WVMI: 1,1 A message is waiting on Line 1

AT+CPHS=2,1 Interrogate the status of voice mail indicator functionality

OK

+WVMI: 1,1 A message is waiting on LINE 1

AT+CPHS? Interrogate the status of CPHS functionality +CPHS: 1,1 The voice mail indicator functionality is activated

OK

Syntax: Response Syntax: +WMGF

Example Result

+WMGF

Note: Incoming message rejected. Message center notified with "out of resources" message. Message center will attempt to re-send the message at a later time.

Power Save +WSPS

Description: This response is output whenever a change occurs in the power save status. The +WSPS

command can also be used to exit power save mode.

Note: This response is not used in Verizon software versions.

Syntax: Response Syntax: +WSPS: <state>

Command	Possible responses
	+WSPS: 1
	Note: Entering power save mode.
AT+WSPS	OK
	+WSPS: 0
Note: Send command to leave power save mode.	Note: Command accepted.
AT+WSPS?	+WSPS: 0
	OK
Note: Display current power mode state.	Note: Leaving power save mode.

<state>

0: Leaving power save

1: Entering power save

CHAPTER 4 - GENERAL COMMANDS

Request Revision Identification +CGMR

Description: This command is used to display the operating software version.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CGMR

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CGMR	+CGMR: S/W VER: WISMOQ WQ1.1 Mar 20 2002 17:30:00 OK
Note: Get software version	Note: Software Version WISMOQ, revision WQ1.1 generated on the March 20th. 2002 at 17:30:00

Electronic Serial Number +CGSN

Description: This command allows the user application to get the ESN of the product. The ESN value is

displayed in hexadecimal format.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CGSN

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CGSN	+CGSN: FE7A7704
	OK
Note: Get the ESN	Note: ESN read from NV

Select TE Character Set +CSCS

Description: This command informs the MS which character set is in use by the TE. The MS uses this

information to convert each character of entered or displayed text data. The character set is

used for send, read or write of short messages.

Values: <Character Set>

"CDMA" CDMA default (ASCII) character set.

"CUST" Custom character set.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CSCS=<Character Set>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CSCS="CDMA"	OK
Note: CDMA default alphabet	Note: Command valid
AT+CSCS?	+CSCS: "CDMA"
Note: Custom character set	OK
	Note: Command valid
AT+CSCS=?	+CSCS: ("CDMA","CUST")
	OK
Note: Get possible values	Note: Possible values

Request IMSI +CIMI

Description: This command is used to read and identify the IMSI (International Mobile Subscriber

Identity) of the modem. The PIN may need to be entered using the CPIN command before

reading the IMSI.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CIMI

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CIMI Note: Read the IMSI	+CIMI: 310008585551212 OK Note: IMSI value (15 digits)

Capabilities List +GCAP

Description: This command gets the complete list of capabilities.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+GCAP

Command	Possible Responses
AT+GCAP Note: Get capabilities list	+GCAP: +CGSM, +CIS707-A, +MS, +ES, +DS, +FCLASS OK

Repeat Last Command A/

Description: This command repeats the previous command. Only the A/ command itself cannot be

repeated.

Syntax: Command syntax: A/

Command	Possible Responses
A/	
Note: Repeat last command	

Phone Offline +CPOF

Description: This command sends all CDMA software stack tasks offline. AT command can still be

received, however, there is no RF functionality. The AT+CFUN=0 command is equivalent to

+CPOF.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CPOF

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CPOF	+CPOF:
Note: Stop CDMA stack	OK Note: Commond valid
	Note: Command valid

Set Phone Functionality +CFUN

Description: This command selects the mobile station's level of functionality. AT+CFUN=0 is equivalent

to AT+CPOF

The AT+CFUN=1 (by default, AT+CFUN will act the same as AT+CFUN=1) command restarts the entire CDMA stack and CDMA functionality: **a complete software reset is performed**. In addition, the OK response will be sent at the last baud rate defined by the

+IPR command.

Values: <functionality level>

0: Set the phone to OFFLINE mode.

1: Set the phone to ONLINE mode and resets the stet.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CFUN=<functionality level>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CFUN?	+CFUN: 1
Note: Ask for current functionality level	OK
·	Note: Full functionality
AT+CFUN=0	OK
Note: Set phone offline	Note: Command valid
AT+CFUN=1	OK
Note: Set phone ONLINE. A software reset is performed.	Note: Command valid

Phone Activity Status +CPAS

Description: This command returns the activity status of the mobile equipment.

Values <pas>

0: ready (allow commands from TA/TE)1: unavailable (does not allow commands)

2: unknown

3 ringing (ringer is active)

4: call in progress

5: asleep (low functionality)

6: corrupted RF calibration values (checksum mismatch)

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CPAS

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CPAS	+CPAS: <pas></pas>
Note: Current activity status	OK

Report Mobile Equipment Errors +CMEE

Description: This command disables or enables the use of the "+CME ERROR: <xxx>" or "+CMS

ERROR :<xxx>" result code instead of simply "ERROR". See chapter 20 (MS Error Result Codes) for +CME ERROR result codes description and chapter 20 (Message Service Failure

Result Codesfor +CMS ERROR result codes.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CMEE=<error reporting flag>

Command Cyntax: 711 CMEE Control reporting mag	
Command	Possible Responses
AT+CMEE=0	OK
Note: Disable MS error reports, use only « ERROR »	
AT+CMEE=1	OK
Note: Enable «+CME ERROR: <xxx>» or «+CMS ERROR: <xxx>»</xxx></xxx>	

Keypad Control +CKPD

Description: This command emulates the MS keypad by sending each keystroke as a character in a

<keys> string.

If emulation fails, a +CME ERROR: <err> is returned. If emulation succeeds, the result depends on the CDMA sequence activated: <keys>: string of the following characters (0-

9,*,#).

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CKPD=<keys>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CKPD="*#21#"	OK
Note: Key sequence allowed	
AT+CKPD=1234	+CME ERROR 3
Note: Sequence not allowed	

Clock Management +CCLK

Description: This command is used to set or get the current date and time of the MS real-time clock.

String format for date/time is: "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss".

Valid years are 98 (for 1998) to 97 (for 2097). The seconds field is not mandatory.

Default date/time is "98/01/01,00:00:00" (January, 1998 / midnight).

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CCLK=<date and time string>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CCLK="00/06/09,17:33:00" Note: set date to June , 2000, and time to 5:33pm	OK or ERROR Note: Date/Time stored – ERROR returned when RTC not enabled
AT+CCLK="00/13/13,12:00:00" Note: Incorrect month entered	+CME ERROR 3
AT+CCLK? Note: Get current date and time	+CCLK: "00/06/09,17:34:23" Note: current date is June 9, 2000 current time is 5:34:23 pm – network time if available, otherwise calculated based on previous network time if available, otherwise ERROR.

Ring Melody Playback +CRMP

Description:

This command causes a melody to be played. The specified melody will playback in an endless loop until stopped with another +CRMP command. All melodies are manufacturer defined. Up to ten manufacturer-defined melodies can be available for individual playback. **Note:** Looped melodies must be stopped by a +CRMP command with the <index> field set to 0 (example: +CRMP=0,..0).

When the +CRMP command is performed, the <volume> parameter overwrites the <sound level> value of the +CRSL command.

Values: <call type>

0: Incoming voice call1: Incoming data call2: Incoming fax call

3: Incoming short message (SMS)

<volume>

0: Min volume (mute)1: Default volume4: Max volume

<type>

0: Manufacturer Defined (default)

<index>

0: Stop Melody Playback

1-10 Melody ID for voice/data/fax call type (default:1)

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CRMP=<call type>[,<volume>,<type>,<index>]

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CRMP=0,2,0,2 Note: Play voice call	OK Note: Melody Playback.
melody index 2 with volume level 2.	
AT+CRMP=0,,,0	OK
Note: Stop the melody.	Note: The melody is stopped.
AT+CRMP=?	+CRMP: (0-3),(0-4),(0-0),(0-10)
Note: supported parameters	OK

Ringer Sound Level +CRSL

Description: This command is used to set/get the sound level of the ringer on incoming calls.

Values: <sound level>

0: Min volume (muted)1: Default volume4: Max volume

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CRSL=<sound Level>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CRSL=0	OK
Note: Set volume to Min (muted).	Note: Current ring playing is muted.
AT+CRSL=4	OK
Note: Set volume to Max.	Note: Current ring playing with Max. volume.
AT+CRSL?	CRSL:4
	OK
Note: Get current ringer sound level	Note: Current level is 4
AT+CRSL=4	CRSL: (0-4)
Note: Supported parameters	OK

Subscriber Number +CNUM

Description: This command is used to return the subscriber MSISDN. If the subscriber has different

MSISDNs for different services, each MSISDN is returned on a separate line.

Values: <alphax> optional alphanumeric string associated with <numberx>

<numberx> string type phone number with format as specified by <typex> <typex> type of address byte in integer format – only supports 129

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CNUM

Response syntax: +CNUM: <alpha1>, <number1>, <type1>, <CR><LF>+CNUM: <alpha2>,

<number2>, <type2> ...

Hamborz , typoz	
Command	Possible Responses
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
AT+CNUM	+CNUM: "Phone", "8585551212", 129
Note: Cat MCICDNI	,
Note: Get MSISDN	Note: MSISDNs
AT+CNUM=?	+CNUM:
ALL CITOM .	
	OK

Select Type of Address +CSTA

Description: This command is used to select the type of phone address to use.

Values: <typex> type of address byte in integer format – only supports 129

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CSTA=<typex>

Command	Possible Responses	
AT+CSTA?	+CSTA: 129	
Note: Get type of address	Note: Local Number format	
AT+CSTA=?	+CSTA: (129-129)	
Note: Get supported address types	OK	

View Modem Timers +WTMR

Description: This command is used to read the modem's accumulated internal timers. These timers

include Uptime, Call Time, Call Count, and Last Call Time. Uptime is the number of seconds the modem has been running since boot-up. Call Time is the total number of seconds the modem has been in a call since manufacture (Voice, Data, Fax, OTASP, and CDMA Test Calls; but SMS is not included). Call count is the total number of calls made since manufacture. Last Call Time returns the time of the most recent call in seconds. It is not stored in NV and is initialized to zero on boot-up. The range of all returned timer items is 0 to

4294967295 (136 years).

Values: <Uptime> seconds since modem boot-up

<Call Time> total call seconds since modem manufacture (excluding SMS)

<Call Count> total calls made since modem manufacture <Last Call Time> time of the most recent call in seconds

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WTMR

Response syntax: +WTMR: <Uptime>, <Call Time>, <Call Count>, <Last Call Time>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WTMR Note: Display modem timers	+WTMR: 1029, 45670,289, 85 OK Note: Uptime = 1029 seconds Call Time = 45670 seconds Call Count = 289 calls Last Call Time = 85 seconds

Modem Serial Number +WMSN

Description: This command allows the user application to get the serial number of the modem.

Values: The serial number is fifteen digits in length and structured as follows. Each X represents a

digit of the serial number.

Modem Type Year Built Week Built Unit Number Bench Number Part Number

XX X XX XXXXX XX XXX

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WMSN

Command Syntax. 711 · Villon		
Command	Possible Responses	
AT+WMSN	+WMSN: 123456789012345	
	OK	
Note: Get the modem SN	Note: SN read from NV memory	

CHAPTER 5 - CALL CONTROL COMMANDS

Dial Command D

Description:

The ATD command is used to originate a voice, data or fax call. The dial command also controls supplementary services.

For a data or a fax call, the application sends the following ASCII string to the product:

ATD<nb> where <nb> is the destination phone number.

Note: ATD<nb> is followed by PPP negotiation.

For a **voice call**, the application sends the following ASCII string to the product: **ATD<nb>**; where <nb> is the dialing string or destination phone number, followed a semicolon ";". The dialing string may only contain characters "0-9","#","*" only. Note that some countries may have specific numbering rules for their CDMA handset numbering.

The response to the ATD command is one of the following:

Verbose Result Code	Numeric Code (with ATV0 set)	Description
OK	0	Command executed (voice)
CONNECT <speed></speed>	10,11,12,13,14,15	If the call succeeds, for data calls only, <speed> takes</speed>
		the value negotiated by the product.
BUSY	7	If the called party is already in communication,
NO ANSWER	8	If no hang up is detected after a fixed network time-out
NO CARRIER	3	Call setup failed or remote user release.
NO DIALTONE	6	Voice call with missing ";"

Direct Dial Syntax:

Command syntax: ATD<nb>[;]

Command Command	Possible Responses
ATD18005551212; Note: Attempt a voice call.	OK Note: Command executed +WORG:18005551212 Note: Voice call origination sent to Base Station with dial string "18005551212".
	+WCNT: 9 Note: Call Connected, CDMA traffic channel established with service option 9. You can now hear audio of the calling party's phone ringing. However, this event does not means the other calling party has answered.
ATD5551212; Note: Example of a failed voice call attempt.	OK Note: Command executed +WORG:5551212 Note: Voice call origination sent to Base Station with dialing string "5551212". +WEND: 3
	Note: Call Attempt failed/ended. Reason 3, signal faded.

Dialing from a phonebook entry (stored in the RUIM card or NV) can be performed with the following commands:

ATD><index>; Call <index> from the +CPBS selected phonebook.

ATD>"Bill"; Call "Bill" from the +CPBS selected phonebook.

ATD><mem><index>; <mem> is a +CPBS=? listed phonebook and <index> is a valid I location within the phonebook

Note: A semicolon must be used at the end of the AT command to signal phonebook dialing. Otherwise, the command will result in an error.

Phonebook

Syntax:

Command syntax: ATD><index>[;]

ATD>[<mem>]<name>[;] ATD>[<mem>]<index>[;]

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CPBS?	+CPBS: ME,11,100
Note: Which phonebook is selected.	OK
	Note: Command executed
ATD>5;	OK
Note: Dial location #5 from ME	Note: Command executed
phonebook.	+WORG:5551212
	Note: Voice call origination sent to Base Station with dialing
	string "5551212".
	+WEND: 3
	Note: Call Attempt failed/ended. Reason 3, signal faded.
ATD: OMOOO	See Chapter 14, Unsolicited Commands.
ATD>SM202;	OK Natar Command arrantad
Note: Dial location 202 from the	Note: Command executed
SM(RUIM card) phonebook.	+WORG:5551212
	Note: Voice call origination sent to Base Station with dialing string "5551212".
	+WEND: 3
	Note: Call Attempt failed/ended. Reason 3, signal faded.
	See Chapter 14 on Unsolicited commands.
ATD>"Bill";	OK
Note: This command is NOT valid for	Note: Command executed
MC, RC, and LD phonebooks as they	+WORG:5551212
are supported in CDMA networks	

Note: When the FD facility is enabled, only the numbers in the FDN phonebook can be called. For example, if "014629" is present in the FD phonebook, the command ATD014629; will be successful. Data calls are not allowed when the FD facility is enabled.

Hang-Up Command H

Description:

The ATH (or ATH0) command is used by the application to disconnect the remote user. In the case of multiple calls, all calls are released (active, on-hold and waiting calls).

The specific ATH1 command has been appended to disconnect the current outgoing call, only in dialing or alerting state (i.e. ATH1 can be used only after the ATD command, and before its terminal response (OK, NO CARRIER, ...). It can be useful in the case of multiple calls.

Syntax:

Command syntax: ATH

Command	Possible Responses
ATH	OK
Note: Ask for disconnection	+WEND: 10
	Note: Every call, if any, is released
ATH1	ERROR
Note: Ask for outgoing call	+WEND: 10
disconnection	Note: Outgoing call, if any, is released

Answer a Call A

Description: When the product receives a call, it sets the Ringlnd signal and sends the ASCII "RING" or

"+CRING: <type>" string to the application (+CRING if the cellular result code +CRC is enabled). Then it waits for the application to accept the call with the ATA command.

Syntax: Command syntax: ATA

Command	Possible Responses
	RING
	Note: Incoming call
ATA	+WANS:0
Note: Answer to this incoming call	+WCNT: 10
_	Note: Call accepted
ATH	OK
Note: Disconnect call	+WEND: 10
	Note: Call disconnected

Remote Disconnection

Description: A message is used by the product to inform the application that the remote user has

released an active call. The product sends +WEND: <result code> to the application. The DCD signal may be set based upon the AT&C2 setting for packet calls. See chapter

3, Unsolicited Results for more information on the +WEND command.

Extended Error Report +CEER

Description: This command gives the cause of any general call processing error or malfunction. See

Chapter 20, Extended Error Report.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CEER

Command	Possible Responses
ATD18005551212;	OK
	+WORG:18005551212 +WCNT:3
	TWOITT.5
ATD1234567;	ERROR
Note: Outgoing voice call while already in a call	Note: Call setup failure
AT+CEER	+CEER: Error 2
	OK
	Note: Operation not allowed when call in progress
AT+CEER	+CEER : Error <x></x>
	OK
Note: Ask for reason of release	Note: <x>is the cause information element values</x>

DTMF Signals +VTD, +VTS

+VTD

Description: The product enables the user application to send DTMF tones over the CDMA network. This

command is used to define tone duration (the default value is 0,0). To define this duration,

the application uses: AT+VTD=<on>,<off>.

Values: <on> on tone duration

0: 95 milliseconds

1: 150 milliseconds

2: 200 milliseconds

3: 250 milliseconds

4: 300 milliseconds

5: 350 milliseconds

<off> off tone duration

0: 60 milliseconds

1: 100 milliseconds

2: 150 milliseconds

q3: 200 milliseconds

+VTD Syntax: Command syntax: AT+VTD=<on>,<off>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+VTD=4,3	OK
Note: To define 300 ms on tone duration and 200 ms off tone duration.	Note: Command valid
AT+VTD=?	+VTD: (0-5), (0-3)
Note: Display valid parameter ranges.	OK

+VTS

Description: The product supports the ability of the user application to send burst DTMF tones over the

CDMA network. This command enables the transmission of burst DTMF tones. To transmit DTMF tones (only when there is an active call), the application uses: AT+VTS=<Tone>

where <Tone> is in $\{0-9,*,\#\}$.

+VTS Syntax: Command syntax: AT+VTS=<Tone>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+VTS=#	OK Note: Command valid
AT+VTS=11	OK
AT+VTS=4	OK

Informative Example: To send tone sequence 13#, the application sends: AT+VTS=13#

DTMF START and STOP Continuous +WSDT, +WSDS

Description: Starts and stops a continuous DTMF tone while in a call state (conversation).

Values: <X>: (0-9, #,*)

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WSDT=<X>

Command	Possible Responses	
AT+WSDT=2	OK	
	Starts DTMF tone	
AT+WSDS	OK	
	Stops DTMF tone	

Redial Last Telephone Number DL

Description: This command is used by the application to redial the last number used in an ATD

commanded voice call. The ATDL command causes the last voice call number to be redialed. The phonebook is not referenced for the redial. Data call numbers are not

supported by this command; only voice call numbers.

Syntax: Command syntax: ATDL

Command	Possible Responses
ATDL	OK
Note: Redial last number	+WORG: 8585551212
	Note: Last call was a voice call. Command valid

Automatic Dialing with DTR %Dn

Description: This command enables and disables the automatic sending of the short message (SMS)

stored in the first location. The number is dialed and then short message is sent when DTR

OFF switches ON.

Values: <n> (0-2) Enable or disable automatic message transmission or number dialing.

Informs the product that the number is a voice rather than a fax or data number.

AT%D0 Disables automatic DTR number dialing / message transmission.

AT%D1 Currently not implemented.

AT%D2 Activates automatic DTR message transmission if DTR switches from OFF to

ON.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT%D<n>

Command Cymaxi 7 (705)		
Command	Possible Responses	
AT%D2	OK	
Note: Activates DTR short message sending	Note: Command has been executed	

Automatic Answer S0

Description: This S0 (zero) register parameter determines and controls the product automatic answering

mode.

Values: <value> (0-255)

0: No automatic answer.

1 – 255: Answers after the specified number of rings.

Syntax: Command syntax: ATS0=<value>

Command	Possible Responses
ATS0=2	OK
Note: Automatic answer after 2 rings	
ATS0?	002
	OK
Note: Current value	Note: always 3 characters padded with zeros
ATS0=0	OK
Note: No automatic answer	Note: Command valid

Other S-parameter registers are implemented. See Chapter 17, Basic S-Registers.

Incoming Call Bearer +CICB

Description: This specific command is used to set the type of incoming calls when no incoming bearer is

given (see +CSNS). The setting the +CICB command affects the current value of +CSNS.

Values: <mode>

0: Data

1: Fax

2: Speech

3: Data once (10 minute timeout)

4: Fax once (10 minute timeout)

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CICB=<mode>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CICB=1	OK
Note: If no incoming bearer,	Note: Command accepted
force a fax call	
AT+CICB=2	OK
Note: If no incoming bearer,	Note: Command accepted
force a voice call	
AT+CICB?	+CICB: 2
Note: Interrogate value	OK
	Note: Default incoming bearer: voice call
AT+CICB=?	+CICB: (0-4)
Note: Test command	OK
	Note: Speech, data or fax default incoming bearer

Single Numbering Scheme +CSNS

Description: This command selects the bearer to be used when an MT single numbering scheme call is

set up (see +CICB, these commands are the same).

Note: The setting the +CSNS command affects the current value of +CICB.

Values: <mode>

0: Data

1: Fax

2: Speech

3: Data once (10 minute timeout)

4: Fax once (10 minute timeout)

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CSNS

Command Symax. At 100N0		
Command	Possible Responses	
AT+CSNS=0	OK	
Note: Force a data call	Note: Command accepted	
AT+CSNS=2	OK	
Note: Force a voice call	Note: Command accepted	
AT+CSNS?	+CSNS: 2	
Note: Interrogate value	OK	
-	Note: Default incoming bearer: voice call	
AT+CSNS=?	+CSNS: (0-4)	
Note: Test command	OK	
	Note: Voice, data or fax default incoming bearer	

Microphone Gain +VGT

Description: This command sets the microphone gain of the current audio path.

Values: <MicGain> value to Microphone relative gain:

AT+VGT Value	Microphone Relative Gain Step (dB)
0	-2
1	+6
2	+8
3	+16

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+VGT=<MicGain>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+VGT=2	OK
	Note: Command valid
AT+VGT?	+VGT: 2
Note: Interrogate value	OK
_	Note: Current value
AT+VGT=?	+VGT : (0-3)
Note: Test command	OK
	Note: Possible values

Volume Gain Control +VGR

Description: This command is used by the application to tune the receive gain of the speaker. If the

modem is in the Idle state, it will generate an audible tone at the selected volume.

Values: < **RGain>** value to Speaker relative gain:

AT+VGR Value	Speaker Relative Gain Step (dB)
0	Mute
1	-23
2	-17
3	-11
4	-5

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+VGR=<Rgain>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+VGR=2	OK
	Note: Command valid
AT+VGR?	+VGR: 2
Note: Interrogate value	OK
_	Note: Current value
AT+VGR=?	+VGR : (0-4)
Note: Test command	OK
	Note: Possible values; default: 3

Microphone Mute Control +CMUT

Description: This command is used to mute the microphone input on the product (for the active

microphone set with the +SPEAKER command). This command is only allowed during a call.

Values: <mode>

0: Microphone mute off (default value).

1: Microphone mute on.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CMUT=<mode>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CMUT=?	+CMUT : (0-1)
	OK
Note: Test command	Note: Enable / disable mute
AT+CMUT?	+CMUT: 0
	OK
Note: Ask for current value	Note: Current value is OFF
AT+CMUT=1	OK
Note: Mute ON (call active)	Note: Command valid
AT+CMUT?	+CMUT : 1
	OK
Note: Ask for current value	Note: Mute is active (call active)
AT+CMUT=0	+CME ERROR: 3
Note: Mute OFF (call not active)	Note: Command not valid

Speaker & Microphone Selection +SPEAKER

Description: This command is used to select the speaker and the microphone set.

Values: <ActiveSpkMic >

0: HEADSET 1: HANDSET

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+SPEAKER=<ActiveSpkMic>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+SPEAKER=1 Note: Speaker ONE and Micro ONE	OK Note: Command valid
AT+SPEAKER?	+SPEAKER: 1
	OK Note: Speaker ONE and Micro ONE are active.

Echo Cancellation +ECHO

Description: This command is used to enable, disable or configure the Echo Cancellation functions for

voice calls (in rooms, in cars, etc.). The +SPEAKER function automatically sets echo cancellation based upon handset or headset choice and this command allows non-standard

operation.

Values: <mode>

0: Vocoder Echo Cancellation Off1: Ear Seal Echo Cancellation

2: Head Set Echo Cancellation

3: AEC

4: Speaker Echo Cancellation for car kit operation

5: Default Echo Cancellation for current path settings

Syntax: Command syntax:_AT+ECHO= <mode>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+ECHO?	+ECHO: 0
Note: Read current settings	OK
AT+ECHO=0	OK
Note: Set Echo Cancellation Off	
AT+ECHO=1	OK
Note: Set Echo Cancellation to Ear Seal	
AT+ECHO=2	OK
Note: Set Echo Cancellation to Headset	
AT+ECHO=4	OK
Note: Set Echo Cancellation to Handset	

Side Tone Modification +SIDET

Description: This command is used to set the level of audio feedback in the speaker (microphone

feedback in the speaker).

Values: <val1>

0: Sidetone is disabled

1: Sidetone is enabled

<val2>

0: No side tone

1: Handset Sidetone levels

2: Headset Sidetone levels

3: Max Sidetone level

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+SIDET=<val1>,<val2>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+SIDET=1,0	OK Note: Command valid
AT+SIDET? Note: Current value	+SIDET: 1,0 OK Note: Command valid

Initialize Voice Parameters +VIP

Description: This command allows voice parameters to be restored from NV memory.

Values: Gain controls are restored (+VGT and +VGR)

Voice path selection is restored (+SPEAKER) Echo cancellation is restored (+ECHO)

Sidetone values are restored (+SIDET)

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+VIP

Command	Possible Responses
AT+VIP	OK Note: Command valid

TTY Mode +WTTY

Description: This command enables TTY mode on the headset audio path. The modem must be in a

voice call to set this command, and when the call ends it goes back to standard audio mode.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WTTY

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WTTY	OK
	Note: Command valid

CHAPTER 6 - NETWORK SERVICE COMMANDS

Signal Quality +CSQ

Description: This command is used to ascertain the received signal strength indication (<rssi>) and the

channel frame error rate (<fer>). The exact meaning of the SQM (RSSI) value is

manufacturer defined.

Note: See Chapter 24 for Sprint® specific version of this command.

Values: <rssi>:

0-31: Valid value ranges.

255: Represents an unknown signal quality.

<fer>:

99: Not known or not detectable. Currently always returns 99.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CSQ

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CSQ	+CSQ: <rssi>,<fer> OK Note: <rssi> and <fer> as defined below</fer></rssi></fer></rssi>
	Note. 1331 and tell as defined below

Mode Preference +COPS

Description:

The Mode Preference of a CDMA modem governs the basic system acquisition behavior of the MS in conjunction with the PRL (Preferring Roaming List). It's important to note that the PRL takes precedence over mode preference when guiding the phone to a band or system. The PRL must allow a particular band first, before the mode preference can take effect. In other words, a mode preference change is simply a request; the PRL decides whether or not to allow it. After execution of the +COPS command, an unsolicited +COPS: <mode> will follow soon to confirm the new mode selection, but not in all cases. See Unsolicited Result Codes in Chapter 3. All changes to +COPS are automatically saved in NV RAM.

- **Note 1**: AMPS selection is available only in modems that support AMPS mode.
- Note 2: Refer to Chapter 20 for AT commands that are applicable to AMPS operation.
- Note 3: This command is not available in Sprint®. and Verizon. software versions.

Note 4: CDMA Only (<mode> 1) is the only available mode in RUIM software versions. An attempt to select any other mode in RUIM software versions will result in an error return.

Values:

The parameter values are the following ones:

<mode>

- 0: Automatic.
- 1: CDMA Only.
- 2: CDMA or AMPS only.
- 3: Analog only.

<term>

- 0: Permanent this mode persists until another +COPS command is issued
- 1: Power cycle this mode persists until power cycle is performed

Note:

1: AT+COPS by itself is a short-hand equivalent to AT+COPS=0,0.

Syntax: Comn

Command syntax: AT+COPS=<mode>,<term>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0,0
Note: Ask for current Mode Preference	OK
	Note: Automatic mode, use PRL order, Permanent
AT+COPS=?	+COPS: (0-3),(0-1)
	OK
	Note: Modes: Automatic, CDMA Only, CDMA or AMPS
	only; Term: Permanent, Power Cycle.
AT+COPS=0,0	OK
Note: Ask for Automatic mode	+COPS: 0,0
	Note: Unsolicited +COPS result confirms Automatic
	mode, Permanent term is requested.
AT+COPS=1,1	OK
Note: Ask for CDMA Only mode	+COPS: 1,1
	Note: Unsolicited +COPS result confirms CDMA Only
	mode, Power Cycle term is requested.
AT+COPS=2,0	OK
Note: Ask for CDMA or AMPS only mode	
	Note: Unsolicited +COPS result confirms CDMA or
17.0070.00	AMPS only mode, Permanent term is requested.
AT+COPS=3,0	OK
Note: Ask for Analog only mode	+COPS: 3,0
	Note: Unsolicited +COPS result confirms Analog only
	mode, Permanent term is requested.

Band Preference +WBND

Description:

The Band Preference of a CDMA modem governs the basic system acquisition behavior of the MS in conjunction with the mode preference (+COPS) and the PRL (Preferring Roaming List). It's important to note that the PRL takes precedence over band preference when guiding the phone to a band. The PRL must allow a particular band first, before the band preference can take effect. In other words, a band preference change is simply a request; the PRL decides whether or not to allow it. If the setting is accepted by the MS, the value will be written to non-volatile RAM and persist after a power-cycle.

Note 1: This command is not available in Sprint®. and Verizon. software versions.

Note 2: <band> 1 (PCS) is not available in RUIM software versions.

Values:

The parameter values are the following ones:

<band>

- **0**: Any
- 1: PCS
- 2: Cellular A or B
- 3: Cellular A
- 4: Cellular B

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+WBND=<band>

Command Syntax. AT WOND=\band>	
Command	Possible Responses
AT+WBND?	+WBND: 0
Note: Ask for current Band Preference	OK
	Note: Any
AT+WBND=?	+WBND: (0-4)
	OK
	Note: Any, PCS, Cell, Cell A, Cell B
AT+WBND=0	OK
Note: Allow Any Band	

Roam Preference +WRMP

Description:

The Roam Preference of a CDMA modem informs the MS whether it is allowed to roam on foreign CDMA networks or only allow operation on home networks. The determination of what is a foreign or home network is programmed into the PRL (Preferring Roaming List). This command simply enables or disables the capability of the MS to roam, based on the PRL configuration. If the setting is accepted by the MS, the value will be written to non-volatile RAM and persist after a power-cycle. After execution of the +WRMP command, the MS may change roaming states. The unsolicited result +WROM: <mode> will indicate the new state. See Unsolicited Result Codes in Chapter 3.

Note: This command is not available in Sprint®. and Verizon. software versions.

Values:

The parameter values are the following ones:

<mode>

- **0**: Home Networks only, as defined in the PRL (default value)
- 1: Roaming on Affiliated networks, as defined in the PRL
- 2: Roaming on Any Network, as defined in the PRL.

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+WRMP=<mode>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WRMP?	+WRMP: 0
Note: Ask for current Mode	OK
Preference	Note: Home only
AT+WRMP=?	+WRMP: (0-2)
	OK
	Note: Home, Affiliated, Any
AT+WRMP=0	OK
Note: Allow Home only networks	+WROM: 0
	Note: Unsolicited +WROM may or may not appear
	based on current circumstances
AT+WRMP=1	OK
Note: Allow Roaming Affiliated	+WROM: 1
Networks	Note: Unsolicited +WROM may or may not appear
	based on current circumstances
AT+WRMP=2	OK
Note: Allow Roaming on Any	+WRMP: 2
Network	Note: Unsolicited +WROM may or may not appear
	based on current circumstances

Network Registration & Roaming +CREG

Description: This command is used by the application to ascertain the registration and roaming status of

the product.

Note: Also see +WROM unsolicited command for CDMA roaming status.

Values: <mode>

0: Disable network registration unsolicited result code (**default**)

1: Enable network registration unsolicited code result code +CREG: <stat>

<stat>

0: not registered, MS is not currently searching for a new operator.

1: registered, home network.

2: not registered, MS currently searching for a base station.

4: unknown.

5: registered, roaming

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CREG= <mode>

Response syntax: +CREG: <mode>, <stat>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CREG=0	+CREG: 0,1
Note: Disable network registration unsolicited result	OK
code.	Note: Command valid
AT+CREG=1	+CREG: 1,1
Note: Enable network registration unsolicited result	OK
code	Note: Command valid
AT+CREG?	+CREG: 1,5
	OK
	Note: Unsolicited enabled, MS currently roaming.
AT+CREG=?	+CREG: (0-1)
	OK
	Note: 0,1 <mode> values are supported</mode>
Note: Example of the unsolicited result code. MS is	+CREG: 2
searching for a base station.	

Change NAM Selection +WNAM

Description:

This command is used to request a change in the NAM (Number Assignment Modem) selection. The modem supports up to 4 NAMs. However, if a NAM is not fully programmed, the modem will not switch to the requested NAM. The default NAM for the modem is 1. The response to this command is only OK, and is no guarantee that the NAM will change. If the NAM selection request is accepted, the unsolicited command +WNAM: <nam> will be returned. If or when the actual NAM changes, the unsolicited command +WCNM: <nam> will be returned. See Unsolicited Result Codes in Chapter 3.

Values: <nam>

- 1: NAM 1
- 2: NAM 2
- 3: NAM 3
- 4: NAM 4
- 5: Auto NAM

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+WNAM=<nam>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WNAM=2	OK
Note: Use NAM 2, if	+WNAM: 2
programmed	+WCNM: 2
AT+WNAM=3	OK
Note: Use NAM 3, if	Note: No unsolicited response indicates that
programmed	NAM 3 is not valid, thus no change in NAM.
AT+WNAM=5	OK
Note: Try Auto NAM	+WNAM: 5
	+WCNM: 1
	Note: Auto NAM is selected, NAM 1 chosen.
AT+WNAM?	+WNAM: 1
AT+WNAM=?	+WNAM: (1-5)

Read Current NAM +WCNM

Description:

This command is used to read the current NAM (Number Assignment Modem). The modem supports up to 4 NAMs. Also, note that there exists an unsolicited command +WCNM: <nam> that is returned any time the NAM changes. See Unsolicited Result Codes in Chapter 3.

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+WCNM

Command Symax. AT TWCMW	
Command	Possible Responses
AT+WCNM Note: Ask for the current NAM	+WCNM: 1 OK Note: NAM 1 in use

Emergency Mode +WSOS

Description:

In the event of an emergency call, the modem will automatically put itself into emergency mode. After the call has ended and/or emergency mode is no longer desired, this command must be sent to exit the modem out of emergency mode.

Note: Changing the mode preference using +COPS while emergency mode is in effect will exit the modem out of Emergency Mode.

Note: For RUIM capable modems, the emergency numbers 110, 112, 119, and 120 are also supported by the modem software in addition to 911.

Values:

The parameters values are the following ones:

<flag>

0: Exit Emergency Mode

1: Manually enter Emergency Mode (not supported)

Note: 1: AT+WSOS by itself is a short-hand equivalent to AT+WSOS=0.

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+WSOS=<flag>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WSOS?	+WSOS: 1
Note: Ask for current Emergency Mode status	OK
AT+WSOS=?	+WSOS: (0-0)
	OK
AT+WSOS	OK
Note: Exit Emergency Mode.	+WSOS:0
Note2: This is the same as AT+WSOS=0	Note: Unsolicited +WSOS result confirms Emergency
	Mode exit
AT+WSOS=0	OK
Note: Exit Emergency Mode.	+WSOS:0
	Note: Unsolicited +WSOS result confirms Emergency
	Mode exit
AT+WSOS=1	ERROR
Note: Try to manually enter Emergency Mode.	Note: This is not allowed. Emergency Mode will only be
This is not allowed.	entered as a result of an emergency call
ATD911;	+WSOS: 1
Note: Emergency Mode entered as the result	+WORG: 911
of an emergency call	
AT+COPS=0,0	+WSOS: 0
Note: Changing the mode preference while in	+COPS: 0,0
Emergency Mode, will result in Emergency	Note: An unsolicited response for both +WSOS and
Mode being exited	+COPS are returned when mode preference is changed
	while in Emergency Mode.

Extended Roam Indication +WRMW

Description: This command is used to suppress output of non-standard Extended Roam Indicators (64

through 127) that are displayed by the +WROM unsolicited response. This setting is written

to NV and is persistent across resets.

Note: This command is not available in Sprint®. and Verizon®. software versions.

Values: <value>

0: Suppress output of ERI indicators 64 through 127.

1: Enable output of ERI indicators 64 through 127.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WRMW=<value>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WRMW=?	+WRMW: (0-1)
	OK
AT+WRMW?	+WRMW: 0
Note: Display current setting.	OK
	Note: ERI 64 through 127 suppressed.
AT+WRMW=1	OK
Note: Enable output of ERI 64 through 127.	
AT+WRMW?	+WRMW: 1
Note: Display current setting.	OK
	Note: ERI 64 through 127 displayed.

CHAPTER 7 - SIM CARD OPERATIONAL COMMANDS

This section details the commands that are available when a SIM card is present. These commands are available only in RUIM software versions.

Note that the PIN codes used in this section are for example purposes only and do not reflect the actual PIN codes programmed into the modem. Contact your service provider to obtain the actual PIN codes used by your modem.

Enter PIN +CPIN

Description:

This command is used to enter the ME (Mobile Equipment) passwords (CHV1 / CHV2 / PUK1 / PUK2, etc.), that are required before any ME functionality can be used. CHV1/CHV2 must be 4 to 8 digits long, PUK1/PUK2 must be 8 digits long. The application is responsible for checking the PIN after each reset or power on if the PIN was enabled.

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+CPIN=<pin>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CPIN=1234	OK Note: PIN code is correct

After 3 unsuccessful attempts to enter the PIN (Personal Identification Number), the PUK (Personal Unblocking Key) will be required. PUK validation forces the user to enter a new PIN code as a second parameter and this will be the new PIN code if PUK validation succeeds. CHV1 is then enabled if PUK1 is correct. The application therefore uses this command:

Command syntax: AT+CPIN=<Puk>,<NewPin>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CPIN=00000000,1234	+CME ERROR: 16
Note: Enter PUK and new PIN	Note: Incorrect PUK
AT+CPIN=12345678,1234	OK
Note: Enter PUK and new PIN, 2nd attempt	Note: PUK correct, new PIN stored

To ascertain which code must be entered (or not), the following query command can be used: AT+CPIN?

The possible responses are:

+CPIN: READY	ME is not pending for any password
+CPIN: UIM PIN	CHV1 is required
+CPIN: UIM PUK	PUK1 is required
+CPIN: UIM PIN2	CHV2 is required
+CPIN: UIM PUK2	PUK2 is required
+CPIN: PH-UIM PIN	UIM lock (phone-to-UIM) is required
+CPIN: PH-NET PIN	Network personalization is required
+CME ERROR: <err></err>	SIM failure (13) absent (10) etc.

Note: that in this case the mobile equipment does not end its response with the OK string. The response '+CME ERROR: 13' (SIM failure) is returned after 10 unsuccessful PUK attempts. The SIM card is then out of order and must be replaced by a new one.

Enter PIN2 +CPIN2

Description:

This command is used to validate the PIN2 code (CHV2), or to validate the PUK2 code (UNBLOCK CHV2) and to define a new PIN2 code. Of course, the +CPIN command allows PIN2 or PUK2 codes to be validated, but only when the last command executed resulted in PIN2 authentication failure. PIN2 length is between 4 and 8 digits. The PUK2 length must be 8 digits.

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+CPIN2=<pin2>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CPIN2=1234	OK
	Note: PIN2 code is correct

After 3 unsuccessful attempts, PUK2 will then be required. PUK2 validation forces the user to enter a new PIN2 code as a second parameter and this will be the new PIN2 code if PUK1 validation succeeds. The application therefore uses this command:

Command syntax: AT+CPIN2=<puk2>,<NewPin2>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CPIN2=00000000,1234	+CME ERROR: 16
Note: Enter PUK2 and new PIN2	Note: Incorrect PUK2
AT+CPIN2=12345678,1234	OK
Note: Enter PUK2 and new PIN2, 2nd attempt	Note: PUK2 correct, new PIN2 stored

To ascertain which code must be entered (or not), the following query command can also be used: AT+CPIN?

The possible responses are:

+CPIN: READY ME is not pending for any password

+CPIN: UIM PIN2 CHV2 is required +CPIN: UIM PUK2 PUK2 is required

+CME ERROR: <err> SIM failure (13) absent (10) etc.

The product requires that the PIN2 code be successfully entered in order to write a entry into the Fix Dialing Phonebook (FDN).

Command	Possible Responses	
AT+CPBS="FD"		OK
Note: Select Phonebook FDN		
AT+CPBW=5,"12345678",145"test1"		+CME ERROR: 17
Note: Write entry 5 in the FDN		Note: PIN2 not yet entered
AT+CPIN2=1234		OK
Note: Enter PIN2		Note: PIN2 successfully entered
AT+CPBW=5,"12345678",145"test1"		OK
Note: Write entry 5 in the FDN		Note: Command now successful

PIN Remaining Attempt Number +CPINC

Description: This command is used to get the number of valid attempts for PIN1 (CHV1), PIN2 (CHV2),

PUK1 (UNBLOCK CHV1) and PUK2 (UNBLOCK CHV2) identifiers.

Values: <n1>, <n2> are the attempts left for PIN1, PIN2 (0 = blocked, 3 max)

<k1>, <k2> are the attempts left for PUK1, PUK2 (0 = blocked, 10 max)

For this to work, the card should be present at the time of initialization. Otherwise, an error

will be sent (+CME ERROR: 10).

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CPINC

Response syntax: +CPINC: <n1>,<n2>,<k1>,<k2>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CPINC	+CPINC: 2,3,10,10
Note: Get the number of attempts left	OK
	Note: First CHV1 attempt was a failure
AT+CPINC?	+CPINC: 2,3,10,10
Note: Get the number of attempts left	OK
·	Note: First CHV1 attempt was a failure

Facility Lock +CLCK

Description:

This command is used by the application to lock, unlock or interrogate an ME or network facility <fac>. The call barring facilities "A0" and "Al" require that a password value be included in the command even though passwords are not currently enforced for these facilities. The "SC" and "FD" facilities are available only in builds, which include UIM support.

This command is also used for the control of the call barring supplementary service. Functions for the barring of data and voice calls is provided as well as querying the status of call barring. Note that emergency voice calls cannot be barred.

Values:

The following **<fac>** values are supported:

"SC": SIM PIN enabled (<mode> = 1) / disabled (<mode> = 0)

"FD": SIM FDN feature enabled (<mode> = 1) / disabled (<mode> = 0)

"AO": BAOC; Barr Outgoing Calls "AI": BAIC; Barr Incoming Calls

<mode>

0: Unlock the facility (<passwd> required)

1: Lock the facility (<passwd> required)

2: Query status

<passwd>

Use PIN1 for the "SC" facility Use PIN2 for the "FD" facility

Use any four digit value for the "AO" and "AI" facilities

Syntax: (for Facility Lock):

Command syntax: AT+CLCK= <fac>,<mode>[,<passwd>]

Response syntax: +CLCK: <status>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CLCK="SC",1,1234	OK
Note: Enable SIM PIN	Note: SIM PIN enabled
AT+CLCK?	+CLCK:("SC",1),("FD",0),("AO",1),("AI",1)
Note: Get current facility lock status	OK
	Note: SIM PIN is enabled, SIM FDN feature is disabled,
	Outgoing call barring is enabled, Incoming call barring is
	enabled
AT+CLCK="SC",0,5555	+CME ERROR: 16
Note: Disable SIM PIN	Note: Incorrect password used
AT+CLCK="AO",1,1234	OK
Note: Bar Outgoing Calls	Note: Outgoing calls are barred
AT+CLCK="AI",1,1234	OK
Note: Bar Incoming Calls	Note: Incoming calls are barred
AT+CLCK="AO",2	+CLCK: 1
Note: Query outgoing call barring status	OK
	Note: Outgoing calls are barred

Change Password +CPWD

Description: This command is used by the application to change a password, PIN1or PIN2. The "SC" and

"P2" facilities are available only in builds, which include stet support.

Values: The following **<fac>** values are supported:

"SC": PIN1 "P2": 7.6.2 PIN2

<oldpwd>

Current PIN1 or PIN2 password

<newpwd>

Desired PIN1 or PIN2 password

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CPWD= <fac>, <oldpwd>, <newpwd>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CPWD="SC",1234,5555	OK
Note: Change stet PIN1	Note: PIN1 now 5555
AT+CPWD="SC",1234,5555	+CME ERROR: 16
Note: Change stet PIN1	Note: PIN incorrect
AT+CPWD?	+CPWD:("SC",8),("P2",8)
Note: Get status	OK
	Note: PIN1 & PIN2 passwords are supported with 8 digit maximum

Card Identification +CCID

Description: This command is used to display the SIM card ESN. The data is output in hexadecimal

format. If there is no ESN present on the SIM card, only the OK portion of the message will

be output.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CCID

Command	Possible Responses	
AT+CCID	+CCID: C3729F82	
Note: Get card ID	Note: ESN is presented in hexadecimal format.	
AT+CCID?	+CCID: C3729F82	
Note: Get current value	Note: Same result as +CCID	
AT+CCID=?	OK	
Note: Get possible value	Note: No parameter but this command is valid.	

CHAPTER 8 - SHORT MESSAGES COMMANDS

For SMS messages, in the CDMA system, the PDU mode will not be supported, instead, the Unicode format message is supported. The Unicode header code will start at 0x80 and above.

Parameters Definition

<cbn> Call Back Number
<da> Destination Address

<dcs> Data Coding Scheme, coded like in document [5].

<dt> Discharge Time in string format :

"yy/mm/dd,hh:mm:ss"(Year [00-99], Month [01-12],

Day [01-31], Hour, Minute, Second

<encod> Encoding

<fo> First Octet, coded like SMS-SUBMIT first octet in document [4], default value is 17 for SMS-

SUBMIT

<index> Place of storage in memory.

<lass Language

Length of SMS User Data field.

<mem1> Memory used to list, read and delete messages (+CMGL, +CMGR and +CMGD).

<mem2> Memory used to write and send messages (+CMGW, +CMSS).

<mid> CBM Message Identifier.</m>
<mr> Message Reference.</m>
<oa> Originator Address.</mi>
<pri>protocol Identifier.</pr>
<priority> Message Priority</pr>
<ra> Recipient Address.</pr>
<sca> Service Center Address

<scts> Service Center Time Stamp in string format: "yy/mm/dd,hh:mm:ss"

(Year/Month/Day, Hour: Min: Seconds)

<sn> CBM Serial Number

<st> Status of a SMS-STATUS-REPORT (see Chapter 17for possible values)

Status of message in memory. </to>
<tooa> Type-of-Address of <oa>. </to>
<tora> Type-of-Address of <ra>. </to>
<tora> Type-of-Address of <sca>. </tor>

<total1> Number of message locations in <mem1>. <total2> Number of messages locations in <mem2.

<ts> Timestamp for MT SMS.

<used1> Total number of messages locations in <mem1>. <used2> Total number of messages locations in <mem2.

vp> Validity Period of the short message, default value is 167

Select Message Service +CSMS

Description: This command is used to display the supported SMS services. The supported services are

originated (SMS-MO) and terminated short message (SMS-MT) + Cell Broadcast Message

(SMS-CB) services.

Values: <MO>

0: Mobile Originated SMS not supported.1: Mobile Originated SMS supported.

<MT>

0: Mobile Terminated SMS not supported.

1: Mobile Terminated SMS supported.

<CB>

0: Broadcast SMS not supported.

1: Broadcast SMS supported.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CSMS?

Command	Possible Responses	
AT+CSMS?	+CSMS: <mo>,<mt>,<cb></cb></mt></mo>	
Note: Display current values	OK	
	Note: SMS-MO, SMS-MT and SMS-CB support	

New Message Acknowledgement +CNMA

Description:

This command allows reception of a new message <u>routed directly to the TE</u> to be acknowledged.

In TEXT mode, only positive acknowledgement to the network (RP-ACK) is possible.

Acknowledge with +CNMA is possible only when a +CMT or +CDS indication is shown (see +CNMI command).

Note: This AT command is not designed for input of the command into the Hyper terminal by hand since the acknowledgement will not be quick enough to be received by the network. However, it is possible for the client system to automatically send this command when the +CNMI is set to "2,2,0,0,0".

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+CNMA

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CNMI=2,2,0,0,0	OK
	+CMT:"8587351530","02/04/03,11:06
	:38",129,7,0 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Testing
	Note: Message received
AT+CNMA	OK
Note: Acknowledge the message received	Note: Send positive acknowledgement to the network
AT+CNMA	+CMS ERROR : 340
Note: Try to acknowledge again	Note: No +CNMA acknowledgment expected

Preferred Message Storage +CPMS

Description: This command allows the message storage area to be selected (for reading, writing, etc).

The total storage area size is: 30 for "MT", "MO", "BC" and 10 for "SR". For RUIM software

loads, these sizes vary and are dependent on the configuration of the SIM card.

Values: <mem1>: Memory area to be used to list, read and delete messages. It can be:

"MT": SMS Mobile Terminated message storage in NV (default)

"BC": CBM message storage in NV.

"SR": Status Report message storage in NV.
<mem2>: Memory used to write and send messages.
"MO": Mobile Originated SMS message storage.

In response to a properly entered +CPMS command, the following message indication is sent:

+CPMS: <used1>,<total>,<total> where:

<used1> is the number of used locations for the select area "MT", "BC", or "SR" and <used2> is the number of used locations for the "MO" area. <total> is the total number of available storage locations (shared by all storage areas).

When <mem1> is selected, all following +CMGL, +CMGR and +CMGD commands are related to the type of SMS stored in this memory.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CPMS=<mem1>,[<mem2>]

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CPMS=? Note: Display available message	+CPMS: ("MT","BC","SR"),("MO") OK
storage areas.	Note: Read, list, delete: SMS, CBM or SMS Status Report. Write, send: SMS
AT+CPMS?	+CPMS: "MT",3,30,"MO",3,30
Note: Display currently selected area information.	ОК
AT+CPMS="AM"	+CMS ERROR: 302
Note: Select invalid message storage	
area.	
AT+CPMS="BC"	+CPMS: 2,30,3,30
Note: Select CBM message storage	OK
	Note: Read, list, delete CBM from NV RAM

Show Text Mode Parameters +CSDH

Description: This command gives additional information on text mode result codes. This information is

given in brackets in the +CMTI, +CMT, +CDS, +CMGR, +CMGL commands.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CSDH

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CSDH?	+CSDH: 0
Note: Current value	OK
	Note: Do not show header values

New Message Indication +CNMI

Description: This command selects the procedure for message reception from the network.

Values <mode>

The <mode> value controls the processing of unsolicited result codes. Only mode 2 is supported at this time. The other mode values are accepted and return *OK* but the processing of unsolicited result codes will be the same as with mode value 2.

- **0**: Buffer unsolicited result codes in the TA. If the TA result code buffer is full, indications can be buffered in some other place or the oldest indications may be discarded and replaced with the new received indications
- 1: Discard indication and reject new received message unsolicited result codes when TA-TE link is reserved. Otherwise forward them directly to the TE
- 2: Buffer unsolicited result codes in the TA when TA-TE link is reserved and flush them to the TE after reservation. Otherwise forward them directly to the TE
- 3: Forward unsolicited result codes directly to the TE. TA-TE link specific in band used to embed result codes and data when TA is in on-line data mode

<mt> sets the result code indication routing for SMS-DELIVERs. Default is 2.

- 0: No SMS-DELIVER indications are routed.
- 1: SMS-DELIVERs are routed using unsolicited code: +CMTI: "MT", <index>
- 2: SMS-DELIVERs (except class 2 messages) are routed using unsolicited code: +CMT: <oa>, <scts>, <tooa>, <lang>, <encod>, <priority>[,<cbn>],<length><CR><LF><data> (text mode)
- <bm> sets the result code indication routing for received Cell Broadcast Messages. Default is 2.
 - **0**: No CBM indications are routed to the TE. The CBMs are stored.
 - 1: The CBM is stored and an indication of the memory location is routed to the customer application using unsolicited result code: +CBMI: "BC", <index>
 - 2: New CBMs are routed directly to the TE using unsolicited result code (format matches that of +CBM: <oa>, [<alpha>,] <scts> [,<tooa>, <length>] <CR><LF><data> (text mode)

<ds> sets the routing for SMS-STATUS-REPORTs. Default is 1.

- 0: No SMS-STATUS-REPORTs are routed.
- 1: SMS-STATUS-REPORTs are routed using unsolicited code: +CDS: <fo>, <mr>, [<ra>] , [<tora>], <scts>, <dt>, <st> (Text mode)
- 2: SMS-STATUS-REPORTs are stored and routed using the unsolicited result ode: +CDSI: "SR", <index>

bfr> Default is 0.

- **0**: TA buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is flushed to the TE when <mode> 1...3 is entered (OK response shall be given before flushing the codes)
- 1: TA buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is cleared when <mode> 1...3 is entered.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CNMI=<mode>,<mt>,<bm>,<ds>,<bfr>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CNMI=2,1,0,0,0	OK
Note: <mt>=1</mt>	
	AT+CMTI: "MT",1
	Note: message received
AT+CNMI=2,2,0,0,0	OK
Note: <mt>=2</mt>	
	+CMT: "8585551212","98/10/01,12:30
	00",129,1,2,0,5 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Hello
	Note: message received
AT+CNMI=2,0,0,1,0	OK
Note: <ds>=1</ds>	
AT+CMGS="8585551212" <cr></cr>	+CMGS: 7
Message to send <ctrl-z></ctrl-z>	OK
Note: Send a message in text mode	Note: Successful transmission
	+CDS: 2, 116, "8585551212", 129, "98/10/01,12:30
	:07", "98/10/01 12 :30 :08", 32768
	Note: message was correctly delivered

Read Message +CMGR

Description: This command allows the application to read stored messages. The messages are read

from the memory selected by +CPMS command. A message read with status "REC

UNREAD" will be updated in memory with the status "REC READ". Note: The <stat> parameter for SMS Status Reports is always "READ".

Values: <stat> Status of message in memory. Possible values are as follows:

Text Mode Possible Values	Status of Messages in Memory	
"UREAD"	received unread messages	
"READ"	received read messages	
"USENT"	stored unsent messages	
"SENT"	stored sent messages	
"ALL"	all messages	

Note: For SMS Status Reports, only "ALL" and "READ" values of the <stat> parameter will list messages; other values will only return OK.

<oa/da>: Origination/destination address value in string format.

<mr>: Message Reference</ri>

<scts>: Service Center Time Stamp in string format : "yy/MM/dd,hh :mm :ss±zz"

(Year/Month/Day, Hour: Min: Seconds ± Time Zone)

<dt>: Discharge Time in string format: "yy/MM/dd,hh :mm :ss±zz" (Year [00-99],

Month [01-12], Day [01-31], Hour, Minute, Second and Time Zone [quarters

of an hour])

<st>: Status of a SMS-STATUS-REPORT (See Chapter 20)

<larg>: Language <encod>: Encoding

<priority>: Message priority:

0 – Normal1 – Interactive2 – Urgent3 – Emergency

<cbn>: Call Back Number

Length of the text message (in bytes).

<data>: Message text

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CMGR=<index>

Response syntax: +CMGR: <stat> [,<oa>], <scts>, <lang>, <encod>, <priority>[,<cbn>], <length> <CR><LF> <data> (for **SMS-DELIVER** only)

+CMGR: <stat> [,<da>], <dt>, <lang>, <encod>, <priority>[,<cbn>], <length> <CR><LF> <data> (for **SMS-SUBMIT** only)

+CMGR: <stat>,<mr>,<scts>,<dt>,<st> (for **SMS-STATUS-REPORT** only)

Command	Possible Responses	
	+CMTI: "MT",1	
	Note: New message received	
AT+CMGR=1	+CMGR: "REC UNREAD","8585551212",	
Note: Read the message	"98/10/01,18 :22	
	:11+00",1,2,0,"8585550000",9 <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
	ABCdefGHI	
	OK	
AT+CMGR=1	+CMGR: "REC READ","8585551212", "98/10/01,18	
Note: Read the message again	:22 :11",1,2,0,"8585550000",9 <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
	ABCdefGHI	
	OK	
	Note: Message is read now	
AT+CMGR=2	+CMS ERROR: 321	
Note: Read at a wrong index	Note: Error : invalid index	
AT+CPMS="SR";+CNMI=,,,2	+CPMS:0,10,0,10	
Reset to text mode, set read memory	OK	
to "SR", and allow storage of further		
SMS Status Report into "SR" memory		
AT+CMSS=3	+CMSS: 160	
Send an SMS previously stored	OK	
	+CDSI: "SR",1	
	New SMS Status Report stored in "SR" memory at	
	index 1	
AT+CMGR=1	+CMGR: "READ",160,	
Read the SMS Status Report	"8585551212",129,"01/05/31,15:15:09",	
	"01/05/31,15:15:09",0	
	OK	

List Message +CMGL

Description: This command allows the application to read stored messages, by indicating the type of the

message to read. The messages are read from the memory selected by the +CPMS

command.

Values: <index>: Place of storage in memory.

<stat>: Possible values, the status of messages in memory, are as follows:

Text Mode Possible Values	Status of Messages in Memory	
"UREAD"	received unread messages	
"READ"	received read messages	
"USENT"	stored unsent messages	
"SENT"	stored sent messages	
"ALL"	all messages	

Note: For SMS Status Reports, only "ALL" and "READ" values of the <stat> parameter will list messages; other values will only return OK.

<oa/da> : Origination/destination address value in string format.

<fo>: First Octet, coded like SMS-SUBMIT first octet in document [4], default value is

17 for SMS-SUBMIT

<mr>: Message Reference</ri>

<dt>:
Discharge Time in string format: "yy/MM/dd,hh :mm :ss±zz" (Year [00-99],

Month [01-12], Day [01-31], Hour, Minute, Second and Time Zone [quarters of

an hour])

<st>: Status of a SMS-STATUS-REPORT

<larg>: Language encod>: Encoding

Length of the text message (in bytes).

<data>: Message text

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CMGL=<stat>

Response syntax: +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<da/oa>,<lang>,

<encod>,<length><CR><LF><data> (for SMS-DELIVER and SMS-SUBMIT, may be

followed by other <CR><LF>+CMGL:<index>...)

+CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<fo>,<mr>,<scts>,<dt>,<st> (for **SMS-STATUS-REPORT** only, may

be followed by other <CR><LF>+CMGL:<index>...)

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Command	Possible Responses	
AT+CMGL="UREAD"	+CMGL: 1,"REC UNREAD","8585551212",1,2,15	
Note: List unread messages	<cr><lf>Unread message!</lf></cr>	
in text mode	+CMGL: 3,"REC UNREAD", "8585551212",	
	1,2,5 <cr><lf>Hello</lf></cr>	
	OK	
	Another message unread!	
	Note: 2 messages are unread, these messages will then have	
	their status changed to "REC READ" (+CSDH:0)	
AT+CMGL="READ"	+CMGL: 2,"REC READ","8585551212",1,2,9 <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
Note: List read messages in	Keep cool	
text mode	OK	
AT+CMGL="SENT"	OK	
Note: List stored and sent	Note: No message found	
messages in text mode		

Send Message +CMGS

Description:

The <da> field is the address of the terminal to which the message is sent. To send the text message, type <ctrl-Z> (0x1A) as the final character of the message. This command can be aborted using the <ESC> (0x1B) character while entering the message text.

The <length> parameter is optional, it is used to set the length of the text string. When <length> is specified, the CMGS command will only process the number of bytes specified by <length> regardless of whether it contains <ctrl-Z>, <ESC>, or <backspace> characters.

The parameters <pri>riority> and <cbn> are optional. When not specified, they default as follows:

Priority: 0 (Normal)

Call back number: Not included in the message.

Values:

<da> : Destination address value in string format.<length> : Length of the text message (in bytes).

0 – Normal

1 - Interactive

2 - Urgent

3 – Emergency

<cbn>: Call Back Number

Note: If the "FD" facility is enabled, only the <da> entries in the FDN phonebook can be sent.

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+CMGS=<da> [,<length>] [,<priority>] [,<cbn>] <CR>entered text<ctrl-Z / ESC>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CMGS="8585551212" <cr></cr>	+CMGS: <mr></mr>
Please call me soon, Fred. <ctrl-z></ctrl-z>	OK
Note: Send a message	Note: Message reference
	output.
AT+CMGS="8585551212",12 <cr></cr>	+CMGS: <mr></mr>
Please call. <ctrl-z></ctrl-z>	OK
Note: Send 12 byte message	Note: Message reference
	output.
AT+CMGS="8585551212",2,1,1"5550000" <cr></cr>	+CMGS: <mr></mr>
Please call ASAP <ctrl-z></ctrl-z>	OK
Note: Send a message with the specified priority,	Note: Message reference
privacy, reply option and call back number. Notice	output.
length field is omitted.	
AT+CMGS="12345" <cr></cr>	+CMGS: <mr></mr>
<unicode message=""><0x00><0x1A></unicode>	OK
Note: Unicode message without length field. Two byte	Note: Message reference
Unicode message <ctrl-z> terminator.</ctrl-z>	output.
AT+CMGS="1234",4	+CMGS: <mr></mr>
<unicode message=""><dummy byte=""></dummy></unicode>	OK
Note: Unicode message with length. Final <dummy< td=""><td>Note: Message reference</td></dummy<>	Note: Message reference
byte> (any value) required for message transmission.	output.

Write Message to Memory +CMGW

Description:

This command stores a message in memory (SMS-SUBMIT). The memory location <index> is returned (no choice possible as with phonebooks +CPBW). A text or Unicode message is entered as described for the Send Message +CMGS command.

The <length> parameter is optional, it is used to set the length of the text string. When <length> is specified, the CMGW command will only process the number of bytes specified by <length> regardless of whether it contains <ctrl-Z>, <ESC>, or <backspace> characters. The parameters <priority> and <cbn> are optional. When not specified, they default as follows:

Priority: 0 (Normal)

Call back number: Not included in the message.

Values:

<oa/da> : Origination/destination address value in string format.

Length of the text message (in bytes).

0 - Normal 1 - Interactive 2 - Urgent 3 - Emergency <cbn>: Call Back Number

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+CMGS= <oa/da> [,<length>] [,<priority>] [,<cbn>] <CR> enter text <ctrl-Z / ESC>

Response syntax: +CMGW: <index> or +CMS ERROR: <err> if writing fails

respense symbol since in the since in the	
Command	Possible Responses
AT+CMGW="8585551212" <cr></cr>	+CMGW: 4
Hello how are you ? <ctrl-z></ctrl-z>	OK
Note: Write a message	Note: Message stored in index 4
AT+CMGW="8587777777",6 <cr></cr>	+CMGW: <index></index>
Hello? <ctrl-z></ctrl-z>	OK
Note: Write a message with specified length of 6 bytes	Note: Message stored in <index></index>
AT+CMGW="8585551212",2,1,1"5550000"	+CMGW: 5
Please call ASAP <ctrl-z></ctrl-z>	OK
Note: Write message with the specified priority, privacy,	Note: Message stored in index 5
reply option and call back number. Notice length field is	
omitted.	

Send Message From Storage +CMSS

Description: This command sends a message stored at location value <index>.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CMSS=<index>[,<da> [,<toda>]]

Response syntax: +CMSS: <mr> or +CMS ERROR: <err> if sending fails

If a new recipient address <da> is given, it will be used instead of the one stored with the

message.

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CMGW="8585551212" <cr></cr>	+CMGW:5
Today is my birthday <ctrl-z></ctrl-z>	OK
Note: Store message in phonebook.	Note: Message stored with index 5
AT+CMSS=5,8582221212	+CMSS: 1
Note: Send message 5 to a destination number	OK
	Note: Successful transmission. One SMS message sent
	since power up.
AT+CMSS=5,8583331212	+CMSS: 2
Note: Send message 5 to a different destination	OK
number	Note: Successful transmission. Two SMS messages sent
	since power up.

For response mode, <mr> is the number of SMS messages that have been sent since power up. The maximum count is 65,535 messages.

Note: If the "FD" facility is enabled, only the <da> entries in the FDN phonebook can be set.

Delete Message +CMGD

Description: This command is used to delete one or several messages from preferred message storage.

Values: <index>

0-9

When the preferred message storage is "BC". Integer type values in the range of location numbers of Message memory when the preferred message storage is "MT" or "SR".

<DelFlag>

- 0 Delete message at location <index>
- 1 Delete All READ messages
- 2 Delete All READ and SENT messages
- 3 Delete All READ, SENT and UNSENT messages
- 4 Delete All messages.

Note: When the preferred message storage is "SR", as SMS status reports are assumed to have a "READ" status, if <DelFlag> is greater than 0, all SMS status reports will be deleted.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CMGD=<Index> [,<DelFlag>]

Command	Possible Responses
	+CMTI:"MT",3
	Note: New message received
AT+CMGR=3	+CMGR: "REC UNREAD","8585551212",
Note: Read it	"98/10/01,18 :19 :20",1,2,0,17 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Message received!
	OK
	Note: Unread message received from 8585551212 on the 01/10/1998 at
	18H19m 20s
AT+CMGD=3	OK
Note: Delete it	Note: Message deleted
AT+CMGD=1,0	OK
	Note: The message from the preferred message storage at the location 1 is
	deleted
AT+CMGD=1,1	OK
	Note: All READ messages from the preferred message storage are deleted
AT+CMGD=1,2	+CMS ERROR:321
	Note: NV Error deleting READ messages and SENT (no messages to delete)
AT+CMGD=1,3	OK
	Note: All READ, SENT and UNSENT messages are deleted
AT+CMGD=1,4	OK
	Note: All messages are deleted

Select Broadcast Messages +CSCB

Description: This command turns on/off the reception of Broadcast SMS messages.

Values: The

The

parameter of +CNMI command controls the indication of an incoming BC SMS

message.

<mode>:

0: Activates reception of BC SMS.

1: Turns off reception of BC SMS. Emergency BC SMS will be received in this mode.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CSCB=<mode>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CSCB=0 Note: Turn on reception of BC SMS	OK Note: BC SMS can be received
+CBMI: "BC",5 Note: A BC SMS was received, and stored in slot 5	
AT+CSCB=1 Note: Turn off reception of BC SMS	OK Note: Only Emergency BC SMS can be received. Reception of all other BC SMS will be stopped.

Message Status Modification +WMSC

Description: This command is used to change the status of one message from preferred message

storage.

Values: <loc> Location number of the stored message (integer)

<status> new status to be stored, as for +CMGL command :

Text Mode	
"UREAD"	
"READ"	
"USENT"	
"SENT"	

Possible responses:

OK Location is valid and has been changed

+CMS ERROR: 341 Non-volatile memory error

+CMS ERROR: 321 Invalid index (out of range or no SMS stored)

+CMS ERROR: 302 if attempting to change Status Report SMS or if syntax is

incorrect

Note: Status of SENT or USENT indicate changing MO memory SMS. Status of READ or UREAD implies using preferred memory. Changes are not accepted when preferred memory is set to Status Report (all status reports are always assumed to be READ and cannot be changed).

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WMSC= <loc>, <status>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WMSC=4,"UREAD"	OK
	Note: Message stored in preferred memory index 4 status
	changed to NOT READ
AT+WMSC=8,"USENT"	+CMS ERROR: 321
	Note: Invalid index, no message at location 8 of MO memory
AT+CPMS="SR"	+CPMS:1,10,4,10
Note: Change preferred memory to Status	OK
Report	
AT+WMSC=0,"UREAD"	+CMS ERROR: 302
	Note: Cannot change Status Report messages

Message Overwriting +WMGO

Description: The +CMGW command writes an SMS to the first location available. To write an SMS to a

specified location, the +WMGO command forces the product to write an SMS (with the +CMGW command) to the location specified with +WMGO, but for just one +CMGW

command.

Values: < loc>: Location number of the record to write or overwrite

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WMGO= <loc>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WMGO=0	OK
	Note: Next MSG write will be to index 0
AT+WMGO=30	+CMS ERROR: 302
	Note: Invalid index (out of range)

On the next AT+CMGW command, the record number used will be the one specified by the AT+WMGO command. The location is forgotten and, in order to perform a second overwrite, +WMGO has to be used again.

If the external application specifies a free location, and if an incoming message is received before the AT+CMGW command, the product may store the incoming message at a location available. This could be the one specified by +WMGO (the product does not prevent from this). If the user then issues an AT+CMGW command without changing the AT+WMGO location, the new message will be overwritten!

Note: that this location number is not kept over a software reset.

Change SMS Status +WUSS

Description: The +WUSS command enables or disables a change of the SMS message status following

a +CMGR or +CMGL command.

Values: <mode>:

0: The SMS Status will change.1: The SMS Status will not change.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WUSS = <mode>

communicacy maximum in the co	
Command	Possible Responses
AT+WUSS=1	OK
AT+WUSS=0	OK Note: If lower layer failure, +CMS ERROR: 513

Set SMS Compose Language and Encoding +WSCL

Description: The +WSCL command sets the SMS composition language and encoding types. When

composing a message (+CMGS, +CMGW), the SMS language and encoding fields will be

set using the current +WSCL value.

Values: <lang>

0: Unspecified

1: English

2: French

3: Spanish

4: Japanese

5: Korean

6: Chinese

7: Hebrew

<enc>

0: Octet (or Unspecified)

1: IS91EP

2: ASCII

3: IA5

4: UNICODE

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WSCL = <lang>, <encod>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WSCL=1,2	OK
	Note: Set language to English, encoding to ASCII
AT+CMGW="8585551212" <cr></cr>	+CMGW: 4
Hello how are you ? <ctrl-z></ctrl-z>	OK
Note: Write a message in English	Note: Message stored in index 4
AT+WSCL=6,4	OK
	Note: Set language to Chinese, encoding to UNICODE
AT+CMGS="8585551212" <cr></cr>	+CMGS: <mr></mr>
Ãû×Ö <ctrl-z></ctrl-z>	OK
Note: Send a message in Chinese	Note: Message sent

Set Timestamp of MT SMS +WSTM

Description:

The +WSTM command sets the timestamp that will be used when the modem receives a Mobile Terminated SMS. When a new MT SMS message is received the setting of this command determines if the timestamp that was received with the message is kept, or modem's CDMA time, which represents the actual time of message arrival is used. When choosing to use modem's CDMA time, the command gives the option of using local or GMT time.

Values: <ts>

0: Original Time Stamp of the received MT SMS

1: Time of arrival – GMT Time

2: Time of arrival - Local Time

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WSTM = <ts>

Command Cymax. 711 WC m	
Command	Possible Responses
AT+WSTM=2	OK Note: Set MT SMS timestamp to time of arrival (local time zone)

CHAPTER 9 - SUPPLEMENTARY SERVICES COMMANDS

Supplementary Service commands are specialized call processing commands used to control carrier features on the modem such as caller ID, call forwarding, call waiting, 3-way calls, and specialized CDMA test calls.

Call Forwarding +CCFC

Description:

This command allows control of the call forwarding supplementary service, if supported by the carrier. All calls will be forwarded unconditionally to the phone number specified. The modem will make a brief call to the CDMA network using an ATD specified prefix number (country and carrier specific) to setup or cancel call forwarding. An audio tone will be produced in the audio path to confirm the change of the call forwarding state.

Values:

<number>: The phone number to forward all calls to.

Note 1: Country and carrier specific call forwarding services (e.g. *68, *72, etc.) may also be available to the host application in addition to the modem provided +CCFC functionality. The host application can utilize these enhanced services for call forwarding with the modem ATD command (e.g. ATD*72).

Note 2: If the "FD" facility is enabled, only the entries in the FDN phonebook can be forwarded.

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+CCFC= <number>

Command	Possible Responses
ATD*72	OK
Note: Specify the call forwarding prefix number.	Note: Prefix number set.
AT+CCFC=8585551212 Note: Register to an unconditional call forwarding.	OK +WORG:*728585551212 +WCNT:3 Note: Call forwarding active for all incoming calls to phone number 858-555-1212
AT+CCFC=0 Note: Cancel unconditional call forwarding	OK +WORG:*720 +WCNT:3
	Note: Call forwarding cancelled.

Calling Line Identification Restriction +CLIR

Description: This command allows control of the outgoing caller ID restriction supplementary service.

Values: <mode>: sets the caller ID restriction for outgoing calls

0: Outgoing Caller ID works normally, according to the subscription of the Caller ID service.

1: Outgoing Caller ID is restricted. The called party will see 'Restricted' on their Caller ID display.

Note that this command works by automatically pre-pending a *67 to the outgoing dialing string. Thus, this command will only work on CDMA networks that recognize a *67 to suppress outgoing caller ID. Also, the original dialing string cannot be longer than 29 characters in length.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CLIR=<mode>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CLIR=1	OK
Note: Restrict outgoing caller ID.	Note: Command valid
AT+CLIR?	+CLIR : <mode></mode>
Note: Ask for current functionality	OK
-	Note: <mode> as defined below</mode>

Calling Line Identification Presentation +CLIP

Description: This command allows control of the incoming caller ID presentation supplementary service.

When presentation of the CLI (Calling Line Identification) is enabled (and the carrier allows), +CLIP response is returned after the RING unsolicited result code. By default, +CLIP is

enabled.

Values: <mode>: parameter enable or disables the caller ID unsolicited command

0: Disable **1**: Enable

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CLIP=<mode>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CLIP=1	OK
Note: Enable CLIP	Note: CLIP is enabled
AT+CLIP?	+CLIP: <mode></mode>
Note: Ask for current functionality	OK
	Note: <mode> defined as below</mode>
	RING
	Note: Incoming call
	+CLIP: "8585551212",129
	Note: Incoming call with number presentation
AT+CLIP=0	OK
Note: Disable CLIP presentation	Note: Command valid

Send Flash to Base Station +WFSH

Description:

This command sends a flash or flash with information to the base station. The flash command is used to manage call waiting and 3-way calls. For call waiting situations when the 3 party call is received, send a flash (AT+WFSH) to toggle between the two different call parties. The +WFSH unsolicited AT command will be returned if a flash was sent to the base station over the air. Note that on CDMA networks, this does not guarantee that an actual switch between calls took place, because there is no acknowledgement to the modem. For 3-way calls, initiate the first call to party # 1 (see ATD). Then send a flash with information (AT+WFSH=18005551212) to initiate a call to party # 2, party # 1 will automatically be placed on hold. The "information" is the phone number of party # 2. Once a conversation with party # 2 is established, send a regular flash (AT+WFSH) to connect all 3 parties. Send another flash (AT+WFSH) to disconnect party # 2, or End call (see ATH) to end the call with all parties. rd

Syntax: AT+WFSH

Command syntax: AT+WFSH

Command syntax AT+WFSH= < phone_number > (for a flash with information)
Unsolicited result syntax: +WFSH (confirms a flash was sent to the base station)

Unsolicited result syntax: +WFSH (confirms a flash v	,
Command	Possible Responses
ATD8585551212; Note: Make a voice call	OK +WORG:8585551212 +WCNT:3 Note: Conversation +CCWA:"8582701234",129 Note: Indication of another incoming call
AT+WFSH Note: Send a flash to the Base Station (toggle to the second call). Note: Conversation with second call.	OK +WFSH Note: Flash sent to the Base Station. Call to the second call. However, this is not 100% guaranteed because there is no confirmation from the Base Station.
AT+WFSH Note: Send a flash to the Base Station (toggle to the first call).	OK +WFSH Note: Flash sent to the Base Station. Call switches to the first call. However, this is not 100% guaranteed because there is no confirmation from the Base Station.
ATH Note: Release the all calls	OK +WEND:10 Note: All Calls End
ATD858551212 Note: Make a voice call	OK +WORG:858551212 +WCNT:3 Note: Conversation
	OK +WFSH Note Modem now places first call on hold and attempts connection to second call.
AT+WFSH=6195552121 Note: Place first call on hold, connect to second party.	OK +WFSH Note: All 3 parties now connected.
AT+WFSH Note: Connect all 3 parties. AT+WFSH	OK +WFSH Note: Disconnect second party, connected to first party only.
атн	OK +WEND:10

List Current Call State +CLCC

Description: This command is used to return the current call state of the modem.

Values: <state> (state of the call):

0: no call

1: traffic

2: dialing (MO call)3: incoming (MT call)

<mode> (teleservice) :

0: voice

1: data

2: fax

3: sms

4: otasp

5: markov or loopback

9: unknown or not applicable

<termination>

0: unknown or not applicable1: mobile terminated (MT) call2: mobile originated (MO) call

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CLCC

+CLCC: <state>, <mode>, <termination>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CLCC Note: Seek current phone state	+CLCC: 0,9,0 OK Note: Command valid

CHAPTER 10 - DATA COMMANDS

Using AT Commands During a Data Connection

To use AT Commands during a data connection (e.g. while the product is in online mode), it is necessary either to switch to offline mode, or to use the +WMUX command to enable Commands / Data multiplexing. Note: currently the +WMUX command is not supported yet.

Switch From Online to Offline Mode

To switch from online mode to offline mode, the "+++" sequence must be sent. Following this, the product gets back to offline mode with an "OK" response, and an AT command can be sent.

Note: the "+++" sequence only works with the **+ICF** command using the following settings:

- 8 data bits, with no parity
- 7 data bits, with even parity

Switch From Offline to Online Mode

See the ATO command description.

Select Mode +FCLASS

Description: This command puts the product into a particular operating mode for fax.

Values: <n>

0: Data

1: Fax class 1 2.0: Fax class 2.0

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+FCLASS= <n>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+FCLASS=?	+FCLASS: 0, 2.0
Note: Test command	OK
	Note: If fax class 1 not supported
AT+FCLASS=0	OK
Note: Data mode requested	Note: Command valid
AT+FCLASS=2.0	OK
Note: Fax class 2 mode requested	Note: Command valid
AT+FCLASS?	+FCLASS: 2.0
Note: Current value	OK
	Note: Command valid

Cellular Result Codes +CRC

Description:

This command gives more detailed ring information for an **incoming call**. Instead of the string "RING", an extended string is used to indicate which type of call is ringing (e.g. +CRING:VOICE).

These extended indications are:

+CRING:VOICE	for normal voice calls
+CRING:DATA	for all types of data calls
+CRING:FAX	for all types of fax calls
+CRING:OTAPA	for OTAPA calls
+CRING:TEST	for markov, loopback, and test calls
+CRING:UNKNOWN	for unknown/undefined calls types

Syntax: Command

Command syntax: AT+CRC

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CRC=0 Note: Extended reports disabled	OK Note: Command valid
AT+CRC=1 Note: Extended reports enabled	OK Note: Command valid

DTE-DCE Local Rate Reporting +ILRR

Description: This parameter controls whether or not the extended-format "+ILRR:<rate>" information text

is transmitted from the DCE to the DTE. Currently the product only supports 0 = OFF.

Values: <value>

Decimal number corresponding to the selected option. Currently, only 0 is supported

(disables reporting of local port rate).

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+ILRR=<value>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+ILRR=0	OK
Note: Local port	Note: Command valid
rate report	
disabled	

V42 Bis Data Compression +DS

Description: This command enables or disables V.42bis data compression if this feature is provided on

the PSTN in the IWF.

Values: Four numeric sub-parameters are accepted:

< dir >: specifies the desired direction(s) of operation of the data compression function; from the DTE point of view, (default is 3).

0: Negotiated ... no compression

1: Transmit only

2: Receive only

3: Both directions, accept any direction

< **neg** >: specifies whether or not the DCE should continue to operate if the desired result is not obtained, (**default is 0**),

0: Do not disconnect if V.42 bis is not negotiated by the remote DCE as specified in <dir>

1: Disconnect if V.42 bis is not negotiated by the remote DCE as specified in <dir>

< P1 >

512-4096: specifies the maximum number of dictionary entries that should be negotiated, (default is 4096),

< P2 >

6-250: specifies the maximum string length to be negotiated, (default is 250).

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+DS=<dir>,<neg>,<P1>,<P2>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+DS=3,0,4096,250	OK
Note: Set new parameters	Note: Command valid
AT+DS?	+DS: 3,0,4096,250
Note: Current values	OK
	Note: Command valid

V42 Bis Data Compression Report +DR

Description:

This command returns the results of data compression capability. If data reporting is enabled, this command returns the data compression type of an incoming or outgoing data call. Otherwise, the command returns NONE.

The intermediate result code represents current DCE-DCE data compression type. The syntax for +DR reporting is: +DR<result>, and the result code is defined as follows:

+DR: NONE	Data compression is not in use
+DR: V42B	Rec. V.42 bis is in use in both directions
+DR: V42B RD	Rec. V.42 bis is in use in receive direction only
+DR: V42B TD	Rec. V.42 bis is in use in transmit direction only

The +DR intermediate result code, if enabled, is issued before the final result code, before the +ILRR intermediate report and after the service report control +CR.

Values:

This syntax is for setting the +DR reporting method.

<val>

0: Disable reporting1: Enable reporting

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+DR=<val>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+DR=1	OK
Note: Reporting enabled	Note: Command valid
AT+DR?	+DR: 1
Note: Display the current value	OK
	Note: Command valid
AT+DR=?	+DR: (0,1)
Note: Display the supported values	OK
	Note: Command valid

CHAPTER 11 - V.24-V.25 COMMANDS

Refer to ITU-T Recommendation V.25 per specification for more details on the following commands.

Fixed DTE Rate +IPR

Description: This command specifies the data rate at which the DCE will accept commands.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+IPR

Command	Possible Responses
AT+IPR?	+IPR: 9600
Note: Read syntax.	OK
·	Note: Current rate is 9600 bps
AT+IPR=?	+IPR: (0,1200,2400,4800,9600,19200), (45,50,75,
Note: List of supported <rate> values,[(list</rate>	110,150,300,600,38400,57600,115200,230400)
of fixed-only <rate> values)]</rate>	OK
	Note: Possible value (*)
AT+IPR=38400	OK
Note: Disable autobaud and set rate to	
38400 bps	
AT+IPR=0	OK
Note: Enable autobaud	

^(*) the first set of values indicates the range of auto-detectable speeds. The second set of values indicates all possible speeds that can be used by the DCE. The DCE supports Autobaud based on the data sent from the DTE.

DTE-DCE Character Framing +ICF

Description: This command is used to determine the local serial port start-stop (asynchronous) character

framing that the DCE uses.

Values: <format>

0: Autodetect (Not supported)

1: 8 Data 2 Stop (Not supported)

2: 8 Data 1 Parity 1 Stop (Not supported)

3: 8 Data 1 Stop (Supported)

4: 7 Data 2 Stop (Not Supported)

5: 7 Data 1 Parity 1 Stop (Not Supported)

6: 7 Data 1 Stop (Not Supported)

<parity>

0: Odd (Supported)

1: Even (Supported)

2: Mark (Supported)

3: None (Supported)

Note: The Rm interface is only supported at 8 data bits, No Parity, 1 stop bit. ERROR is returned for other formats.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+ICF= <format>, <parity>

Command Cymax. 711 101 101mat ;	parity
Command	Possible Responses
AT+ICF=3,3	OK
Note: Set values.	Note: New values set
AT+ICF?	+ICF: 3,3
Note: Display current settings.	OK
	Note: Current values
AT+ICF=?	+ICF: (3-3),(0-3)
Note: Display valid parameter ranges.	OK
	Note: Possible values

DTE-DCE Local Flow Control +IFC

Description: This command is used to control the operation of local serial connection flow control

between the data terminal device and the mobile.

Values: <Tx>

0: None Transmit data flow control disabled.

1: XON/XOFF Remove Xon (0x19) and Xoff (0x17) characters from data stream.

2: Hardware Use RTS (Request To Send) signal (default)

3: XON/XOFF Leave Xon (0x19) and Xoff (0x17) characters in data stream.

<Rx>

0: None Receive data flow control disabled.

1: XON/XOFF Remove Xon (0x19) and Xoff (0x17) characters from data stream.

2: Hardware Use CTS (Clear To Send) signal (default)

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+IFC=<Tx>,<Rx>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+IFC=?	+IFC: (0-3),(0-2)
Note: Display valid parameter ranges.	OK
	Note: Valid parameter ranges
AT+IFC?	+IFC: 2,2
Note: Display current settings.	OK
	Note: Default values are 2,2 (hardware flow control).
AT+IFC=3	OK
Note: Set Tx flow control to XON/XOFF.	Note: New Tx flow control value set.
AT+IFC=,1	OK
Note: Set Rx flow control to XON/XOFF.	Note: New Rx flow control value set.
AT+IFC?	+IFC: 3,1
Note: Display current settings.	OK
	Note: Settings displayed.
AT+IFC=2,2	OK
Note: Set Tx and Rx flow control to hardware.	Note: New Tx and Rx flow control values set.

Set DCD Signal &C

Description: This command controls the Data Carrier Detect (DCD) signal.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT&C

Gorminaria Gyritaxi 7 tr Go	
Command	Possible Responses
AT&C0	OK
Note: DCD always on	Note: Command valid
AT&C1	OK
Note: DCD matches state in accordance with	Note: Command valid
the specified service	
AT&C2	OK
Note: Wink indicator on channel disconnect	Note: Command valid

Set DTR Signal &D

Description: This commands controls the Data Terminal Ready (DTR) signal.

Values: <n>

0: The DTR signal is ignored.

1: Enter online command state following ON-to-OFF transition of circuit 108/2

2: Enter command state following ON-to-OFF transition of circuit 108/2.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT&D<n>

Command	Possible Responses
AT&D0	OK
Note: The DTR signal is ignored	Note: Command valid
AT&D1	OK
Note: Enter online command state following ON-to-OFF transition of circuit 108/2	Note: Command valid
AT&D2	OK
Note: Enter command state following ON-to-OFF transition of circuit 108/2	Note: Command valid

Set DSR Signal &S

Description: This commands controls the Data Set Ready (DSR) signal.

Values: <n>

0: The DSR signal is always on. **1:** The DSR signal is always off.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT&S<n>

outlination of the state of the	
Command	Possible Responses
AT&S0	OK
Note: The DSR signal always on.	Note: Command valid
AT&S1	OK
Note: The DSR signal is always off.	Note: Command valid

Back to Online Mode O

Description: If a connection has been established and the MS is in command mode, this command allows

you to return to online data mode.

Syntax: Command syntax: ATO

Command Syntax: 711 C	
Command	Possible Responses
ATO	OK
Note: Return to online mode from offline mode	
ATO	NO CARRIER
Note: Return to online mode from offline mode	Note: Not in a call

Result Code Suppression Q

Description: This command determines whether the mobile equipment sends result codes or not.

Syntax: Command syntax: ATQ

Communa Cymax. 7 tr &	
Command	Possible Responses
ATQ0	OK
Note: Return result codes	Note: Command valid
ATQ1	(none)
Note: Result codes are suppressed and not transmitted	Note: No response

DCE Response Format V

Description:

This command specifies the DCE result code format; with or without the header characters <CR><LF> and the use of numeric result codes. Numeric result codes are available for AT commands only. Result codes, both word and numeric, can be suppressed by the ATQ command.

Unsolicited responses (see Chapter 3) are not affected by the ATV command and will always

be displayed in word format as documented .

Note: The unsolicited response +RING is not affected by the ATV command. The +RING response can be formatted by the +CRC command.

Syntax: C

Command syntax: ATV

Communication of the contract	
Command	Possible Responses
ATV0	0
Note: Display result codes as numbers	Note: Command is valid (0 means OK)
ATV1	OK
Note: Display result codes as words (Default)	Note: Command valid

Auto-Tests &T

Description: AT&T1 is used to perform audio loop back in the current audio path. This command can be

used to validate the audio loop.

Values: <num>

0: Not defined; returns OK.

1: Audio loopback on for current path.

2: Audio loopback is off.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT&T<num>

Command	Possible Responses
AT&T1	OK Note: Audio loopback is on.
AT&T2	OK Note: Audio loopback is off.

Echo E

Description: This command is used to determine whether or not the modem echoes characters received

by an external application (DTE).

Syntax: Command syntax: ATE

Command	Possible Responses
ATE0 Note: Characters are not echoed	OK Note: Done
ATE1 Note: Characters are echoed	OK Note: Done

Display Configuration &V

Description: This command is used to display the modem configuration. It lists all the commands

supported by the modem and their possible parameters.

Values: <num>

0: Manufacturer data

1: Not used 2: Not used

3: Software revision data

4: Not used

5: Configuration data6: Capability data

7: Not used

Note: For the data returned by the ATI6 command, the use of the IS-707 +GCAP command

is preferred.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT&V

Possible Responses
&C: 2; &D: 2;
 OK

Request Identification Information I

Description: This command causes the product to transmit one or more lines of information from the

DCE.

Syntax: Command syntax: ATI<num>

Command	Possible Responses
ATI0	MODEM
Note: Display manufacturer data	800 1900
	OK
ATI3	S/W VER: WISMOQ
Note: Display software revision data	OK
ATI6	+CGSM, +CIS707,
Note: Display capability data	OK

Restore Factory Setting &F

Description: This command is used to restore the factory setting from NV memory. The settings that are

affected by this command are shown in Chapter 20. This command will reset the modem as

the very last part of its operation.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT&F

Command	Possible Responses
AT&F	OK
	Note: Command valid, modem resets

Save Configuration &W

Description: This command writes the current configuration to NV. See table in Chapter 20 for a list of

items.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT&W

Command Syntax: 711 av	
Command	Possible Responses
AT&W	OK
	Note: Command valid

CHAPTER 12 - PHONE BOOK COMMANDS

In this chapter, the AT commands are used to operate on mobile phonebook. These phonebook commands adhere to the set defined in GSM 07.07 specification. Please refer to GSM 07.07 for further AT command usage and description.

For all phonebook read commands (+CPBR, +CPBF, +CPBP), the TON/NPI MSB of each number is set to 1 (ex: a TON/NPI stored as 17 is displayed as 145).

When accessing numbers in the call history phonebooks ("LD", "MC", or "RC"), if a matching number is found in one of the other phonebooks, the text portion of the matching entry is copied to the call history entry.

The phone book "SM" is only supported in an RUIM capable modem.

When an RUIM is present, the "MT" phonebook is a combination of two phonebooks as shown in the example below. This must be taken into account when using a phone book AT command index to access an entry in this phonebook.

ME Index range 1 to 100
SM Index range 1 to 150 (SIM card)
MT ME start at 1, SM start at 101 (SIM card)

<-----ME-----SM------>
1 100 101 250

Select Phonebook Memory Storage +CPBS

Description:

This command selects the type of memory where the phonebook will be stored. Possible phone books are listed below under the **<bk>** section. If there's no RUIM card present, selecting "SM" phonebook returns ERROR.

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+CPBS="<bk>"

Command	Possible responses
AT+CPBS=?	+CPBS: ("ME","MC","LD","RC","EN")
Note: Possible values, not all may be supported	Note: Not all may be supported
AT+CPBS="EN"	OK
Note: Select the emergency phonebook	Note: Emergency phonebook selected
AT+CPBS?	+CPBS: EN,0,9
Note: Return the currently selected phonebook	OK
	Note: EN phonebook selected, 0 locations used,
	9 available
AT+CPBS="MT"	OK
Note: Select the MT phonebook (RUIM present).	Note: MT phonebook selected
AT+CPBS?	+CPBS: MT,5,300
Note: Display MT phonebook information.	OK
Combination of ME and SM phonebooks.	Note: 5 locations used, 300 available
	(combination of ME and RUIM phonebooks).

<bk>:

"SM": ADN (RUIM phonebook)

"ME": ME (ME NV phonebook)

"LD": LND (ME or RUIM last dialed phonebook; depending on presence of RUIM)

"EN": EN (ME NV emergency numbers)

"MC": MSD (ME missed calls list)

"MT": MT (combined ME and RUIM phonebook)

"RC": LIC (ME received calls list)

"FD": FDN (SIM Fix Dialing, restricted phonebook)

Return Selected Phonebook Locations +CPBU

Description:

This command returns information about the currently selected phonebook. This includes the starting entry location, the total number of locations, maximum length of the phone number, the TON/NPI value range, and the maximum number of characters for the text portion of each entry.

The format of the returned data for the "MT" phonebook is different. It is a combination of the "ME" and "SM" phonebooks with values that describe each.

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+CPBU?

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CPBS="ME"	OK
Note: Select the ME phonebook.	Note: ME phonebook selected
AT+CPBU?	+CPBU: (1 –100),32,(0-255),12
	OK
Note: Display ME phonebook	Note: 100 locations starting at 1, 32 digits maximum, TON/NPI
information.	value range is 0-255, and 12 characters for the text.
AT+CPBS="MT"	OK
Note: Select the MT phonebook.	Note: MT phonebook selected
AT+CPBU?	+CPBU: (1-100,101-180),(32,20),(0-255),(12,12)
	OK
Note: Display MT phonebook	Note: 100 locations starting at 1 for the ME phonebook, 80
information.	locations starting at 101 for the SM phonebook, 32 digits maximum
	for the ME phonebook and 20 digits maximum for the SM
	phonebook, TON/NPI value range is 0-255, and 12 characters for
	the text in both the ME and SM phonebooks.

Find Phonebook Entries +CPBF

Description:

This command returns the first ten phonebook entries with alphanumeric fields starting with a given string. The user can use a string that is more exact to ensure that the entry they are looking for is found. The string search is case sensitive.

When the "MT" phonebook is selected, the find operation searches the "ME" portion first followed by the "SM" portion. The returned values may be a combination of entries from both the "ME" and "SM" phonebooks.

Note: This command is functional for the "ME", "EN", "SM", and "MT" phonebooks only.

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+CPBF="string"

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CPBF="TES"	+CPBF: 1,"6195551212",145,"test1"
	OK
	Note: Displays location starting with "TES"
AT+CPBF="NEXT"	+CME ERROR: 22
Note: Find entries that start with "NEXT"	Note: Entry not found

Write Phonebook Entry +CPBW

Description:

This command writes a phonebook entry to location *<index>* in the current phonebook selected with the +CPBS command.

If the "MT" phonebook is selected, <index> is in the range of the combined "ME" and "SM" phonebooks. When using auto address mode (<index> not specified in the command), the "ME" phonebook is accessed first for an available location. If a location is not available in the "ME" phonebook, the "SM" phonebook is accessed.

The +WSPC command must be issued with a valid SPC code value before entries in the "EN" phonebook can be changed.

Values:

<index> Integer type value depending on the capacity of the currently selected phonebook. <phoneNumber> Phone number is in ASCII format. Valid characters are 0-9 and *, #, -. <TON/NPI> Type of address in integer form. The MSB of this will always be set high. <text string>Any text string.

Note: PIN2 verification is required to do this command on the FDN. If the PIN2 authentication has been performed during the current session, the +CPBW command with FDN is allowed.

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CPBS="FD" Note: Select FDN phonebook	ОК
AT+CPBW=5,"8585551212",145,"test"	+CME ERRO: 17
Note: Write in FDN at location 5	Note: PIN2 is required
AT+CPIN2?	RUIM PIN2 Note: SIM PIN2 is required
AT+CPIN2=1234	OK
Note: Example PIN2 entered	Note: PIN2 successfully entered
AT+CPBW=5,"8585551212",145,"test"	OK
Note: Write in FDN at location 5	Note: Write in FDN successful

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+CPBW=<index>,"<phoneNumber>",<TON/NPI number>,"<text string>"

ourig-	
Command	Possible Responses
AT+CPBW=1,"6195551212",145,"test1"	OK
·	Note: Data stored in location 1.
AT+CPBW=2	OK
Note: Erase location 2	
AT+CPBW=1,"8585551212",145,"test1"	OK
Note: Location 1 overwritten	
AT+CPBW=80,"8585551212",145,"test80	ERROR
Note: Error left off trailing quotes	
AT+CPBW=,"8585551212",145,"test"	OK
Note: Write to the first open location	
AT+CPBW=,"8585551212",145,"FullBook"	+CME ERROR: 20
Note: Phone book is full	Note: Phonebook full
AT+CPBW=,"8585551212",145,"Text is too long for this "	+CME ERROR: 24
Note: Write to first location that is open 24 ASCII characters	Note: Text string exceed maximum character length

Phonebook Read +CPBR

Description:

This command returns phonebook entries from a range of locations from the currently selected phonebook.

When the "MT" phonebook is selected, a request for the range 95 through 105 will return locations 95 through 100 of the "ME" phonebook and locations 1 through 5 of the "SM" phonebook ("MT" phonebook locations 101 through 105).

Note: There are only 9 entries total in the Emergency Numbers phonebook (1-9).

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+CPBR=<first>[,last]

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CPBR=1	+CPBR:1,"6185551212",145,"test"
AT+CPBR=1,3	+CPBR:1,"6185551212",145,"test1"
Note: Read location 1 to 3 and return and data they	+CPBR:2,"6185551212",129,"test2"
may contain. Only 10 entries starting at the first entry	+CPBR:3,"6185551212",115,"test3"
are displayed. User can enter command multiple	Note: The MSB of the TON/NPI is ALWAYS set high
times with different indices.	
AT+CPBR=12,1	ERROR
Note: <x,y> where x<y< td=""><td>Note: Invalid range x>y</td></y<></x,y>	Note: Invalid range x>y
AT+CPBR=300	+CMEE:21
	Note: Invalid index

Note 1: When the range is more than 10, only the first 10 hit entries will be displayed. **Note 2:** For the LD, MC, and RC phonebooks, the TON/NPI number will not be displayed.

Phonebook Search +CPBP

Description:

This searches the currently selected phonebook for a phone number match and returns the entry if found. The search looks for the exactly number string match.

When the "MT" phonebook is selected, the search operation searches the "ME" portion first

followed by the "SM" portion.

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+CPBP= "<phone number>"

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CPBP= "8585551212"	+CPBP=1,"8585551212",145,"FullBook"
Note: Find "8585551212" in	OK
current phonebook if it exists.	Note: ME phone book previously selected. Display the entry that
	matches.
AT+CPBP="123"	+CME ERROR: 22
	Note: Entry not found

Note: The phone number to search should match that stored in phone book. Partial number searching is not supported and will return an error.

Avoid Phonebook Init +WAIP

Description: This command controls access to the available phonebooks. If +WAIP is set to 1,

phonebook entries are not accessible. When +WAIP is set to 0, access to phonebook

entries is permitted.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WAIP=<mode>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WAIP?	+WAIP: 1 Note: No phonebook commands are allowed after boot. If a command is entered it returns "+CMEE ERROR: 3"
AT+WAIP=?	+WAIP: (0-1) OK
AT+WAIP=1	OK
AT&W Note: Save value to NV	

<mode>

0: Normal operating mode. Enable.

1: No phonebook initialization. Disable.

Delete Calls From Phonebook +WDCP

Description: This command will delete all entries from a selected phonebook if it supports this feature.

Typically, +WDCP is used to delete the calls stored in LD, MC, and RC phonebooks.

Values: <call phonebook>:

LD, MC, or RC

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WDCP="<call phonebook>"

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WDCP?	+WDCP: "LD" Note: Returns phonebook(s) that support deleting calls.
AT+WDCP=?	+WDCP: ("LD","MC","RC") Note: Possible supported phonebooks
AT+WDCP="LD"	OK Note: Erase call history for last dialed phone book

CHAPTER 13 - POSITION DETERMINATION (GPS) AT COMMANDS

These AT commands are supported on gpsOne equipped CDMA modems. GpsOne is a wireless-assisted hybrid solution that utilizes both GPS and base-station trilateration to determine the mobile positions in more covered situations other than GPS alone.

The following includes several set-up commands (+WPDST, +WPDOM, +WPDDD, +WPDFR, +WPDPL), the start-session command (+WPDSS), the end-session command (+WPDES), and responses. Setup commands are not required in most cases (as defaults will be provided) before the start-session commands.

Note that these commands are preliminary. Changes may be made when carrier plans for location services are more readily available.

Position Determination Session Type +WPDST

Description: This command sets and returns the PD session type.

Values: <type>

0: session to provide the last position info available

1: session to provide single-shot fix

2: tracking mode independent fixes – session to provide continuous independent position fixes

3: tracking mode – session to provide continuous position fixes

4: data download – session to download ephemeris/almanac data only to minimize delays to obtain future fixes

Note that when a tracking mode is requested (continuous position fixes) and the TCP/IP transport layer is used, the position fixes will not be retrieved until the data call ends. Only the last 10 position fixes will be presented.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WPDST=<type>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WPDST?	+WPDST: 0
Note: Request current setting type	OK
AT+WPDST=0	OK
Note: select the last position info available	+CME ERROR: tbd (PD session already active)
AT+WPDST=9	+CME ERROR: tbd (invalid PD parameter)
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

Note that these 2 errors can happen on all +WPD requests below, and may not be listed.

Position Determination Operating Mode +WPDOM

Description: This command sets and returns the PD session operating mode.

Values: <mode>

0: Standalone only (currently not available)

1: Network only

2: Speed optimal (minimize time-to-fix, MS-based first, PDE-based later if failed)

3: Accuracy optimal (PDE preferred, MS in case of failure)

4: Data optimal- minimize data exchanged

5: MS-based only

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WPDOM=<mode>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WPDOM?	+WPDOM: 5
Note: Request current setting mode	OK
AT+WPDOM=1	OK
AT+WPDOM=0	+CME ERROR: tbd (PD parameter not supported)

Position Determination Data Download +WPDDD

Description: This command specifies and returns the PD data download setting.

Note: The default for +WPDDD is zeros. User must set the appropriate parameters prior to starting a gpsOne session.

Values: <type>

0: single-shot download of data valid for the specified duration periodically download data for the specified duration

<duration>

Specified in terms of minutes; type is declared as a word.

Note: The download duration is not currently used in the gpsOne software.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WPDDD=<type>,<duration>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WPDDD?	+WPDDD: 0,10
Note: Request current setting type	OK
AT+WPDDD=0,10	OK
Note: single-shot data valid for 10 minutes	

Position Determination Fix Rate +WPDFR

Description: This command specifies and returns the PD fix rate setting. This is used in Tracking

sessions only.

Note: The default for +WPDFR is zeros. The user must set the appropriate parameters prior

to starting a gpsOne session.

Values: <num>

Number of fixes. The type <num> is a double word.

<time>

Time between fixes in milliseconds, limited to 1800 seconds.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WPDFR=<num>,<time>

Command	Possible responses
AT+WPDFR?	+WPDFR: 10,100
Note: Request current setting type	OK
AT+WPDFR=10,100	OK
Note: maximum 10 fixes with 100	
seconds in between fixes	

Position Determination Privacy Level +WPDPL

Description: This command specifies and returns the PD privacy setting (this is per PD session).

Values: <level>

0: least privacy (no restriction)

1: medium 2: highest

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WPDPL=<level>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WPDPL?	+WPDPL: 0
Note: Request current setting type	OK
AT+WPDPL=2	OK
Note: Select highest level of security	

Position Determination NV Privacy Level +WPPRV

Description: This command specifies and returns the NV Privacy level for gpsOne. If the value is set to 0,

then MS will answer location requests. If the value is set to 1, then the mobile will only answer to location requests in emergency mode. The new value is committed to NV.

Values: <level>

0: Allow all

1: Emergency only

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WPPRV=<level>

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Command	Possible Responses	
AT+WPPRV?	+WPPRV: 0	
Note: Request current setting type	OK	
AT+WPPRV=1	OK	
Note: Phone will respond to emergency location requests only.		

Position Determination Transport Setting +WPTLM

Description: This command specifies and returns the transport layer setting of the PD session.

Values: <setting>

0: TCP/IP

1: DBM (Data Burse Message)

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WPTLM=<setting>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WPTLM?	+WPTLM: 1
Note: Request current setting type	OK
AT+WPTLM=0	OK
Note: Sets the transport setting to TCP/IP	

Position Determination Start Session +WPDSS

Description: This command starts the PD session to get position. Resulting data will come in as

unsolicited responses.

Values: <service>

"P" Position only

"PV" Position and Velocity "PH" Position and Height

"PVH" Position, Velocity, and Height

<performance>

0: no time allowed for GPS search, use AFLT only.

1-255: upper bound of GPS search time in seconds, with 255 seconds the maximum

<accuracy>

Accuracy threshold in meters, used by MS-based only. If position uncertainty higher than the threshold, PDE-calculated fixes will be try. The input can be between 1 to 255. But, the reasonable range may be much smaller.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WPDSS=<service>,<performance>,<accuracy>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WPDSS="PH"	OK
Note: Start session for position and height	+CME: ERROR: tbd (PD session already active)
with no limit on GSP search time	+CME: ERROR: tbd (modem offline)
AT+WPDSS="PVH",20,50	OK
Note: Start session for position, velocity,	+CMD: ERROR: tbd (tracking mode only)
and height – requiring GSP search time	+CMD: ERROR: tbd (tracking mode requires
limited within 20 seconds, and aim for	+WPDFR setup)
accuracy within 50 meters	+CME: ERROR: tbd (MS-based session only)
AT+WPDSS?	+WPDSS="PV" ("PV" session in progress)
	OK
	+WPDSS="PH",20,50 (said session in progress)
	OK (no active PD session)

Position Determination End Session +WPDES

Description: This command ends the PD session to get position.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WPDES

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WPDES	OK
Note: End session	+CME: ERROR: tbd (no active session)

Position Determination Start Session Result +WPDSS

Description: This unsolicited command returns the position determination data.

Values: <a href="mail

32-bit integer

<time>

64-bit integer

<fix>

2: 2D fix 3: 3D fix

<mask>

bit 0: altitude valid **bit 1**: heading valid

bit 2: velocity valid (e.g. 6 means heading and velocity valid)

<altitude>

16 bit integer

<altitude uncertainty>

byte

<heading>

16 bit unsigned integer

<heading uncertainty>

byte

<velocity horizontal>

16 bit unsigned integer

<velocity vertical>

8 bit signed integer

<velocity uncertainty>

byte

Syntax: Response Syntax: +WPDSS: https://example.com/syntax: -\delta -\delta

<heading>,<ang_u>,<vh>,<vv>,<v_u>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WPDSS="P" Note: Ask for position only.	OK +WPDSS:#,#,#,#,2 Note: Unsolicited result with position only.
AT+WPDSS="PV" Note: Ask for position and velocity.	OK +WPDSS:#,#,#,#,2,6,#,#,#,# Note: Unsolicited result with heading and velocity.
AT+WPDSS="PH" Note: Ask for position and height.	OK +WPDSS:#,#,#,#,3,3,#,#,#,# Note: Unsolicited result with altitude and heading.

Set IP Address of gpsOne Session +WPDIP

Description: This command allows the user to set the IP address of the gpsOne session if the TCP/IP

transport layer is used.

Values: <ip_address>

Specified in format xxx.xxx.xxx where xxx is 000 to 255.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WPDIP=<ip address>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WPDIP?	+WPDIP:192.168.135.124
Note: Query current gpsOne IP.	OK
AT+WPDIP=192.168.135.124	OK
	Note: New gpsOne IP set.

Set Port of gpsOne Session +WPDPT

Description: This command allows the user to set the port value for the gpsOne session if the TCP/IP

transport layer is used.

Values: <port>

Value is carrier specific.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WPDIP=<port>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WPDPT?	+WPDPT: 4911
Note: Query current gpsOne port value.	ОК
AT+WPDPT=4911	OK
	Note: New gpsOne port value set.

CHAPTER 14 - SPECIFIC AT COMMANDS

Manufacturer Identification +WGMI

Description: This command gives the manufacturer identification.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WGMI

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WGMI	+WGMI: MODEM
Note: Get manufacturer identification	OK
	Note: Command valid, modem

Request Model Identification +WGMM

Description: This command is used to get the supported frequency bands. With multi-band products the

response may be a combination of different bands.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WGMM

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WGMM	+WGMM: 800 1900
Note: Get supported bands	OK
	Note: CDMA 800 MHz band and 1900 (PCS)

Cell Environment and RxLev Indication +CCED

Description:

This command can be used by the application to retrieve information about the main cell and up to six neighboring cells. This is an extended command that may be used in two different settings:

- 1. Interrogation of the cell environment information
- 2. Interrogation of the received signal strength indication (RSSI)

The +CCED command supports two modes of operation: on request by the application or automatically by the product every 5 seconds.

Values: <mode>

- 0: Requests a single snapshot of cell data
- 1: Start automatic snapshot mode
- 2: Stop automatic snapshot mode

Automatic snapshot mode will not return a terminating "OK". The unsolicited responses +CCED and/or +CSQ will be used to return the requested information.

<requested dump>

- 1: Main Cell: <band class>, <Channel #>, SID, NID, <Base Station P Rev>, [<Pilot PN offset>], <Base Station ID>, [<Slot cycle index>], [<Ec/lo>], <Rx power>, <Tx power>, <Tx Adj>
- 2: Neighbor1 to Neighbor20 (max): The first value is the <number of neighbor entries> in the response. Each neighbor entry consists of the following values: <band class>, [<Pilot PN>], <Frequency Assignment>
- 4: Timing Advance: Always zero for CDMA
- 8: Main cell RSSI indication (RxLev) from 0 to 31.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CCED=<mode>[, <requested dump>]

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CCED=?	+CCED: (0-2),(1-15)
	OK
AT+CCED?	+CCED: 0,13
	OK
AT+CCED=0	+CSQ: 15, 99
Note: one time, dump	+CCED: 0,0,1,125,4,65535,6,,0,,,-107,-32,-63
default (8, 4, and 1)	OK
AT+CCED=0,1	+CCED: 1,725,4,65535,6,,0,,,-104,-35,-63
Note: one time, dump main	OK
cell	
AT+CCED=1,8	+CSQ: 18, 99
Note: Start automatic	Note: No OK response. New +CSQ response output every 5 seconds.
snapshots and dump <rssi>.</rssi>	
AT+CCED=2,8	OK
	Note: Stop automatic snapshots of <rssi>.</rssi>
AT+CCED=0,2	+CCED:18,0,268,384,0,272,384,0,296,384,0,8,384,0,48,384,0,248,384,0
Note: one time, dump	,164,384,0,16,384,0,12,384,0,224,384,0,108,384,0,476,384,0,472,384,0,
neighbor cells. Neighbor	76,384,0,292,384,0,300,384,0,312,384,0,308,384
cells must be dumped	OK
separately.	Note: 18 neighbor cells are present. The first neighbor cell band class is
	0, its PilotPN is 268, and its frequency assignment is 384.

The value displayed for Ec/lo is the index of the Active set in 0.5dB steps from 0 (0dB) to 63 (-31.5dB). For example: 0 = 0dB, 1 = 0.5dB, 2 = 1dB, ... 62 = 31dB, 63 = 31.5dB

If the <requested dump> parameter is not specified, the <requested dump> value from the previous +CCED command will be used. If no previous +CCED <requested dump> value is available, a default value of 13 (8, 4, and 1) will be used.

For <requested dump> 4, 2, and 1, the requested information is output using the unsolicited +CCED response. Place holders are used in the +CCED output for fields that cannot be measured or are not meaningful in the current mode of operation. In this case, consecutive commas will be present in the output. There are also several optional parameters ([]) that are not displayed in AMPS mode and will result in place holders in the +CCED command output. Automatic snapshots of these dumps are not supported during communication or registration.

For <requested dump> 8, the information is output using the unsolicited +CSQ response. The 07.07 format of the +CSQ response is respected. However, the <fer> portion of the +CSQ response is not evaluated by this dump request so the <fer> value will always be 99. Automatic snapshots are supported in idle mode and during communication.

The combination of multiple <requested dump> values (addition of the values) in a single +CCED command is supported with the exception of <requested dump> 2. The <requested dump> 2 value must be use by itself and not in combination with other dump request values.

Either or both the +CCED and +CSQ responses are used for output depending upon the <requested dump> value. Activation or deactivation of a +CCED response flow will not affect an existing +CSQ response flow. Likewise, activation or deactivation of a +CSQ response flow will not affect an existing +CCED response flow.

Analog Digital Converters Measurements +ADC

Description: This command returns the current raw value of the specified ADC data item. Two external

and four internal items can be queried.

VBATT Battery voltage (+Vbatt) being supplied to the Modem. THERM Thermistor level (internal temperature) of the Modem.

HDET Internal test use only.

ADC_0 External general-purpose user defined input (pin 33). ADC_1 External general-purpose user defined input (pin 38).

ADC_CHG_MON Battery charger monitor (CHG_IN).

Values: <item>

0: VBATT: 0 to 2.5 volts. Returned value = (+V_BAT*256)/(2.5*2.5) Range: 0-255

1: THERM: 100 °C (68) to -40 °C (240). Returned value = (vt*256)/2.5 vt = -0.012*T +

1.864 "T" is thermistor temperature in °Celsius. Range: 68-240 or

-1.2288 °C per step.

2: HDET: Internal use. Value range: 0-255

3: ADC_0: 0 to 2.5 volts. Value = (Vadc*256)/2.5 Value range: 0-255

4: ADC_1: 0 to 2.5 volts. Value = (Vadc*256)/2.5 Value range: 0-255

5: ADC_CHG_MON: 0 to 4.2 volts. Value = (CHG_IN*256)/4.2 Value range: 0-255

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+ADC=<item>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+ADC=0	+ADC: 211
Note: Select VBATT	OK
	Note: raw value for VBATT (~2.29 volts)
AT+ADC=1	+ADC: 94
Note: Select THERM	OK
	Note: raw thermistor temperature (~34 ° C)
AT+ADC=?	+ADC: (0-5)
Note: Ask for the list of possible	Note: possible values 0 –5
values	
AT+ADC?	+ADC: 1
Note: Ask for the current item	OK
selected	Note: THERM selected

Mobile Equipment Event Reporting +CMER

Description: This command enables or disables the sending of unsolicited result codes in the case of a

key press.

Values: <keyp> (keypad):

0: No keypad event reporting.

1: Keypad events are reporting using the unsolicited response: +CKEV: <key>, <press>.

See Chapter 3, Key Press or Release, for more information on +CKEV.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CMER=<keyp>

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Command	Possible Responses
AT+CMER?	+CMER: 0
Note: Display current setting.	OK
	Note: Keypad event reporting disabled.
AT+CMER=1	OK
Note: Enable keypad event reporting.	Note: Keypad event reporting enabled.

Read GPIO Value +WIOR

Description: Set the I/O port as an input and read the I/O pin value.

Values: <index>

The GPIO to read. (0-47)

<value>

Value of the GPIO pin.

Syntax: Command syntax:_AT+WIOR=<index>

Response syntax: +WIOR: <value>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WIOR=32	+WIOR: 0
Read GPIO 32 value	OK
	GPIO 32 value is 0

Write GPIO Value +WIOW

Description: Set the I/O port as an output and set the requested I/O pin value. Valid writeable GPIOs for

23xx are: 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 16, 20, 21, 22, 23, 30, 36, 40, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47.

Values: <index>

The GPIO to write.

<value>

0: I/O bit is set to 0.1: I/O bit is set to 1.

The GPIO values for 24xx are: 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 37, 41, 42, 44, 48, 49, 50,

54, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WIOW=<index>,<value>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WIOW=47,1	OK
Set GPIO 47 to 1	GPIO value is written

Play Tone +WTONE

Description: This specific command allows a tone to be played on the current speaker or on the buzzer.

Frequency, volume and duration can be set.

Values: <mode>

0: Stop playing.1: Play a tone

<dest>: This parameter sets the destination (mandatory if <mode>=1)

1: Speaker 2: Buzzer

<freq>: This parameter sets tone frequency (in Hz) (mandatory if <mode>=1). The range is between 1 and 4000Hz. However, for handset and a person to hear, the effective range may be 150-4000Hz.

<volume>(0-3): This parameter sets the tone volume. The default value is 1. Values are the same as +CRSL.

<duration> (0-50): This parameter sets tone duration (unit of 100 ms). When this parameter is equal to 0 (default value), the duration is infinite, and the tone can be stopped by AT+WTONE=0.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WTONE=<mode>[,<dest>,<freq>,<volume>,<duration>]

	mede [, deet , ned , relaine , daration]
Command	Possible Responses
AT+WTONE=1,1,300,2,50	OK
Note: Play a tone	Note: Done
AT+WTONE?	+WTONE: 1,1,300,2,50
Note: Current value	OK
AT+WTONE=0	OK
Note: Stop playing	Note: Done
AT+WTONE=?	+WTONE: (0-1),(1-2),(1-4000),(0-3),(0-50)
Note: Test command	OK
	Note: Done

Play DTMF Tone +WDTMF

Description: This specific command allows a DTMF tone to be played on the current speaker. DTMF,

volume and duration can be set. This command is only used to play a DTMF tone. To send a

DTMF over the CDMA network, use the +VTS command.

Values: <mode>

> 0: Stop playing. 1: Play a DTMF tone

<dtmf>: This parameter sets the DTMF to play in {0-9,*,#,A,B,C,D} (mandatory if

<mode>=1)

<volume> (0-3): This parameter sets tone gain. The values are identical to those of the

+WTONE (speaker) command (mandatory if <mode>=1).

<duration> (0-50): This parameter sets the tone duration (unit of 100 ms). When this parameter is 0 (default value), the duration is infinite, and the DTMF tone can be stopped by

AT+WDTMF=0.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WDTMF=<mode>[,<dtmf>,<volume>,<duration>]

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WDTMF=1,"*",2,10	OK
Note: Play a DTMF tone	Note: Done
AT+WDTMF?	+WDTMF: 1,"*",2,10
Note: Current value	Note:
AT+WDTMF=0	OK
Note: Stop playing	Note: Done
AT+WDTMF=?	ERROR
Note: Test command	Note: Done

Hardware Version +WHWV

Description: This command displays the MSM version along with hardware version number.

MSM version display format: Major.Minor; e.g. 240.16

240 denotes MSM Major:

Minor: 1 denotes 5105; 06 denotes typeout version 6;

8 denotes 6050; 02 denotes typeout version 2;

The three-digit production hardware version is written to the modem during manufacturing. First digit represents PCB version (ex: 5. as in V5). The second and third digits represent last two digits of part-list number (ex. 04). In this case the hardware version number will be 504.

If the hardware version has not been written by manufacturing second filed of this command will be 0.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WHWV

Command	Possible Responses	
AT+WHWV	+WHWV: 240.16,504	
Note: Request MSM Version	OK	
	Note: MSM version is 240.16 (5105 chipset), PCB version is 5 and	
	parts-list used during manufacture is 04.	
AT+WHWV	+WHWV: 240.82,0	
Note: Request MSM Version	OK	
	Note: MSM version is 240.82 (6050 chipset), hardware version is 0	
	since manufacturing has not written the production number yet.	

Select Voice Gain +WSVG

Description: The product has 2 voice gain paths. This command provides a means for selecting the

desired voice path.

Values: <n> Path

0: HANDSET (Default)

1: HEADSET

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WSVG=<n>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WSVG=0	OK
Note: Select Path 1 (Default)	Note: Path 1 selected
AT+WSVG=1	OK
Note: Select Path 2	Note: Path 2 selected
AT+WSVG=?	+WSVG: (0-1)
Note: Get the list of possible	Note: possible values 0 or 1
values	
AT+WSVG?	+WSVG: 1
Note: Get the current value	Note: Path 1 is selected

Status Request +WSTR

Description: This command returns additional information for the initialization sequence and network

status.

Values: If **<status>** is 1 (initialization sequence), then:

<value>

0: Not started1: On going2: Finished

If <status> is 2 (Network status), then:

<value>

0: No network1: Network available

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WSTR=<status>

Response syntax: +WSTR: <status>,<value>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WSTR=1	+WSTR: 1,2
Note: Select the status 1 (INIT SEQUENCE)	OK
	Note: Init finished
AT+WSTR=2	+WSTR: 2,1
Note: Select the status 2 (NETWORK STATUS)	OK
	Note: The network is available
AT+WSTR=?	+WSTR: (1-2)
Note: Ask the list of possible values	Note: possible values : 1, 2

Ring Indicator Mode +WRIM

Description:

This specific command sets or returns the state of the Ring Indicator Mode. In pulse RI mode, an electrical pulse lasting approximately 10µs is sent on the Ring Indicator signal just before sending any unsolicited AT response in order not to lose AT responses when client tasks are in sleep state. Still in RI mode, when receiving incoming calls, electrical pulses are sent on the RI signal.

In up-down RI mode, no pulses are sent before unsolicited AT response, and up-down signals are sent when receiving an incoming call.

Values:

<n>

0: up-down RI mode **1**: pulse RI mode

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+WRIM=<n>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WRIM=0	OK
Note: Select up-down RI mode	Note: up-down RI mode selected
AT+WRIM=1	OK
Note: Select pulse RI mode	Note: pulse RI mode selected
AT+WRIM=?	+WRIM: (0-1)
Note: Ask the list of possible values	OK
	Note: possible values 0 or 1
AT+WRIM?	+WRIM: 1
Note: Ask the current value	OK
	Note: current RI mode is pulse RI.

32kHz Sleep Mode +W32K

Description: Th

This specific command allows the 32kHz sleep mode to be enabled or disabled. When sleep mode is entered, the product uses a 32kHz internal clock during inactivity stages. When enabled, sleep mode is active after 1 to 15 minutes.

Values:

<mode>

0: Disable 32kHz power down mode1: Enable 32kHz power down mode

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+W32K=<mode>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+W32K=1	OK
Note: Enable 32kHz sleep mode	Note: 32kHz sleep mode is enabled
AT+W32K=0	OK
Note: Disable 32kHz sleep mode	Note: 32kHz sleep mode is disabled

Change Default Melody +WCDM

Description:

This specific command allows a manufacturer specific melody to be selected. This default melody will be played for any new incoming voice call, either on the buzzer or on the speaker. If melody 0 is selected, no melody will be played.

Note: Selection of the player will have effect on the setting of the WCDP command.

Values: <melody>

0: No melody (default) 1...10: Melody 1 to 10

<player>

0: Melody n°<melody> will be played on the buzzer for any new incoming voice call. (**default**)

1: Melody n°<melody> will be played on the speaker for any new incoming voice call.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WCDM=<melody>,<player>

Command	Possible Responses
0.011111011101	
AT+WCDM=0	OK
Note: Select no melody	
AT+WCDM=5	OK
Note: Select melody n°5	
AT+WCDM?	+WCDM: 5,0
Note: Indicate the current melody	OK
	Note: Melody n°5 is currently selected, and the buzzer is
	selected to play it.
	RING
	Note: An incoming call occurs, and the melody n°5 is
	played on the buzzer.
AT+WCDM=,1	OK
Note: Select the speaker to play	
the melody on.	
AT+WCDM?	+WCDM: 5,1
	OK
	Note: Now the speaker is selected to play the melody if
	an incoming call occurs.

Software Version +WSSW

Description: This command displays the internal software version.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WSSW

Command Syntax. AT 1 WOOW	
Command	Possible Responses
AT+WSSW	+WSSW: WQ1.6
Note: Get Software	OK
version	Note: internal software information

Custom Character Set +WCCS

Description:

This command provides the ability to edit and display the custom character set tables. The "CUSTOM" mode of the +CSCS command uses the custom character set tables.. In this mode, when the user enters a string, this string is translated into the CDMA character set using the 'Custom To CDMA' table. In a similar way, when the user requests a string display, the string is translated from CDMA character set using the 'CDMA To Custom' table.

In edit mode, the edit session is terminated by <ctrl-Z> (0x1A), or aborted by <ESC> (0x1B). Only hexadecimal characters ('0'...'9', 'A'...'F') can be used; two hexadecimal digits per character. The number of characters entered must equal the edit range requested, otherwise the command will terminate with a "+CME ERROR: 3" result.

Values:

<mode>

- 0: Display the table
- 1: Edit the table

- 0: Custom To CDMA conversion table
- 1: CDMA To Custom conversion table

<char 1>, <char 2> Character range to display/edit. If only <char 1> is present, only this char is displayed/edited.

- **0...127**: for CDMA To Custom conversion table
- 0...127: for Custom To CDMA conversion table

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+WCCS=<mode>,,<char 1>[,<char 2>]

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WCCS=0,0,20,30	+WCCS: 11, 78797A2020202020097E05
Note: Display character locations 120 through 130 of the Custom To CDMA conversion table	OK Note: 11 characters displayed
	' '
AT+WCCS=1,0,115 <cr></cr>	OK
20 <ctrl-z></ctrl-z>	Note: Edit successful
Note: Edit character 115 of the Custom To CDMA	
conversion table	
AT+WCCS=1,1,0,4 <cr></cr>	OK
40A324A5E8 <ctrl-z></ctrl-z>	Note: Edit successful
Note: Edit the 5 first characters of the CDMA To	
Custom conversion table	
AT+WCCS=1,1,200	+CME ERROR: 3
Note: Edit character 200 of CDMA To Custom	Note: Index out of range
conversion table	

CPHS Command +CPHS

Description:

This command is used to activate, deactivate or interrogate a CPHS feature (e.g. Voice Mail Indicator). When performing an interrogation (mode = 2), the selected <FctId> CPHS feature is automatically enabled (status = 1).

Note: This command may answer +CME ERROR: 3 if the CPHS feature is disabled.

Values: <Mode>

0: Deactivate a CPHS feature1: Activate a CPHS feature2: Interrogate a CPHS status

<FctId>

1: Voice Mail Indicator

<Status>

0: CPHS feature disabled **1**: CPHS feature enabled

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+CPHS=<Mode>,<FctId>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CPHS= <mode>,<fctid></fctid></mode>	OK
AT+CPHS?	+CPHS: <status>,<fctid1><cr<lf></cr<lf></fctid1></status>
	OK
AT+CPHS=?	+CPHS: (0-2),(1-1)
Note: display the range of values	OK

Change Default Player +WCDP

Description: This command is used to select the default destination for the melody player.

Note: Selection of the player will have effect on the setting of the WCDM command.

Values: <player>

0: Speaker **1**: Buzzer

Syntax: Command syntax: DP = <player>

Onlinaria Syritax. Di Spiayer		
Command	Possible Responses	
AT+WCDP=?	+WCDP: (0-1)	
	OK	
AT+WCDP=0	OK	
Select the speaker.		
AT+WCDP?	+WCDP: 0	
	OK	

Reset +WRST

Description: This command is used to reset the modem after the specified <delay> time period. The

<delay> value is entered in terms of hours and minutes.

Values: <mode>

0: timer reset is disabled

1: timer reset is enabled

<Delay> specify the time for reset (hrs:mins)

"000:00"- "199:59"

<RemainTime> time before next reset

"000:00"- "199:59"

Syntax: Command syntax: +WRST =<Mode>,<Delay>

Response Syntax: +WRST: <Mode>,<Delay>,<RemainTime>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WRST=?	ERROR
AT+WRST=0	OK
Note: Disable timer	
AT+WRST=1,"001:03"	OK
Note: Enable timer and put delay at	
1 hour 3 minutes	
AT+WRST?	+WRST: 1,"001:03","001:01"
	OK
	Note: Timer activated to reset after 1 hour and 3 minutes. Actually 1
	hour and 1 minute remaining before next reset.

Set Standard Tone +WSST

Description: This command is used to set/get the sound level of the Standard Tones.

Values: <sound level>

0: Max volume (default)4: Min volume (muted)

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WSST=<sound level>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WSST=0	OK
Note: Set volume to Max.	
AT+WSST=4	OK
Note: Set the volume to Min (muted)	Note: Standard Tones are muted
AT+WSST?	+WSST: 4
Note: get current standard tones sound level	OK
	Note: Current level is 4
AT+WSST=?	+WSST: (0-4)
Note: Display valid parameter range.	OK

Set Voice Privacy Level +WPRV

Description:

This command requests the CDMA voice privacy level. CDMA voice privacy is an optional feature of CDMA networks. Therefore, voice privacy will only become enabled during a voice call if the base station supports voice privacy; otherwise this feature is unavailable on your CDMA carrier. Thus, this command enables a request from the modem to the base station for voice privacy. If voice privacy is activated by the base station, the unsolicited command +WPRV:1 will appear indicating the long code PN mask for the traffic channel has been scrambled by the base station (also see Chapter 19). This command may be issued before or during a voice call.

Note: When voice privacy is enabled, an audible alert will be generated if the state of voice privacy changes (loss or establishment).

Values: <voice privacy level>

0: Normal (default)

1: Private

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WPRV=<voice privacy level>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WPRV=0	OK
Note: Set to normal voice call	
AT+WPRV=1	OK
Note: Request a secure voice call	
·	OK
ATD18005551212;	+WORG:18005551212
	+WCNT:3
	+WPRV:1
	Note: Voice Privacy is now ON

Security PIN +WPIN

Description:

This command sets, enables, or disables the security PIN. When this PIN is enabled, only ATD (emergency numbers only), ATH, and +WPIN commands will be accepted.

Note 1: The default value of the WPIN will be the last four digits of the mobile directory number if configured (+WMDN). If not configured, the default value of the WPIN will be 0000.

Note 2: When the security PIN is enabled, the unit will power-up in the "locked" state.

Note 3: For RUIM software builds, the default value for WPIN is '0000' even if a WMDN is present.

Values:

<mode>

- 0: Disable modem lock
- 1: Enable modem lock
- 2: Change the PIN number
- **3**: Verify the PIN. Unlock the modem until reset. Does not change NV enable/disable setting.
- 4: Enable modem lock upon power up

<current val> & <new val>

0000 - 9999

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+WPIN=<mode>,<current val>,<new val>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WPIN=0,1111	OK
Note: Disable the security PIN	
AT+WPIN?	+WPIN: 0
Note: Query the current state	OK
	Note: PIN disabled
AT+WPIN=1,2222	+CME ERROR: 44
Note: Enable the security PIN	Note: Invalid PIN
AT+WPIN=1,1111	OK
Note: Enable the security PIN	
AT+WPIN?	+WPIN: 1
Note: Query the current state	OK
	Note: PIN enabled
AT+WPIN=2,1111,5555	OK
Note: Change the security PIN code	
from 1111 to 5555	
AT+CSQ?	+CME ERROR: 44
	Note: Modem is locked, only ATD & +WPIN commands will be
	accepted
ATD8585551212;	+CME ERROR: 44
	Note: Modem is locked, only emergency numbers accepted
	using ATD.
AT+WPIN=0,5555	OK
Note: Disable the security PIN	
AT+WPIN=3,5555	+CME ERROR: 44
Note: Verify the security PIN	Note: Wrong PIN value entered. Modem locked.
AT+WPIN=3,0000	OK
Note: Verify the security PIN	Note: Correct PIN value entered. Modem unlocked.
AT+WPIN=4,0000	OK
Note: Power up modem lock	Note: Modem locked at power up.

Request PRL Version Information +WPRL

Description: This command requests PRL Version information for the currently selected NAM.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WPRL?

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WPRL?	+WPRL: 1024
Note: Request current NAM's PRL version	OK
AT+WPRL?	+CME ERROR: 41
Note: Request current NAM's PRL version	Note: PRL request invalid because there's no PRL loaded.

Note: The range for PRL is a 16-bit type.

Minute Alert +WMBP

Description: This command is used to set the minute alert while in a voice conversation.

Values: <mode>

0: Disable alert1: Enable alert

<interval>

1 - 30: Time in minutes

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WMBP=<mode>,<interval>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WMBP=0	OK
Note: Turn off the alert	
AT+WMBP=1,4	OK
Note: Turn on the alert and set 4 minutes apart	
AT+WMBP?	+WMBP: 1,4
Note: Request current setting	Note: PRL request invalid because there's no PRL
	loaded.
AT+WMBP=?	+WMBP: (0-1),(1-30)
Note: Display valid parameter ranges.	

Configure LED Indicator +CLED

Description:

This command is used to configure GPIO 41 and GPIO 54 for general purpose use. The default use of these two GPIO's is to drive LED indicators on the Developer Kit board. This command allows a user application to disable this default behavior. When disabled, the user application has full control over the state of these GPIO's. The modem operating software will be prevented from change them for operational status indications.

The byte value specified with the +CLED command is a bitmap where bit 0 configures LED1/GPIO 41 and bit 1 configures LED2/GPIO 54. Bit positions 2 through 7 are ignored.

The state of the +CLED specified control bits is not persistent. Both bit positions are always set active (1) during boot resulting in LED status indicator operation. The +CLED command must be used by the user application after each boot if GPIO 41 or GPIO 54 are used for other purposes.

Values:

<br/

bit 0: 0 = GPIO 41 selected; 1 = LED1 selected. **bit 1:** 0 = GPIO 54 selected; 1 = LED2 selected.

bit 2 - bit7: Reserved

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CLED=<bitmap value>

Command Command	Possible Responses
AT+CLED?	CLED: 3
Note: Display current settings.	ОК
	Note: Both GPIO's are used for modem operational
	status indicators.
AT+CLED=?	CLED: (0-3)
Note: Display valid parameter range.	OK
AT+CLED=1	OK
Note: Set bit 1 to inactive and bit 0 to	Note: GPIO 54 available, LED1 used for modem
active.	status.
AT+WIOW=54,0	OK
Note: Set GPIO state.	Note: Set GPIO 54 to 0.
.=	
AT+WIOR=41	+WIOR: 1
Note: Read state of LED1 indicator.	OK
17.01.70	Note: Read current state of LED1 indicator
AT+CLED=2	OK
Note: Set bit 1 to active and bit 0 to	Note: LED2 used for modem status, GPIO 41
inactive.	available.
AT. 141014 44 4	
AT+WIOW=41,1	OK
Note: Set GPIO state.	Note: Set GPIO 41 to 1.
AT 114/1014/-54 4	OK
AT+WIOW=54,1	
Note: Set LED2 state.	Note: LED2 indicator set to "on". LED on/off state may
	change due to modem status indication.

Keypad Enable/Disable +WPAD

Description:

This command is used to enable or disable the keypad functionality. When enabled, keypad functionality supports a 5 by 5 keypad matrix of Row and Column lines. When disabled, the GPIO's associated with the keypad (57 through 66) are available for custom use. Refer to the Product Technical Specification [11] for additional details.

Note: The setting established by the AT+WPAD command is not persistent unless saved to NV by the AT&W command.

Values: <mode>

0: Keypad disabled1: Keypad enabled

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WPAD=<mode>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WPAD=?	+WPAD (0-1)
Note: Display valid parameter range.	OK
AT+WPAD?	+WPAD: 1
Note: Display current setting.	OK
	Note: Keypad enabled.
AT+WPAD=0	OK
AT&W	OK
Note: Disable keypad and write to NV.	

CHAPTER 15 - SIM TOOLKIT

Overview of SIM Application ToolKit

Summary

SIM ToolKit, also known as .SIM Application ToolKit, introduces new functionalities which open the way to a broad range of value added services. The principle is to allow service providers the ability to develop new applications (e.g. banking, travel, ticket booking, etc.) for subscribers and to download them into the SIM. This solution allows new services to be accessible to the user by adding new SIM-based applications without modifying the handset.

Functionality

SIM Toolkit refers to the functionalities described in the GSM Technical specification 11.14. It introduces about 25 new commands for the SIM. Three classes of ToolKit functionalities have been defined with class 1 offering a subset of commands and class 3 offering the full range of commands.

The SIM Application Toolkit supports:

- Profile Download
- Proactive SIM
- Data Download into SIM
- Menu Selection
- · Call Control by SIM

Profile Download

The Profile Download instruction is sent by the customer application to the SIM as part of the initialization. It is used to indicate which SIM Application Toolkit features the customer application supports.

The AT command used for this operation is **+STSF** (SIM ToolKit Set Facilities).

Proactive SIM

A proactive SIM provides a mechanism whereby the SIM can ask the customer application to perform certain actions.

These actions include:

- · display menu
- display given text
- · get user input
- send a short message
- play the requested tone
- set up a call
- · provide location information

This mechanism allows SIM applications to generate powerful menu-driven sequences on the customer application and to use services available in the network.

The commands used for this operation are:

- **+STIN** (SIM Toolkit Indication)
- +STGI (SIM Toolkit Get Information)
- **+STGR** (SIM Toolkit Give Response)

Data Download to SIM

Data downloading to the SIM allows data (SMS, phonebook) or programs (Java applets) received by SMS or by Cell Broadcast to be transferred directly to the SIM Application.

This feature does not need any AT command. It is transparent to the customer application.

Menu Selection

A set of menu items is supplied by the SIM Application ToolKit. The menu selection command can then be used to inform the SIM Application which menu item is selected.

The commands used for this operation are:

- **+STIN** (SIM Toolkit Indication)
- **+STGI** (SIM Toolkit Get Information)
- **+STGR** (SIM Toolkit Give Response)

Call control by SIM

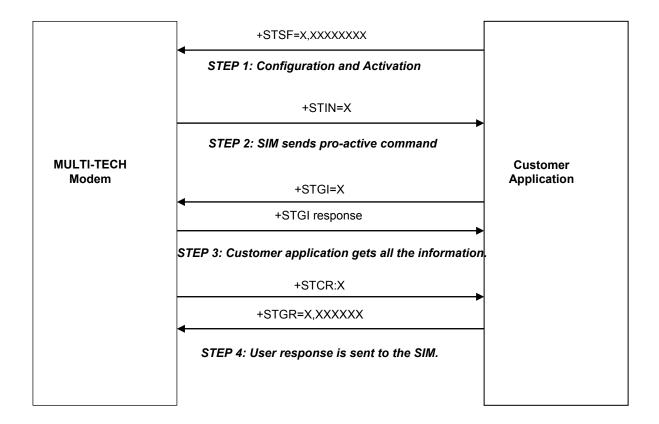
The call control mechanism allows the SIM to check all dialed numbers, supplementary service control strings and USSD strings before connecting to the network. This gives the SIM the ability to allow, bar or modify the string before the operation starts.

The commands used for this operation are:

- **+STCR** (SIM Toolkit Control Response)
- **+STGR** (SIM Toolkit Give Response)

Messages Exchanged During a SIM ToolKit Operation

The following scheme shows the SIM Toolkit commands and unsolicited results that are exchanged.



On the first step the customer application informs the modem which facilities are supported. This operation is performed with the **+STSF** (SIM ToolKit Set Facilities) command, which is also used to activate or deactivate the SIM Toolkit functionality. On the second step, an unsolicited result **+STIN** (SIM ToolKit indication) is sent by the product to indicate the customer application which command type the SIM Application Toolkit is running on the SIM card. The last SIM Toolkit indication can be requested by the **+STIN**? command. On the third step, the customer application uses the **+STGI** (SIM ToolKit Get Information) command to get all the information about the SIM ToolKit command, given by **+STIN**. On the fourth step, the customer application uses the **+STGR** (SIM ToolKit Give Response) to send its response (if any) to the SIM ToolKit Application.

The **+STCR** (SIM Toolkit Control response) indication is an unsolicited result sent by the SIM when Call control functionality is activated and before the customer application has performed any outgoing call, SMS, SS, or USSD.

SIM ToolKit Set Facilities (+STSF)

Description: This command allows SIM ToolKit facilities to be activated, deactivated or configured.

Values: <mode>

- **0**: Deactivates the SIM Toolkit functionalities.
- 1: Activates the SIM Toolkit functionalities.
- 2: Configures the SIM Toolkit functionalities.

<Config>

(160060C01F . 5FFFFFFFF) (hex format)

<Timeout>

1-255: Timeout for user responses (multiple of 10 seconds).

<Autoresponse>

- 0: Automatic response is not activated
- 1: Automatic response is activated

The activation or deactivation of the SIM Toolkit functionalities requires the use of the +CFUN (Set phone functionality) command to reset the product (this operation is not necessary if PIN is not entered yet).

The <Config> parameter gives the coding of the TERMINAL PROFILE, precisely the list of SIM Application Toolkit facilities that are supported by the customer application.

The <Timeout> parameter (multiple of 10 seconds) sets the maximum time the user has for reacting (to select an item, to input a text, etc).

When the <Autoresponse> is activated, the +STIN indication for Play Tone (5), Refresh (7), Send SS (8), Send SMS (9) or Send USSD (10) is automatically followed by the corresponding +STGI response.

Note: Some bits are related to the product only and not to the customer application. The product automatically sets these bits to either 0 or 1 whatever the user enters with the +STSF command.

Each facility is coded on 1 bit:

- bit = 1: facility is supported by the customer application.
- bit = 0: facility is not supported by the customer application.

Only the first five bytes of the TERMINAL PROFILE (Class 2) can be configured, the other are set to 0. (See structure of TERMINAL PROFILE in APPENDIX C)

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+STSF=<mode>[,<config>][,<Timeout>][,<AutoResponse>]

Command	Possible Responses
AT+STSF= <mode>[,<config>][,</config></mode>	OK
<timeout>][,<autoresponse>]</autoresponse></timeout>	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
AT+STSF?	+STSF:
	<mode>,<config>,<timeout>,<autoresponse></autoresponse></timeout></config></mode>

Error Codes

+CME ERROR: 3 Operation not allowed. This error is returned when a wrong parameter is entered.

Example:

Enable the reporting of mobile equipment errors AT+CMEE=1

OK AT+WIND=15 Set indications

OK

AT+CPAS Query ME Status +CPAS: 0 ME is ready. OK

AT+STSF=? Test command SIM ToolKit Set Facilities

+STSF: (0-2), (160060C01F . 5FFFFFFF7F),(1-255)

AT+STSF?

+STSF: 0,"160060C000",3 No activation of SIM ToolKit functionality

OK

AT+STSF=2,"5FFFFFFF7F" Set all SIM ToolKit facilities (class 3).

ΟK

AT+STSF=3 Syntax Error

+CME ERROR: 3

AT+STSF=1 Activation of SIM ToolKit functionality OK

AT+CFUN=1 Reboot Software.

OK

AT+CPIN? Is the ME requiring a password?

+CPIN: SIM PIN Yes, SIM PIN required

AT+CPIN=0000 OK PIN Ok

+WIND: 4

Init phase is complete AT+STSF?

+STSF: 1,"5FFFFFF7F",3 SIM ToolKit functionality activated with all facilities

OK

SIM ToolKit Indication (+STIN)

Unsolicited Result:

In order to allow the customer application to identify the pro-active command sent via SIM ToolKit, a mechanism of unsolicited SIM ToolKit indications (+STIN) is implemented.

Syntax: +STIN: <CmdType>

Option: <CmdType>

- Indicates that a .Setup Menu. Pro-active command has been sent from the SIM.
- Indicates that a .Display Text. Pro-active command has been sent from the SIM. 1:
- 2: Indicates that a .Get Inkey. Pro-active command has been sent from the SIM.
- 3: Indicates that a .Get Input. Pro-active command has been sent from the SIM.
- 4: Indicates that a .Setup Call. Pro-active command has been sent from the SIM.
- 5: Indicates that a .Play Tone. Pro-active command has been sent from the SIM. (*)
- 6: Indicates that a .Sel Item. Pro-active command has been sent from the SIM.
- 7: Indicates that a .Refresh. pro-active command has been sent from the SIM. (*)
- 9: Indicates that a .Send SMS. Pro-active command has been sent from the SIM. (*)
- 11: Indicates that a SETUP EVENT LIST. Pro-active command has been sent from the
- 98: Indicates the timeout when no response from user.
- 99: Indicates that a .End Session. Has been sent from the SIM.
- (*) if the automatic response parameter is activated, this indication is followed by the corresponding +STGI response.

Last SIM Toolkit Indication:

The last SIM toolkit indication sent by the SIM can be requested by the AT+STIN? command. This command is only useable between the sending of the STIN indication by the SIM (Chapter 15, diagram Messages Exchanged During an SIM ToolKit Operation) and the response of the user with the +STGI command (Chapter 15).

Command syntax: AT+STIN?

Command	Possible Responses
AT+STIN?	+STIN: 0
Note: Ask for the last SIM toolkit	OK
indication sent by the SIM.	Note: the last SIM toolkit indication was
	a Setup Menu
AT+STGI=0	OK
Note: Display the SIM toolkit application	
Menu.	
AT+STIN?	+CME ERROR: 4
Note: Ask for the last SIM toolkit	Note: operation not supported, the
indication sent by the SIM.	+STGI command has been already used .

SIM ToolKit Get Information +STGI)

Description: This command allows you to get the information (text to display, Menu information,

priorities.) of a pro-active command sent from the SIM. The information is returned only after

receiving a SIM Toolkit indication (+STIN).

Syntax: Command syntax: +STGI=<Cmd>

Command	Possible Responses
+STGI= <cmd></cmd>	See following table.
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
+STGI=?	+STGI: (0-11)
Note: Display valid parameter range.	OK

Cmd	Description	Possible Responses
0	Get information about	+STGI: <alpha identifier="" menu=""></alpha>
	'Setup Menu' pro-active command.	+STGI: <id1>,<nbltems>,<alpha id1="" label="">,<help< td=""></help<></alpha></nbltems></id1>
		Info>[, <nextactionid>]<cr><lf></lf></cr></nextactionid>
		+STGI: <id2>,<nbitems>,<alpha id2="" label="">,<help< td=""></help<></alpha></nbitems></id2>
		Info>[, <nextactionid>]<cr><lf></lf></cr></nextactionid>
		[.]]
		No action expected from SIM.
1	Get information about	+STGI: <prior>,<text>,<clearmode></clearmode></text></prior>
	'Display text' pro-active command.	No action expected from SIM.
2	Get information about 'Get Inkey'	+STGI: <format>,<helpinfo>[,<textinfo>]</textinfo></helpinfo></format>
	pro-active command.	SIM expects key pressed (+STGR).
3	Get information about 'Get	+STGI: <format>,<echomode>,<sizemin>,<sizemax< td=""></sizemax<></sizemin></echomode></format>
	Input' pro-active command.	<helpinfo>[,<textinfo>]</textinfo></helpinfo>
		SIM expects key input (+STGR).
4	Get information about	+STGI: <type>,<callednb>,<subaddress>,<class></class></subaddress></callednb></type>
	'Setup call' pro-active command.	SIM expects user authorization (+STGR).
5	Get information about 'Play	+STGI:
	Tone' pro-active command.	<tonetype>[,<timeunit>,<timeinterval>,<textinfo>]</textinfo></timeinterval></timeunit></tonetype>
		No action.
6	Get information about 'Sel	+STGI: <defaultitem>, <alpha identifier<="" td=""></alpha></defaultitem>
	Item' pro-active command.	menu> <cr><lf></lf></cr>
		+STGI: <id1>,<nbitems>,<alpha id1="" label="">,<help< td=""></help<></alpha></nbitems></id1>
		Info>[, <nextactionid>]<cr><lf></lf></cr></nextactionid>
		+STGI: <ld2>,<nbltems>,<alpha id2="" label="">,<help< td=""></help<></alpha></nbltems></ld2>
		Info>[, <nextactionid>]<cr><lf></lf></cr></nextactionid>
		[.]]
		SIM expects an item choice (+STGR).
7	Get information about	+STGI: <refreshtype></refreshtype>
	'Refresh' pro-active command.	No action (Refresh done automatically by product).
8	Get information about 'Send SS' pro-	Currently not supported
	active command.	
9	Get information about 'Send SMS'	+STGI: <textinfo></textinfo>
	pro-active command.	No action (Send SMS done automatically by product).
10	Get information about 'Send	Currently not supported
	USSD' pro-active command	
11	Get information about	+STGI: <evt></evt>
	'SETUP EVENT LIST' pro-	
	active command.	

Values: Values when Cmd=0 (Setup menu)

<Alpha Identifier menu> Alpha identifier of the main menu

<ld><ldx> (1 –255) Menu item Identifier

<Nbltems> (1 –255) Number of items in the main menu

<Alpha Idx Label> Alpha identifier label of items in ASCII format

<HelpInfo>

0: No help information available1: Help information available

<NextActionId> Contains a pro-active command identifier.

Compared to other commands the customer application can always get information about setup menu after having received the +STIN:0 indication.

Values when Cmd=1 (Display text)

<Prior>

0: Normal priority of display

1: High priority of display

<Text> Text to display in ASCII format

<ClearMode>

0: Clear message after a delay (3 seconds)

1: Wait for user to clear message

Values when Cmd=2 (Get Inkey)

<Format>

0: Digit (0-9, *, #,and +)

1: SMS alphabet defaults

2: UCS2

3: Yes/No

<HelpInfo>

0: No help information available1: Help information available

TextInfo> Text information in ASCII format

Values when Cmd=3 (Get Input)

<Format>

0: Digit (0-9, *, #,and +) **1**: SMS alphabet defaults

2: UCS2

3: Unpacked format

4: Packed format

<EchoMode>

0: Echo off **1**: Echo on

<SizeMin> (1 –255) Minimum length of input <SizeMax> (1 –255) Maximum length of input

<HelpInfo>

No help information availableHelp information available

<TextInfo> Text information in ASCII format

Values when Cmd=4 (Setup Call)

<Type>

0: Set up call but only if not currently busy on another call

1: Set up call, putting all other calls (if any) on hold

2: Set up call, disconnecting all other calls (if any)

<Called Party number in ASCII format Called Party sub-address in ASCII format

<Class>

0: Voice call1: Data call2: Fax call

Values when Cmd=5 (Play tone)

<ToneType>

- **0**: Tone Dial
- 1: Tone Busy
- **2**: Tone Congestion
- 3: Tone Radio ack
- 4: Tone Dropped
- **5**: Tone Error
- **6**: Tone Call waiting
- **7**: Tone Ringing
- 8: Tone General beep
- 9: Tone Positive beep
- **10**: Tone Negative beep

<TimeUnit>

- **0**: Time unit used is minutes
- 1: Time unit used is seconds
- 2: Time unit used is tenths of seconds

<TimeInterval> (1 -255)

Time required expressed in units

Text information in ASCII format

Values when Cmd=6 (Sel Item)

<DefaultItem> (1 -255)
Default Item Identifier

<Alpha Identifier menu> Alpha identifier of the main menu

<ld><ld>< (1 –255)
Identifier items

<Nbltems> (1 –255) Number of items in the menu

<Alpha Idx Label> Alpha identifier label of items in ASCII format

<HelpInfo>

0: No help information available1: Help information available

<NextActionId> Contains a pro-active command identifier.

Values when Cmd=7 (Refresh)

<RefreshType>

- **0**: SIM initialization and full file change notification
- 1: File change notification
- 2: SIM initialization and file change notification
- 3: SIM initialization
- 4: SIM reset

Values when Cmd=8 (Send SS)

<TextInfo> Text information in ASCII format.

Values when Cmd=9 (Send SMS)

<TextInfo> Text information in ASCII format.

Values when Cmd=10 (Send USSD)

<TextInfo> Text information in ASCII format

Values when Cmd=11 (Setup Event List)

<Evt>

1: Reporting asked for an Idle Screen. Event Reporting asked for an User Activity. Event 2:

3: Reporting asked for Idle Screen. And User Activity. Events

4: Cancellation of reporting event

Note: For the UCS2 format, texts are displayed in Hexadecimal ASCII format. For example, when the SIM sends a Text String containing 0x00 0x41, the text displayed is .0041.

Error Codes

+ CME ERROR: 3 Operation not allowed . This error is returned when a wrong parameter is

detected.

Operation not supported. This error is returned when the user wants to get +CME ERROR: 4

information about a SIM ToolKit pro-active command (with SIM ToolKit

functionality not activated.)

SIM ToolKit indication not received . This error is returned when the SIM +CME ERROR: 518

Toolkit indication (+STIN) has not been received.

The main menu has been sent from the SIM.

Get information about the main menu

Main menu contains 3 items.

Example

Initially, all facilities are activated, the PIN is not required and SIM toolkit functionality is activated.

AT+CMEE=1 Enable the reporting of mobile equipment errors

AT+WIND=15 Set indications

OK AT+STSF?

+STSF: 1,"5FFFFFFF7F",3

SIM ToolKit functionality activated with all facilities. OK

+STIN: 0 AT+STIN? +STIN: 0 OK

AT+STGI=0 +STGI: "SIM TOOLKIT MAIN MENU"

+STGI: 1,3,"BANK",0 +STGI: 2,3,"QUIZ".0

+STGI: 3,3,"WEATHER",0 ΟK

AT+STIN? +CME ERROR: 4

Unsolicited Result: SIM ToolKit Control Response (+STCR)

When the customer application makes an outgoing voice or SMS call when the call control facility is activated, CALL CONTROL and SMS CONTROL responses can be identified. This is also applicable to SS calls.

Response syntax: +STCR: <Result>[,<Number>,<MODestAddr>,<TextInfo>]

<Result>

0: Control response not allowed 1: Control response with modification

<Number> Called number, Service Center Address or SS String in ASCII format

<MODestAddr> MO destination address in ASCII format

<TextInfo> Text information in ASCII format

SIM ToolKit Give Response (+STGR)

Description: This command allows the application/user to select an item in the main menu or to answer the following proactive commands:

GET INKEY Key pressed by the user.
 GET INPUT Message entered by the user.

SELECT ITEM Selected item.
 SETUP CALL User confirmation.

• DISPLAY TEXT User confirmation to clear the message.

It is also possible to terminate the current proactive command session by sending a Terminal Response to the SIM with the following parameters:

- BACKWARD MOVE Process a backward move
- BEYOND CAPABILITIES Command beyond ME capabilities
- UNABLE TO PROCESS ME is currently unable to process command
- NO RESPONSE No response from the user
- END SESSION User abort.

Values: <CmdType>

- 0: Item selection in the main menu
- 1: User confirmation to clear displayed Text.
- 2: Response for a 'Get Inkey'
- 3: Response for a 'Get Input'
- 4: Response for a 'Setup call'
- 96: Response for a 'Sel Item'
- 95: Backward move
- 96: Command beyond ME capabilities
- 97: ME currently unable to process command
- 98: No response from the user
- 99: User abort

Values when CmdType=0 (Select an item from the main menu)

<Result>

- 1: Item selected by the user
- 2: Help information required by user

<Data>

Contains the item identifier of the item selected by the user

Values when CmdType=1 (Confirm the display text clearing)

No values

Values when CmdType=2 (Get Inkey)

<Result>

- 0: Session ended by user
- 1: Response given by the user
- 2: Help information required by user

<Data>

Contains the key pressed by the user

Values when CmdType=3 (Get Input)

<Result>

- 0: Session ended by user
- 1: Response given by the user
- 2: Help information required by user

<Data>

Contains the string of characters entered by the user. For inputs in UCS2 format, the data are entered in ASCII format. Example: 8000410042FFFF entered, the SIM receives 0x00 0x41 0x00 0x42 with UCS2 DCS.

Values when CmdType=4 (Setup call)

<Result>

- 0: User refuses the call
- 1: User accepts call

Values when CmdType=6 (Select Item)

<Result>

- 0: Session terminated by the user
- 1: Item selected by the user
- 2: Help information required by the user
- 3: Return to the back item

<Data>

Contains the item identifier selected by the user

Sending a Terminal Response to the SIM:

Values when CmdType=95 (Backward Move)

Values when CmdType=96 (Command beyond ME capabilities)

Values when CmdType=97 (ME currently unable to process command)

Values when CmdType=98 (No response from the user)

Values when CmdType=99 (SIM Toolkit Session aborting by the user)

No values. It is possible to send a Terminal Response after the +STIN indication or after the +STGI command.

For the SETUP MENU Proactive Command, it is only possible to send a Terminal Response after the +STIN: 0 indication, not after a +STGI=0 request. All of the Terminal Responses are not possible with all of the Proactive Commands. If a Terminal Response is attempted during an incompatible Proactive Command session, a +CME ERROR: 3 will be returned.

Possible Error Codes

+ CME ERROR: 3 Operation not allowed. This error is returned when a wrong parameter is

detected.

+CME ERROR: 4 Operation not supported. This error is returned when the user gives a

response with SIM ToolKit functionality not activated. Or if the SIM Toolkit

indication (+STIN) has not been received.

Example

Initially, all facilities are activated, the PIN is not required and the SIM toolkit functionality is activated.

+STIN: 0 The main menu has been sent from the SIM. AT+STGI=0 Get information about the main menu +STGI: 1,3,"BANK",0 The main menu contains 3 items. +STGI: 2,3,"QUIZ",0 +STGI: 3,3,"WEATHER",0 AT+STGR=0,1,1 The item 2 of the main menu has been selected. OK +STIN: 6 The Sel item menu has been sent from the SIM. Get information about the BANK menu AT+STGI=6 +STGI: 1,"BANK". The BANK menu contains two items. +STGI: 1,2,"PERSONAL ACCOUNT ENQUIRY",1 +STGI: 2,2,"NEWS",0 OK AT+STGR=6,1,1 Select Item 1. OK +STIN: 3 User request to enter Password sent. AT+STGI=3 Get information about this request. +STGI: 0,0,4,4,0" Enter Account Password:" OK The user enters the Password. AT+STGR=3,1<CR> >0000<Ctrl Z> OK +STIN:1 A text info has been sent from the SIM. AT+STGI=1 Get information about this text. +STGI: 0," Password correct, please wait for response",0 OK +STIN: 9 SIM requests a bank account update from bank server via the network (SEND SMS) AT+STGI=9 Get all information about the SEND SMS +STGI: Send account balance of user, authorization ok" OK ****** After a short period of time. ******* +STIN: 5 Transaction is complete: BEEP Get information about the Tone +STGI=5 +STGI: 9,1,1 +STIN: 1 Display text indication AT+STGI=1 +STGI: 0," Your account balance is 1000 \$",0

Syntax:

OK

Command syntax: +STGR=<CmdType>[,<Result>,<Data>]

Command	Possible Responses
+STGR= <cmdtype>[,<result>,<data>]</data></result></cmdtype>	OK
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
For Get Input with <result>=1:</result>	OK
+STGR=3,1 <cr></cr>	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
<data><ctrl z=""></ctrl></data>	
For GetInkey with <result>=1</result>	OK
+STGR=2,1 <cr></cr>	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
<data><ctrl z=""></ctrl></data>	
+STGR=?	OK
Note: Display valid parameter range.	

CHAPTER 16 - PROVISIONING AT COMMANDS

Service Programming Code +WSPC

Description:

This command allows for entry of the service programming code (either MSL or OTKSL). Upon successful entry of this code, all other service provisioning AT commands may be used. If this code is not properly entered prior to attempting other provisioning AT commands, all provisioning commands will return ERROR. If the OTKSL is used to enter provisioning mode, only the +WIMI, +WMDN, and +WCMT commands will be allowed. All other commands will return ERROR.

This command supports five attempts to enter the correct service programming code. If five incorrect attempts are performed, the ME will power down.

Once the correct SPC code is entered, the modem transitions to the Service Programming state. This state is not exited until a commit is done (+WCMT). While in the Service Programming state, subsequent validations of the SPC code are ignored until the Service Programming state is reset.

Values:

<lock type>

0: OTKSL - One Time Key Subsidy Lock

1: MSL – Master Subsidy Lock

<code>

Six character programming code.

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+WSPC=<lock type>,<code>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WSPC?	ERROR
Note: Service programming code request	Note: Invalid request
AT+WSPC=?	ERROR
	Note: Invalid request
AT+WSPC=1,111111	ERROR
Note: Enter service programming code 111111	Note: Code invalid
AT+WSPC=1,000000	OK
Note: Enter service programming code 000000	Note: Code valid

Mobile Directory Number +WMDN

Description:

This command is used to enter a new mobile directory number. Valid numbers are between 10 and 15 digits in length. For support of Wireless Number Portability, changes to the MDN will **ALWAYS** update the IMSI_M portion (least significant 10 digits) of the IMSI. Changes to the MDN will also automatically update the Access Overload Class values unless specifically modified using the +WAOC command. The new IMSI_M and Access Overload Class values will not be visible in the WIMI and WAOC commands until after the changes are committed with the WCMT command.

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+WMDN=<number>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WMDN?	+WMDN: 8581111111
Note: Get current mobile directory number	OK
AT+WMDN=8585551212	OK
Note: Set mobile directory number to 8585551212	

Set IMSI +WIMI

Description: This command is used to set the IMSI. Valid IMSI is 15 digits in length. For support of

Wireless Number Portability, changes to the IMSI will **NOT** update the MDN. Changes to the IMSI will automatically update the Access Overload Class values unless specifically modified

using +WAOC command.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WIMI=<number>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WIMI?	+WIMI: 310008581111111
Note: Get current IMSI	OK
AT+WIMI=310008585551212	OK
Note: Set IMSI to 310008585551212	

SID and NID +WSID

Description: This command is used to set the home SID and NID for 800Mhz CDMA operation only. The

new SID/NID values are committed to NV with the +WCMT command.

Values: <index>

The location in the SID/NID list to store the values. A maximum of 20 entries (0-19) are

supported.

<SID number>

SID value range - 0 to 32767.

<NID number>

NID value range - 0 to 65535.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+ WSID=<index>,<SID number>,<NID number>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WSID?	+WSID: 1, 45, 84
Note: Get current SID and NID	OK
	Note: The SID/NID pair 45,84 in location 1 is
	selected.
AT+WSID=3, 4145, 2102	OK
AT+WSID?	+WSID: 3, 4145, 2102
Note: Set SID to 4145 and NID to 2102.	OK
Store in location 3 of the SID/NID list.	Note: The SID/NID pair 4145,2102 in location 3 is
	selected.
AT+WSID=2	OK
AT+WSID?	+WSID: 2, 0, 0
Note: Set SID to 0 and NID to 0. Store in	OK
location 2 of the SID/NID list.	Note: The SID/NID pair 0,0 in location 2 is selected.
AT+WSID=4, 64	OK
AT+WSID?	+WSID: 4, 64, 0
Note: Set SID to 64 and NID to 0. Store	OK
in location 4 of the SID/NID list.	Note: The SID/NID pair 64,0 in location 4 is
	selected.
AT+WSID=, 64, 1024	OK
AT+WSID?	+WSID: 4, 64, 1024
Note: Set SID to 64 and NID to 1024.	OK
Store in the currently selected location of	Note: The SID/NID pair 64,1024 in location 4 is
the SID/NID list.	selected.

Access Overload Class +WAOC

Description: This command is used to set the Access Overload Class.

Values: <number>

Access overload value range - 0 to 15.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WAOC=<number>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WAOC?	+WAOC: 5
Note: Get current Access Overload Class	OK
AT+WAOC=7	OK
Note: Set Access Overload Class to 7	

Slot Cycle Index +WSCI

Description: This command is used to set the slot cycle index.

Values: <number>

Slot cycle index, ranges from 0 to 7.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WSCI=<number>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WSCI?	+WSCI: 2
Note: Read the current slot cycle index	OK
AT+WSCI=1	OK
Note: Set the slot cycle index	

Primary Browser Gateway +WBGP

Description: This command is used to set the primary browser gateway IP address (Ipv4). If a browser is

not natively supported by the modem, this command will return ERROR.

Values: <num>

0-255

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WBGP=<num>,<num>,<num>,<num>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WBGP?	+WBGP: 127,0,0,1
Note: Get current gateway	OK
AT+WBGP=255,255,255,0	OK
Note: Set primary gateway to 255.255.255.0	

Secondary Browser Gateway +WBGS

Description: This command is used to set the secondary browser gateway IP address (Ipv4). If a browser

is not natively supported by the modem, this command will return ERROR.

Values: <num>

0-255

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WBGS=< num >,< num >,< num >,< num >

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WBGS?	+WBGS: 127,0,0,1
Note: Get current primary gateway	OK
AT+WBGS=255,21,255,0	OK
Note: Set secondary gateway to 255.21.255.0	

Packet Dial String +WPDS

Description: This command is used to set the packet dial string.

Values: <string>

A string of length 0 to 16 characters.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WPDS=<string>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WPDS?	+WPDS: "#777"
	OK
Note: Get current Packet Dial String	Note: Current Packet Dial String is #777
AT+WPDS="#999"	OK
Note: Set the Packet Dial String to #999	

Primary CDMA Channels +WPCC

Description: This command is used to set the primary CDMA channels for 800Mhz CDMA operation only.

Values entered must be valid CDMA 800Mhz Channel numbers.

Values: <channel a number>

Value range: 0 – 2047 **<channel b number>**Value range: 0 – 2047

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WPCC=<channel a number>,<channel b number>

	, creation to transfer
Command	Possible Responses
AT+WPCC?	+WPCC: 283,384
Note: Get current primary CDMA channels	OK
AT+WPCC=211,432	OK
Note: Set the primary CDMA channels	

Secondary CDMA Channels +WSCC

Description: This command is used to set the secondary CDMA channels for 800Mhz CDMA operation

only. Values entered must be valid CDMA 800Mhz Channel numbers.

Values: <channel a number>

Value range: 0 – 2047 **<channel b number>**Value range: 0 – 2047

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WSCC=<channel a number>,<channel b number>

Communa Cyntax: 711 - 11000 Contaminor a Hambor , Contaminor b Hambor		
Command	Possible responses	
AT+WSCC?	+WPCC: 691,777	
Note: Get current secondary CDMA channels	OK	
AT+WPCC=511,632	OK	
Note: Set the secondary CDMA channels		

Service Option Management +WSOM

Description:

This command is used to manage Service Options for EVRC. It will allow the user to enable EVRC, set home page, home origination, and roam origination voice service options for the current NAM. It is only available for software builds, which include EVRC Service Option Management feature.

Values: <enable>

0: disable EVRC 1: enable EVRC <home page SO>

0: IS96A 1: EVRC 2: 13k 3: IS96

4: WILDCARD

<home orig SO> & <roam orig SO>

0: IS96A 1: EVRC 2: 13k 3: IS96

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+WSOM=<enable>,<home page SO>,<home orig SO>,<roam orig SO>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WSOM?	+WSOM: 0, 1, 2, 0
Note: Get the Service	OK
Options of the current NAM	Note: EVRC disabled, home page is set to EVRC, home orig is set to
	13k, roam orig is set to IS96A
AT+WSOM=1,4,2,2	OK
Note: Set current NAM	Note: EVRC enabled, set home page to WILDCARD, set home orig to
Service Options	13k, set roam orig to 13k

Commit Changes +WCMT

Description:

This command is used to commit or to undo/revert any changes done during the service programming session. Changes performed during this session will not take place until a commit command has been sent (AT+WCMT=1). Commission of these changes will force a software reset of the modem. Sending this command indicates this service provisioning session is complete. In order to perform any subsequent provisioning, the service programming code must be entered using the +WSPC command.

Values: <val>

0: undo changes1: commit changes

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WCMT=<val>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WCMT=0	OK
Note: Undo any changes performed during this provisioning AT	
session	
AT+WCMT=1	OK
Note: Commit all changes performed during this provisioning AT	Note: software reset is performed
session to non-volatile memory.	

Read SID/NID Entries +WSNR

Description:

This command is used to read the current SID/NID list entries. The displayed entry will always be the current value; including those changes made with the +WSID command prior

to being committed to NV with the +WCMT command.

Values: <index>

0-19: Location in SID/NID list to read.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WSNR=<index>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WSNR=5	ERROR
Note: Display entry 5 of SID/NID list.	Note: Service provisioning code not yet entered.
AT+WSPC=1,000000	OK
AT+WSNR=5	Note: Service code successfully entered.
Note: Display entry 5 of SID/NID list.	+WSNR: 5, 123, 65535
	OK
	Note: Entry 5 of SID/NID list contains 123,65535.
AT+WSNR?	+WSNR: 5
Note: Show last read SID/NID list	OK
index. Default: 0.	
AT+WSNR=?	+WSNR: (0-19)
Note: Show SID/NID list index	OK
range.	

Service Programming Example

Command	Response
AT+WBGP=255,255,255,255	ERROR
Note: Attempt to set the primary browser gateway	Note: Service Programming code not yet entered
AT+WPDS?	ERROR
Note: Get current Packet Dial String	Note: Service Programming code not yet entered
AT+WSPC=1,000000	OK
Note: Enter service programming code	Note: Service Programming code entered properly
AT+WPDS?	+WPDS: "#777"
Note: Get current Packet Dial String	OK
Note: Oct current i deket blai otting	Note: Current Packet Dial String is #777
AT+WPDS="#999"	OK
Note: Set the Packet Dial String to #999	OK .
AT+WCMT=1	OK
Note: Commit all changes performed during this	Note: software reset is performed
provisioning AT session to non-volatile memory.	Note: Software reset is periorified
AT+WSPC=1,000111	ERROR
Note: Enter service programming code	Note: Service Programming code incorrect
AT+WSPC=1.000000	OK
Note: Enter service programming code	Note: Service Programming code entered properly
AT+WPDS?	+WPDS: "#999"
AT+WPD5?	OK
Note: Cat ourrent Backet Dial String	~
Note: Get current Packet Dial String AT+WPDS="#555"	Note: Current Packet Dial String is #999 OK
	OK .
Note: Set the Packet Dial String to #555 AT+WSCI?	+WSCI: 2
Note: Read the current slot cycle index	OK
AT+WSCI=1	OK
	UK
Note: Set the slot cycle index AT+WCMT=0	OK
Note: Undo any changes performed during this	Note: No software reset since this is an undo
provisioning AT session.	command.
AT+WSPC=1,000000	OK
Note: Enter service programming code AT+WPDS?	Note: Service Programming code entered properly
	+WPDS="#999"
Note: Get current Packet Dial String	OK Note: Comment Regist Diel String in #000 (changes not
	Note: Current Packet Dial String is #999 (changes not
AT : MOOIO	committed from last write)
AT+WSCI?	+WSCI: 2
Note: Read the current slot cycle index	OK
	Note: Slot cycle index is 2 (changes not committed
AT JAMARAL OF OF FEE 4040	from last write)
AT+WMDN=8585551212	OK
Note: Set mobile directory number to 8585551212	01/
AT+WCMT=1	OK National Control
Note: Commit all changes performed during this	Note: software reset is performed
provisioning AT session to non-volatile memory.	

CHAPTER 17 - EXTENDED AT COMMANDS IN 15707.3

Multi-Tech CDMA modem also implements the CDMA AT commands as specified in the TIA/EIA/IS-707.3. Refer to IS707.3 for more information on these commands (range, parameter definition, result codes, etc.). Note: Some of the AT commands may not be supported by the network. Please verify with the carrier on the supported IS707.3 commands.

Remote Async/Fax Command X

Description: This command sends a CONNECT message when a connection is established by blind

dialing and enables the additional result codes.

Syntax: Command syntax: ATX<n>

Command Syntax: 7477 415	_
Command	Possible Responses
ATX0	OK
Note: Ignores dial tone and busy signal.	Note: Command is valid
ATX1	OK
Note: Disable dial tone and busy detection.	Note: Command is valid
ATX2	OK
Note: Disable busy detection & enable dial tone detection.	Note: Command is valid
ATX3	OK
Note: Enable busy detection & disable dial tone detection.	Note: Command is valid
ATX4	OK
Note: Enable busy and dial tone detection.	Note: Command is valid

Reset to Default Configuration Z0

Description: This command is used to reset to the default configuration.

Syntax: Command syntax: ATZ0

Command	Possible Responses
ATZ0	OK
Note: reset to default configuration.	Note: Command is valid

Select Tone Dialing T

Description: This command is used to select tone dialing. Not relevant to CDMA data services; "T" is not

sent in dial string.

Syntax: Command syntax: ATT

Oominana Syntax: At 1	
Command Possible Responses	
ATT	OK
Note: select tone dialing.	Note: Command is valid

Select Pulse Dialing P

Description: This command is used to select pulse dialing. Not relevant to CDMA data services; "P" is not

sent in dial string.

Syntax: Command syntax: ATP

Command	Possible Responses	
ATP	OK	
Note: select pulse dialing.	Note: Command is valid	

Basic S-Registers S<X>

Description: The S-registers store configuration parameters that are used for dialing or during an

established call. The value of an S-register may be set by using the syntax: ATSn=<value>

where n is the register number and <value> is a decimal value.

Values: <n> ATS command index. Ranges from 0-11.

<value> Value for the ATS command.

Syntax: Command syntax: ATS<n>=<value>

Command	Possible Responses
ATS <n>=<value></value></n>	OK
Note: set S-registers value	
ATS0?	002
Note: Disable or enable automatic answering (value: 0-255)	OK
0: Disable;	Note: always 3 characters padded with
1-255: Enable after [(value-1)x6 sec.]	zeros
ATS3?	013
Note: Carriage return character	OK
ATS4?	010
Note: Line feed character	OK
ATS5?	008
Note: Backspace character	OK
ATS6?	002
Note: Pause before blind dialing (value: 2-10)	OK
ATS7?	050
Note: Number of seconds to establish end-to-end data connection	OK
(value: 1-255)	
ATS8?	002
Note: Number of seconds to pause when "," is encountered in dial	OK
string (value: 0-255)	
ATS9?	006
Note: Carrier detect threshold in increments of 0.1 seconds	OK
(value: 0-255)	
ATS10?	014
Note: Number of tenths of a second from carrier loss to	OK
disconnect (value: 1-254)	
Value 255: disable carrier detect	
ATS11?	095
Note: DTMF tone duration and spacing in milliseconds (value: 50-	OK
255)	

Error Control Operation +EB

Description:

This command is used for break handling in error control operations. The extended-format compound parameter is used to control the manner of V.42 operation on the PSTN line (if present in IWF). The command is not relevant for packet service. For more details on the command, refer to IS707.3.

Values:

<Break selection>

- **0**: Ignore break (do not signal to remote DCE)
- 1: Non-expedited, non-destructive
- 2: Expedited, non-destructive
- 3: Expedited and destructive

<timed>

- 0: Any transmitted V.42 L-SIGNAL shall not indicate break signal length
- 1: Any transmitted V.42 L-SIGNAL shall indicate break signal length

<default_length>

- 0: Do not deliver break to DTE
- 1-254: Default break length of .01 to 2.54 seconds

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+EB=[<Break_selection>[,<timed>[,<default_length>]]]

Command		Possible Responses
AT+EB?		+EB: 1,0,30
Note: Display the current setti	ng.	OK
		Note: This is the default setting
AT+EB=2		OK
Note: Set value to 2.		Note: Command is valid

Numeric Parameter Control +EFCS

Description:

The extended-format numeric parameter is used to control the use of 32-bit frame check sequence option in V.42 on the PSTN link (if present in IWF). The command is not relevant for packet service.

Values:

<Val>

- 0: Use 16-bit FCS
- 1: Use 32-bit FCS if available in remote DCE; otherwise use 16-bit FCS 2: Use 32-bit FCS if available in remote DCE; otherwise disconnect

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+EFCS=[<Val>]

Command	Possible Responses
AT+EFCS?	+EFCS: 0
Note: Display the current setting.	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT+EFCS=2	OK
Note: Set value to 2.	Note: Command is valid

Error Control Report +ER

Description: The extended-format numeric parameter is used to control whether the extended-format

+ER intermediate result code is transmitted from the IWF over the stet interface.

Values: <Val>

0: Error control reporting disabled1: Error control reporting enabled

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+ER=[<Val>]

Command	Possible Responses
AT+ER?	+ER: 0
Note: Display the current setting.	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT+ER=1	OK
Note: Set value to 1.	Note: Command is valid

Error Control Selection +ES

Description: The extended-format compound parameter is used to control the manner of operation of the

V.42 protocol on the PSTN link (if present in IWF). The command is not relevant for packet

service.

Values: <orig rqst>

Syntax:

0: Direct mode

1: Initiate call with Buffered mode only

2: Initiate V.42 Detection Phase

3: Initiate Alternative Protocol

<orig_fbk>

0: Error control optional; If error control not established maintain DTE-DCE data rate

1: Error control optional; If error control not established change DTE-DCE data rate to match line rate

2: Error control required; If error control not established, disconnect

3: Error control required (only LAPM acceptable); If error control not established, disconnect

4: Error control required (only alternative protocol acceptable); If error control not established, disconnect

<ans_fbk>

0: Direct mode

1: Error control disabled, use Buffered mode

2: Error control optional; If error control not established maintain DTE-DCE data rate

3: Error control optional; If error control not established change DTE-DCE data rate to match line rate

4: Error control required; If error control not established, disconnect

5: Error control required (only LAPM acceptable); If error control not established, disconnect

6: Error control required (only alternative protocol acceptable); If error control not established, disconnect

Command syntax: AT+ES=[<orig_rqst>[,<orig_fbk>[,<ans_fbk>]]]

Command	Possible Responses
AT+ES?	+ES: 3, 0, 2
Note: Display the current setting.	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT+ES=1	OK
Note: Set value to 1.	Note: Command is valid
AT+ES?	+ES: 1, 0, 2
Note: Display the setting after change.	OK
	Note: Command is valid

Error Control Selection +ESR

Description: The extended-format numeric parameter is used to control the use of selective repeat

(SREJ) option in V.42 on the PSTN link (if present in IWF). The command is not relevant for

packet service.

Values: <Val>

0: Do not use SREJ

1: Use SREJ if available in remote DCE; continue without it if not

2: Use SREJ if available in remote DCE: disconnect if SREJ is not available

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+ESR=[<Val>]

Command	Possible Responses
AT+ESR?	+ESR: 0
Note: Display the current setting.	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT+ESR=1	OK
Note: Set value to 1.	Note: Command is valid

Error Control Selection +ETBM

Description: The extended-format compound parameter is used to control the handling of data remaining

in IWF buffers upon service termination. The command is not relevant for packet service.

Values: <pending_TD>

0: Discard all buffered data immediately and disconnect

1: Attempt until all data is delivered and acknowledged (ignore timer)

2: Attempt until all data is delivered and acknowledged; If timer expires, discard

remainder

<pending RD>

0: Discard all buffered data immediately and disconnect

1: Attempt until all data is delivered (ignore timer)

2: Attempt until all data is delivered; If timer expires, discard remainder

<timer>

0-30: Deliver timer value in seconds

other: Higher values may be supported at manufacture's option

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+ETBM=[<pending TD>[,<pending RD>[,<timer>]]]

Command	Possible Responses
AT+ETBM?	+ETBM: 0, 1, 20
Note: Display the current setting.	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT+ETBM=1	OK
Note: Set value to 1.	Note: Command is valid
AT+ETBM?	+ETBM: 1, 1, 20
Note: Display the current setting.	OK
	Note: Command is valid

Request Manufacture Identification +GMI

Description: The command is used to cause the DCE to transmit one or more lines of information text,

determined by the manufacturer, which is intended to permit the user of the DCE to identify

the manufacturer.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+GMI

Command	Possible Responses
AT+GMI?	ERROR
Note: Display the current setting.	Note: Command is not valid
AT+GMI	+GMI: MODEM
Note: Display the manufacturer	OK
. ,	Note: Command is valid

Request Manufacture Identification +GMM

Description: The command is used to cause the DCE to transmit one or more lines of information text,

determined by the manufacturer, which is intended to permit the user of the DCE to identify

the specific model of device.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+GMM

Command	Possible Responses
AT+GMM?	ERROR
Note: Display the current setting.	Note: Command is not valid
AT+GMM	+GMM: Model 72
Note: Display the model	OK
	Note: Command is valid

Request Revision Identification +GMR

Description: The command is used to cause the DCE to transmit one or more lines of information text,

determined by the manufacturer, which is intended to permit the user of the DCE to identify

the version, revision level or date, or other pertinent information of the device.

Note: When there is no stored PRL, the value displayed for the PRL ID will be 0.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+GMR

Command	Possible Responses
AT+GMR?	ERROR
Note: Display the current setting.	Note: Command is not valid
AT+GMR	+GMR: S/W VER: WISMOQ WQ1.8, 10015
Note: Display the revision	OK
. ,	Note: Command is valid

Request Product Serial Number Identification +GSN

Description: The command is used to cause the DCE to transmit one or more lines of information text,

determined by the manufacturer, which is intended to permit the user of the DCE to identify

the individual alphanumeric string.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+GSN

Command	Possible Responses
AT+GSN?	ERROR
Note: Display the current setting.	Note: Command is not valid
AT+GSN	+GSN: F607A117
Note: Display the serial number.	OK
. ,	Note: Command is valid

Request Global Object Identification +GOI

Description: The command is used to cause the DCE to transmit one or more lines of information text,

determined by the manufacturer, which is intended to permit the user of the DCE to identify

the device, based on the ISO system for registering unique object identifiers.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+GOI

Command	Possible Responses
AT+GOI?	ERROR
Note: Display the current setting.	Note: Command is not valid
AT+GOI	+GOI:
Note: Display the responses to the	OK
command	Note: Command is valid

Note: Currently, no information text is provided.

Modulation Selection +MS

Description: The extended-format compound parameter is used to control the manner of operation of the

modulation capabilities in the DCE.

Values: <carrier>

manufacturer specific

<automode>

0: Disabled

1: enabled with V.8 or V.32bis Annex where applicable

<min_rate> & <min_rx_rate> set to 0 if unspecified

<max_rate> & <max_rx_rate>
set to 0 if unspecified

Syntax: Command syntax:

AT+MS=[<carrier>[,<automode>[,<min rate>[,<max rate>[,<min rx rate>

[,<max rx rate>]]]]]

 <u> </u>	
Command	Possible Responses
AT+MS?	+MS: V32B,1,1200,14400
Note: Display the parameter information.	Note: Command is valid
AT+MS=?	+MS: (V21,V22),(0,1,),(0,300-14400),(0,300-14400)
Note: Display the range of parameters	Note: Command is valid

Modulation Automode Control +MA

Description: The extended-format compound parameter is a list of modulations that the DCE may use to

connect with the remote DCE in automode operation, for answering or originating data calls.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+MA=[<carrier>[,<carrier>[,...]]]]

Command	Possible Responses
AT+MA? Note: Display the parameter information.	+MA: V32, V32B Note: Command is valid
AT+MA=?	+MA: (V32B,V32,V26B,V22B,V22,V21)
Note: Display the range of parameters	Note: Command is valid
AT+MA=V32	OK
Note: Set to V32	Note: Command is valid

Modulation Reporting Control +MR

Description: The extended-format numeric parameter controls whether the extended-format

+MCR:<carrier> and +MRR:<rate> intermediate result codes are transmitted from the IWF to

the mobile station.

Values: <Val>

0: Disables reporting of modulation connection

1: Enables reporting of modulation connection (+MCR and +MRR are transmitted)

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+MR=[<Val>]

Command	Possible Responses
AT+MR?	+MR: 0
Note: Display the current setting.	Note: Command is valid
AT+MR=?	+MR: (0,1)
Note: Display the range of setting.	Note: Command is valid
AT+MR=1	OK
Note: Enable reporting.	Note: Command is valid

V.18 Reporting Control +MV18R

Description: The extended-format numeric parameter controls whether the extended-format +MV18R:

result code is transmitted from the IWF to the mobile station.

Values: <Val>

0: Disables reporting of V.18 connection1: Enables reporting of V.18 connection

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+MV18R=[<Val>]

Command	Possible Responses
AT+MV18R?	+MV18R: 0
Note: Display the current	OK
setting.	Note: Command is valid
AT+MV18R=1	OK
Note: Enable reporting.	Note: Command is valid

V.18 Selection +MV18S

Description: The extended-format numeric parameter is used to control the manner of operation of the

V.18 capabilities (if present) in the DCE.

Values: <mode>

0: Disables V.18 connection

1: V.18 operation, auto detect mode

2: V.18 operation, connection in 5-bit mode
3: V.18 operation, connect in DTMF mode
4: V.18 operation, connect in EDT mode
5: V.18 operation, connect in V.21 mode

6: V.18 operation, connect in V.23 mode

7: V.18 operation, connect in Bell 103-type mode

<dflt_ans_mode>

0: disables V.18 answer operation

1: no default specified (auto detect)

2: V.18 operation, connect in 5-bit mode

3: V.18 operation, connect in DTMF mode

4: V.18 operation, connect in EDT mode

<fbk_time_enable>

0: disable

1: enable

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+MV18S=[<mode>[,<dflt_ans>[,<fbk_time_enable>]]]

	<u> </u>
Command	Possible Responses
AT+MV18S?	+MV18S: 0, 0, 0
Note: Display the current setting.	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT+MV18S=1,1,1	OK
Note: Set mode value to 1.	Note: Command is valid
AT+MV18S?	+MV18S: 1, 1, 1
Note: Display the current setting.	OK
	Note: Command is valid

Cellular Extension +CXT

Description: The numeric parameter is used for cellular extension.

Values: <Val>

0: Do not pass unrecognized commands to the IWF

1: When detecting an unrecognized AT command, open transport layer connection and pass unrecognized command to the IWF.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CXT=<Val>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CXT?	+CXT: 0
Note: Display the current setting.	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT+CXT=?	+CXT: (0-1)
Note: Display the range of setting.	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT+CXT=1	OK
Note: Enable extension.	Note: Command is valid

Configuration String +CFG

Description: The string command is used to set configuration string. The string will be stored by the DCE

and sent to the base station prior to dialing. Each transmission of an AT+CFG command from DTE replaces the contents of the previous string. The string may be up to 248

characters in length.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CFG=<string >

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CFG?	+CFG: ""
Note: Display the current setting.	OK
AT+CFG=""	OK
Note: Reset the configuration string.	Note: Command is valid
AT+CFG="data"	OK
Note: Set the configuration string.	Note: Command is valid

Query Service +CAD

Description: The numeric parameter is used to query analog or digital service.

Values: The command should return one of the following codes:

0: If no service is available

1: If CDMA digital service is available 2: If TDMA digital service is available

3: If analog service is available (values 4 to 255 reserved)

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CAD

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CAD?	+CAD: 1
Note: Display the current service.	OK
	Note: Command is valid

U_m Interface Data Compression Reporting +CDR

Description: The extended-format numeric parameter is used to control whether the extended-format

+CDR: intermediate result code is transmitted by the DCE. The result code is the same as

for the TIA/EIS/IS-131 +DR:<result code>.

Values: <val>

0: Disable reporting.1: Enable reporting.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CDR=<val>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CDR?	+CDR: 0
Note: Display the current code	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT+CDR=1	OK
Note: Reporting enabled	Note: Command valid
AT+CDR=?	+CDR: (0-1)
Note: Display the range of code	OK
	Note: Command is valid

Um Interface Data Compression +CDS

Description:

This command is an overloaded command that serves as an unsolicited SMS command and also as a data compression command. The unsolicited SMS command is explained in Chapter 3. The data compression command has an extended-format numeric parameter that is used to control the V.42bis data compression function on the Um interface. The command format is the same as for the TIA/EIS/IS-131 +DS command.

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+CDS=<Val>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CDS?	+CDS: 0, 1, 2048, 6
Note: Display the current setting.	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT+CDS=?	+CDS: (0-0),(1-1),(512-65535),(6-250)
Note: Display the range of setting.	OK
	Note: Command is valid

Note: Currently, mobile only accept 0 as a valid setting.

Set Rm Interface Protocol +CRM

Description: The numeric parameter is used for set the Rm interface protocol.

Values: <Val> 0: Asynchronous Data or Fax

1: Packet data service, Relay Layer Rm interface

2: Packet data service, Network Layer Rm interface, PPP

Note: The values 3 and 4 are currently not supported.

3: Packet data service, Network Layer Rm interface, SLIP

4: STU-III Service

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+CRM=<Val>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CRM?	+CRM: 0
Note: Display the current setting.	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT+CRM=?	+CRM: (0-2)
Note: Display the range of setting.	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT+CRM=1	OK
Note: Set to 1.	Note: Command is valid

Note: This default value for the +CRM parameter shall be 0 if this value is supported by the DCE.

Battery Charge +CBC

Description: This command is used to query the current state of the modem power source. An estimate

of the remaining capacity is included if a battery connection is in use.

Values: <BCS> Battery Charge Status:

0: Mobile powered by battery; followed by <BCL>, percent of battery remaining

1: Mobile connected to external power

2: Battery status not available 3: Recognized power fault. Calls inhibited.

<BCL> Battery Charge Level:

0 – 100: Remaining battery capacity is 0 - 100%.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CBC Read-only. Returns <BCS>,<BCL>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CBC?	+CBC: 0, 77
Note: Display the current status	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT+CBC	ERROR
	Note: Command is not valid

Command State Inactivity Timer +CQD

Description: The numeric parameter is used to query and set the Command State Inactivity Timer.

Values: <val>

0: Ignored

1-255: Release call after 5x<val> seconds have elapsed without activity. Note: The default <val> shall be 10, corresponding to 50 seconds.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CQD=<val>

Command Cyricaxi. 7 th CQB Van	
Command	Possible Responses
AT+CQD?	+CQD: 10
Note: Display the current setting.	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT+CQD=0	OK
Note: Set the value to 0.	Note: Command is valid

Mobile Station IP Address +CMIP

Description: This read-only command is used to display the mobile station's temporary IP address. The

value displayed is in standard IP address format.

Note: This command returns an IP value only during a data call when a temporary IP address has been assigned. When not in a data call, this command returns "OK".

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CMIP

Germinaria Gyritaxi. 7 (1 Givin	
Command	Possible Responses
AT+CMIP?	+CMIP: 198.229.142.90
Note: Display the current setting	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT+CMIP?	OK
Note: Display the current setting	Note: When no IP address assigned.
AT+CMIP	ERROR
	Note: Command is not valid

Base Station IP Address +CBIP

Description: This read-only command is used to display the base station's temporary IP address. The

value displayed is in standard IP address format.

Note: This command returns an IP value only during a data call when a temporary IP address has been assigned. When not in a data call, this command returns "OK".

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CBIP

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CBIP?	+CBIP: 198.229.142.65
Note: Display the current setting	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT+CBIP?	OK
Note: Display the current setting	Note: No IP address assigned.
AT+CBIP	ERROR
	Note: Command is not valid

Serving System +CSS

Description: The numeric parameter is used to query the serving system.

Values: <Class>

0: No service **1**: 800Mhz

2: 1900Mhz PCS

<Band>

A – C: Cellular 800 **PA – PF**: PCS 1900

Z: The mobile station is not registered

Note: For the <Band> parameter, the value will be two letters for PCS. The first will be 'P' and the second will be the block ('A' – 'F').

<SID>

0 – 32767: The mobile station is registered with the system indicated.

99999: The mobile station is not registered.

<BS_P_REV> (Base Station Protocol Revision In Use – Band Class 0/Cellular)

1: IS-95

2: IS-95A

3: TSB74

4: N/A

5: IS-95B

6: IS-2000

7: IS-2000A

<BS_P_REV> (Base Station Protocol Revision In Use – Band Class 1/PCS)

1: J-STD-008C

2: N/A

3: N/A

4: N/A

5: IS-95B

6: IS-2000

7: IS-2000A

<CHANNEL>

0 - Max RF Channel Number

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+CSS Returns: <Class>,<Band>,<SID>,<BS_P_REV>,<CHANNEL>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CSS?	+CSS: 2, A, 4145, 6, 334
Note: Display the current setting.	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT+CSS=?	+CSS:
Note: Display the parameter range.	OK
	Note: Command is valid however range display is not supported for this command due to carrier-specific requirements.

Select Multiplex Option +CMUX

Description: The numeric parameter is used to select multiplex option.

Values: <n>

1: Multiplex Option 1 2: Multiplex Option 2

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CMUX=<n>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CMUX?	+CMUX: C, 2
Note: Display the current setting.	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT+CMUX=?	+CMUX: (1-9,A-F), (1,2)
Note: Display valid parameter range.	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT+CMUX=1	OK
Note: Set multiplex option 1.	Note: Command is valid

U_m Interface Fax Compression +CFC

Description: The numeric parameter is used to set the Um Interface Fax Compression.

Values: <Val>

0: No compression

1: V.42bis compression with parameters as set by the +CDS command

2: Modified Read compression

Note: Currently, the values 1 and 2 are not supported.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CFC=<Val>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CFC? Note: Display the current setting.	+CFC: 0 OK Note: Command is valid
AT+CFC=? Note: Display the range of the setting.	+CFC: (0-2) OK Note: Command is valid
AT+CFC=0 Note: Set no compression.	OK Note: Command is valid

Hang-up Voice +CHV

Description: The numeric parameter is used to Hang-up a voice call. It terminates a voice connection

previously established up +CDV (dial voice) or \$QCCAV (answer voice). The only valid

parameter is zero, which is optional.

Values: <n>

0: Hang-up voice call **1-255**: Reserved.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CHV<n>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CHV	OK
Note: Display the current setting.	Note: Command is valid
AT+CHV0	OK
Note: Hang up the call.	Note: Command is valid

Dial Command for Voice Calls +CDV

Description: The numeric parameter is used to dial command for voice calls. The format of <dialstring> is

identical to that for the ATD command. This command does not cause the DCE to change to

the online state.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CDV=<dial string>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CDV?	ERROR
Note: Display the current setting.	Note: Command is not valid
AT+CDV=8583693450	OK
Note: Dial for voice call.	+WORG: 8583693450
	+WCNT: 3
	Note: Command is valid

IWF Content List +CGCAP

Description: This extended-format command requests the IWF to transmit one or more lines of

information text in a specific format. The content is a list of additional capabilities and AT+ commands which is intended to permit the user of the IWF to identify the minimum capabilities of the IWF. This is used to determine if the services (such as +CIS707, +MS, +ES, +DS, and +FCLASS) can be performed by the IWF. See IS-131 on details and

parameter use.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CGCAP

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Command	Possible Responses	
AT+ CGCAP	+CGCAP:	
Note: Display the current setting.	OK	
	Note: Command is valid	
AT+ CGCAP=0	ERROR	
Note: Set the value to 0.	Note: Command is not valid	

IWF Device Identification +CGOI

Description: This command causes the IWF to transmit one or more lines of information text, determined

by the manufacturer, which is intended to permit the user of the IWF to identify the device, based on the ISO system for registering unique object identifiers. Typically, the text will consist of a single line containing numeric strings delimited by period characters.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CGOI

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CGOI	OK
Note: Display the current settings.	Note: Command is valid.
AT+CGOI=0	ERROR
Note: Set the value to 0.	Note: Command is not valid.

Um Packet Data Inactivity Timer +CTA

Description: This command is used to Set, Read, and Test the Um packet data inactivity timer.

Values: <val>

0: Traffic Channel not released during inactivity periods.

20-255: Release the Traffic Channel after <value> 1-second intervals have elapsed

since last sending or receiving RLP data frames on the Um interface.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CTA=<val>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CTA?	+CTA: 0
Note: Display the current setting.	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT+CTA=?	+CTA: (0-255)
Note: Display valid parameter range.	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT+CTA=1 Note: Set to one second.	OK
	Note: Command is valid

CHAPTER 18 - FAX PARAMETERS

This chapter lists tables from the IS-707.3 fax parameters for user reference.

IS-707.3 Fax Parameters

Parameter	Value (per)	Description	Туре
+FAA	EIA/TIA-592	Adaptive-answer parameter (see +FCLASS)	Remote
+FAP	TIA/EIA/IS-134	Addressing and polling capabilities parameter	Remote
+FBO	EIA/TIA-592	Phase-C data-bit-order parameter	Remote
+FBS	EIA/TIA-592	Buffer size parameter (read-only)	Local
+FBU	EIA/TIA-592	HDLC-frame-reporting parameter	Remote
+FCC	LINTIA-002	DCE-capabilities parameters	Remote
VR	EIA/TIA-592	Vertical-resolution sub-parameter	Remote
VIX	LIA/11A-332	Bit-rate sub-parameter	
[BR]	0	• 2400 bits/s	
[514]	1	• 4800 bits/s	
	2	• 7200 bits/s	
	31	• 9600 bits/s	
WD	EIA/TIA-592	Page-width sub-parameter	
[LN]	EIA/TIA-592 ²	Page-length sub-parameter	
[DF]	EIA/TIA-592 ²	Data-compression-format sub-parameter	
[EC]	EIA/TIA-592 ²	Error-correction sub-parameter	
BF	EIA/TIA-592	Binary-file-transfer sub-parameter	
ST	EIA/TIA-592	Scan-time-per-line sub-parameter	
[+FCLASS]		Service-class selection parameter	Remote
[0	• Class-0	133111313
	1	• [Class-1 support unavailable]	
	2.0^{3}	Class-2.0 fax service (EIA/TIA-592)	
+FCQ	EIA/TIA-592	Copy quality-checking parameter	Remote
[+FCR]	EIA/TIA-592 ²	Capability-to-receive parameter	Remote
+FCS	EIA/TIA-592	Current-session results parameters	Remote
+FCT	EIA/TIA-592	DTE Phase-C timeout parameter	Remote
+FEA	EIA/TIA-592	Phase-C received EOL-alignment parameter	Remote
+FFC	EIA/TIA-592	Format-conversion parameter	Remote
+FHS	EIA/TIA-592	Call termination-status parameter	Remote
+FIE	EIA/TIA-592	Procedure-interrupt-enable parameter	Remote
+FIS	EIA/TIA-592	Current session negotiation parameters	Remote
[+FLI]	EIA/TIA-592 ²	Local-ID-string parameter (TSI or CSI)	Remote
+FLO	EIA/TIA-592 ²	Flow-control-select parameter	Local
+FLP	EIA/TIA-592	Indicate-document-to-poll parameter	Remote
+FMI	EIA/TIA-592	Request DCE manufacturer identification	See 4.3.5
+FMM	EIA/TIA-592	Request DCE model	See 4.3.5
+FMR	EIA/TIA-592	Request DCE revision	See 4.3.5
[+FMS]	EIA/TIA-592 ²	Minimum-Phase-C-speed parameter	Remote

IS-707.3 Fax Parameters

Parameter	Value (per)	Description	Туре
+FNR	EIA/TIA-592	Negotiation-message-reporting control parameters	Remote
+FNS	EIA/TIA-592	Nonstandard-frame FIF parameter	Remote
+FPA	TIA/EIA/IS-134	Selective Polling Address Parameter	Remote
[+FPI]	EIA/TIA-592 ²	Local-polling-ID-string parameter	Remote
[+FPP]	EIA/TIA-5924	Packet-protocol-control parameter	Local
+FPR	EIA/TIA-592	Serial port-rate-control parameter	Local
[+FPS]	EIA/TIA-592 ⁵	Page-status parameter	Remote
+FPW	TIA/EIA/IS-134	Password parameter (Sending or Polling)	Remote
[+FRQ]	EIA/TIA-592 ²	Receive-quality-threshold parameters	Remote
+FRY	EIA/TIA-592	ECM retry-value parameter	Remote
+FSA	TIA/EIA/IS-134	Sub address Parameter	Remote
[+FSP]	EIA/TIA-592 ²	Request-to-poll parameter	Remote

Notes

- 1. Use of option 3 may cause degradations in the quality of certain faxes.
- 2. Some values for this parameter are optional in EIA/TIA-592. In this standard, all parameters of this command shall be supported.
- 3. Class 2.0 represents EIA/TIA-592.
- 4. Support of packet protocol is optional.
- 5. Values 4 and 5 of this parameter are optional.

IS-707.3 Fax Action Commands

Command	Description	Туре	
+FDR	Receive Phase-C data.	Remote	
+FDT	Transmit Phase-C data.	Remote	
+FIP	Initialize facsimile parameters.	Remote	
+FKS	Terminate session.	Remote	

CHAPTER 19 - QUALCOMM DEFINED AT COMMANDS FOR CDMA OPERATION

This section contains AT commands that are specified and developed by Qualcomm.

Note: Mobile IP related AT commands work only on the modems that supported the MIP features.

Transition to Diagnostics Monitor \$QCDMG

Description: This command returns "OK" and then transitions the phone serial port to DM mode. DM

mode runs at 38.4 Kbps and uses a proprietary half-duplex protocol.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCDMG

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCDMG	OK
Note: Transition to DM port	Note: Command is valid

Quick Net Connect \$QCQNC

Description: This command is used to enable or disable the Quick Net Connect (QNC) feature.

Values: <Val>

0: Disable QNC capability. This means that packet Originations will use the Packet Data Service Option number.

1: Enable QNC capability. This means that Packet Originations will use the Async Data Service Option number.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCQNC=<Val>

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCQNC?	\$QCQNC: 0
Note: Display the current setting	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCQNC=?	\$QCQNC: (0-1)
Note: Display the range of values	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCQNC=1	OK
Note: Enable QNC compatibility	Note: Command is valid

Protocol Revision in Use \$QCPREV

Description: This command is used to query the protocol revision in use.

Values: The command will return one of the following codes:

1: JST008 3: IS-95A 4: IS-95B 6: IS-2000

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCPREV

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCPREV?	ERROR
Note: Display the current setting	Note: Command is not valid
AT\$QCPREV	\$QCPREV: 6
Note: Display the of value	OK
	Note: Command is valid

Originate M-to-M Packet Data Call \$QCMTOM

Description: This command is used to originate a Mobile-to-Mobile Packet Data call using the

QUALCOMM proprietary Service Option number.

Values: <number>

where **<number>** is the phone number to dial. This command will originate a Mobile-to-Mobile Packet data call using the QUALCOMM-proprietary Service Option number

0x8003. This is a Rate Set 1 call.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCMTOM = "<number>"

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCMTOM?	\$QCMTOM: ""
Note: Display the current setting	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCMTOM =?	\$QCMTOM: (20,21,23-7E)
Note: Display the range of values	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCMTOM ="#777"	OK
Note: Packet data call to the number	Note: Command is valid

Dump RLP Protocol Statistics \$QCRLPD

Description: This command is used to dump the RLP statistics in ASCII format to the DTE. This does not

apply to RLP 3 statistics (see \$QCRL3D).

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCRLPD

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCRLPD?	ERROR
Note: Display the current setting	Note: Command is not valid
AT\$QCRLPD	\$QCRLPD:
Note: Dump RLP statistics data	Rx Data Cnt :0000 Tx Data Cnt :0000
	OK
	Note: Command is valid

Reset RLP Protocol Statistics \$QCRLPR

Description: This command is used to zero all the RLP statistics counters. This does not apply to RLP 3

statistics (see \$QCRL3R).

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCRLPR

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCRLPR?	ERROR
Note: Display the current setting	Note: Command is not valid
AT\$QCRLPR	\$QCRLPR:
Note: Reset RLP statistics counter	OK
	Note: Command is valid

Dump PPP Protocol Statistics \$QCPPPD

Description: This command is used to dump the PPP statistics in ASCII format to the DTE.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCPPPD

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCPPPD?	ERROR
Note: Display the current setting	Note: Command is not valid
AT\$QCPPPD	\$QCPPPD:
Note: Dump PPP statistics information	In LCP :0000 Out LCP :0000
	OK
	Note: Command is valid

Reset PPP Protocol Statistics \$QCPPPR

Description: This command is used to zero all of the PPP statistics counters.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCPPPR

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCPPPR?	ERROR
Note: Display the current setting	Note: Command is not valid
AT\$QCPPPR	\$QCPPPR:
Note: Reset PPP statistics counter	OK
	Note: Command is valid

Dump IP Protocol Statistics \$QCIPD

Description: This command is used to dump the IP statistics in ASCII format to the DTE.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCIPD

Command Cyntax: 711 Gen B	
Command	Possible responses
AT\$QCIPD?	ERROR
Note: Display the current setting	Note: Command is not valid
AT\$QCIPD	\$QCIPD:
Note: Dump IP statistics information	IP:
	InReceives :0000 InHdrErrors :0000
	OK
	Note: Command is valid

Reset IP Protocol Statistics \$QCIPR

Description: This command is used to zero all of the IP statistics counters.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCIPR

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCIPR?	ERROR
Note: Display the current setting	Note: Command is not valid
AT\$QCIPR	\$QCIPR:
Note: Reset IP statistics counter	OK
	Note: Command is valid

Dump UDP Protocol Statistics \$QCUDPD

Description: This command is used to dump the UDP statistics in ASCII format to the DTE.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCUDPD

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCUDPD?	ERROR
Note: Display the current setting	Note: Command is not valid
AT\$QCUDPD	\$QCUDPD:
Note: Dump UDP statistics information	InDatagrams :0000 OutDatagrams :0000
	OK
	Note: Command is valid

Reset UDP Protocol Statistics \$QCUDPR

Description: This command is used to zero all of the UDP statistics counters.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCUDPR

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCUDPR?	ERROR
Note: Display the current setting	Note: Command is not valid
AT\$QCUDPR	\$QCUDPR:
Note: Reset UDP statistics counter	OK
	Note: Command is valid

Dump TCP Protocol Statistics \$QCTCPD

Description: This command is used to dump the TCP statistics in ASCII format to the DTE.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCTCPD

Command Cymax: 711 QC 1 C1 B	
Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCTCPD?	ERROR
Note: Display the current setting	Note: Command is not valid
AT\$QCTCPD	\$QCTCPD:
Note: Dump TCP statistics information	ActiveOpens :0000 PassiveOpens :0000
	OK
	Note: Command is valid

Reset TCP Protocol Statistics \$QCTCPR

Description: This command is used to zero all of the TCP statistics counters.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCTCPR

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCTCPR?	ERROR
Note: Display the current setting	Note: Command is not valid
AT\$QCTCPR	\$QCTCPR:
Note: Reset TCP statistics counter	OK
	Note: Command is valid

Set Data Service Option \$QCSO

Description: This command is used to Set Data Service Option number set; saves to non-volatile

memory.

Values:

<Val>

0: pre-707 SO numbers (RS 1: Async 4, G3 Fax 5, packet 7; RS 2: Async 12, G3 Fax 13, packet 15)

1 : proprietary SO numbers (RS 1: Async 4, G3 Fax 5, packet 7; RS 2: Async 0x8021,

G3 Fax 0x8022, packet 0x8020)

2: IS-707 SO numbers (RS 1: Async 0x1004, G3 Fax 0x1005, packet 0x1007; RS 2:

Async 12, G3 Fax 13, packet 15)

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCSO =<Val>

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCSO?	\$QCSO: 2
Note: Display the current setting	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCSO =?	\$QCSO: (0-2)
Note: Display the range of values	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCSO =1	OK
Note: Set proprietary SO	Note: Command is valid
numbers.	

Clear Mobile Error Log \$QCCLR

Description: This command is used to clear the mobile error log.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCCLR

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCCLR?	ERROR
Note: Display the current setting	Note: Command is not valid
AT\$QCCLR	\$QCCLR:
Note: Clear the mobile error log	OK
	Note: Command is valid

Answer Incoming Voice Call \$QCCAV

Description: This command is used to provide a means to answer an incoming voice call via an AT

command.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCCAV

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCCAV	OK
Note: Answer incoming voice call	+WCNT: 3
	Note: Command is valid

Automatic Packet Detection \$QCPKND

Description: This command is used to enable or disable Automatic Packet Detection after a dial

command.

Values: <Val>

0: Disable Packet No Dial. If a PPP packet is received by the mobile without a just prior dial command (that is, ATD#nnn e.g. ATD#777), then the mobile will originate a Packet (or QNC) data call.

1 : Enable Packet No Dial. Reception of a PPP packet without a just prior dial command will NOT Originate a PPP packet (or QNC) call.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCPKND=<Val>

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCPKND?	\$QCPKND: 0
Note: Display the current setting	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCPKND=?	\$QCPKND: (0-1)
Note: Display the range of values	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCPKND=1	OK
Note: Enable Packet No Dial	Note: Command is valid

Pre-arrangement Setting \$QCVAD

Description: This command is used to respond to a page message that has a voice service option with a

page response that has a data service option.

Values: <Val>

0: Off

Fax for next call
 Fax for all calls
 Async for next call
 Async for all calls

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCVAD= <Val>

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCVAD?	\$QCVAD: 0
Note: Display the current setting	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCVAD=?	\$QCVAD: (0-4)
Note: Display the range of values	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCVAD=1	OK
Note: Set fax for next call	Note: Command is valid

Set DM Baud Rate \$QCDMR

Description: This command is used to set the DM baud rate.

Values: <Val> value should be one of the following: 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCDMR= <Val>

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCDMR?	\$QCDMR: 19200
Note: Display the current setting	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCDMR=?	\$QCDMR: (19200, 38400, 57600, 115200, 230400, 460800)
Note: Display the range of values	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCDMR=115200	OK
Note: Set DM baud rate to 115200	Note: Command is valid

Set Medium Data Rate \$QCMDR

Description: This command is used to Set Medium Data Rate (MDR) (also known as HSPD) setting.

Values: <Val>

0: MDR Service Only. The mobile will originate with SO 22 or SO 25. The mobile will not negotiate to any other service option if SO 22 and SO 25 are unavailable.

1: MDR Service, if available. The mobile will originate with SO 22 or SO 25, but will negotiate to a Low-Speed Packet service option if MDR is not available. The mobile will not negotiate to SO 33.

2: LSPD only. The mobile will originate a Low-Speed Packet call only. The mobile will not negotiate to SO 22, SO 25, or SO 33.

3: SO 33, if available. The mobile will negotiate to MDR or Low-Speed Packet service options if SO 33 is not available.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCMDR=<Val>

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCMDR?	\$QCMDR: 3
Note: Display the current setting	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCMDR=?	\$QCMDR: (0-3)
Note: Display the range of values	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCMDR=1	OK
Note: Set value to 1	Note: Command is valid

Dump RLP 3 Protocol Statistics \$QCRL3D

Description: This command is used to dump the RLP 3 statistics in ASCII format to the DTE. This does

not apply to other versions of RLP (see \$QCRLPD).

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCRL3D

Command Symax. A 1 SQCRLSD	
Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCRL3D?	ERROR
Note: Display the current setting	Note: Command is not valid
AT\$QCRL3D	\$QCRL3D:
Note: Dump RLP 3 statistics information	Rx Data Cnt :00000000 Tx Data Cnt :00000000
	OK
	Note: Command is valid

Reset RLP 3 Protocol Statistics \$QCRL3R

Description: This command is used to reset the RLP 3 protocol statistics.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCRL3R

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCRL3R?	ERROR
Note: Display the current setting	Note: Command is not valid
AT\$QCRL3R	\$QCRL3R:
Note: Reset TCP statistics counter	OK
	Note: Command is valid

SCRM'ing Selection \$QCSCRM

Description: This command is used to enable or disable the mobile from SCRM'ing.

Values: <Val>

0 : Mobile never SCRMs.

1: Mobile can SCRM as needed.

Note: Command only applies to SO 33 calls. This value is stored in NV. The default is 1.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCSCRM= <Val>

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCSCRM?	\$QCSCRM: 1
Note: Display the current setting	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCSCRM =?	\$QCSCRM: (0-1)
Note: Display the range of values	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCSCRM =0	OK
Note: Set value to 0	Note: Command is valid

R-SCH Selection \$QCTRTL

Description: This command is used to enable or disable mobile R-SCH throttling.

Values: <Val>

0: Mobile never throttles R-SCH

1: Mobile can throttle R-SCH as needed.

Note: Command only applies to SO 33 calls. This value is stored in NV. The default is 1. For

MSM500, MSM5105, and MSM5100 ASICs only.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCTRTL=<Val>

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCTRTL?	\$QCTRTL: 1
Note: Display the current setting	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCTRTL =?	\$QCTRTL: (0-1)
Note: Display the range of values	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCTRTL =0	OK
Note: Set value to 0	Note: Command is valid

R-SCH Selection \$QCMIP

Description: This command is used to enable or disable mobile IP.

Values: <Val>

0: Mobile IP disabled, Simple IP only.

1: Mobile IP preferred. In the initial MIP registration, if the network does not support Mobile IP, then the mobile automatically reverts to Simple IP (force a PPP renegotiation by sending a LCP C-Reg).

However, if a Mobile IP session is registered, and then enters a network that does not support Mobile IP, the mobile will drop the session and inform the upper layers of the failure (for example, by dropping DCD to a laptop).

2: Mobile IP only. The mobile will make data calls only when Mobile IP is supported in the network. During a MIP session, if the mobile hands off to a network that does not support MIP, then the mobile will drop the session and inform the upper layers of the failure (for example, by dropping DCD to a laptop). This value is stored in NV. The default value is 0.

Note 1: When the AT\$QCMIP value is changed to 1 or 2, this modifies the value of AT+CRM to 2. AT+CRM with a value of 2 enables network model operation. Changing the value to 0 will reset the AT+CRM to its original value.

Note 2: This change is *not* supported by DMSS 5105 Release 1.0 Commercial.

Note 3: When the AT\$QCMIP value is changed to 1 or 2, this modifies the value of AT\$QCMDR to 3. AT\$QCMDR=3 means that the mobile tries Service Option 33 when it is in a cdma2000 network that advertises P_REV 6 or higher. When AT\$QCMIP >0 and an attempt is made to set AT\$QCMDR to less than 3, the mobile will return ERROR.

Note 4: When the AT\$QCMIP value is set to 1 or 2, this changes the value of AT\$QCPKND to 0. This means that the mobile must see a dial string (such as ATDT#777) on the serial interface before it will originate packet data calls. When AT\$QCMIP >0 and an attempt is made to set AT\$QCPKND to 1, the mobile returns ERROR.

Note 5: This AT command is for test purposes only and should not be changed by the mobile phone user.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCMIP=<Val>

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCMIP? Note: Display the current setting	\$QCMIP: 1 OK Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCMIP=? Note: Display the range of values	\$QCMIP: (0-2) OK Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCMIP=0 Note: Set value to 0	OK Note: Command is valid

MIP Selection \$QCMIPP

Description: This command is used to select and activate an MIP user profile.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCMIPP

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCMIPP?	\$QCMIPP: 0
Note: Display the current setting	Note: User profile 1 is currently used
AT\$QCMIPP=2	OK
Note: Set to user profile 2	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCMIPP=?	\$QCMIPP: (0-5)
Note: Display the range of values	OK
	Note: Command is valid

Note: Takes a profile number between 0 and 5. This value is stored in NV. This AT command is used to configure Dial-Up Networking.

RFC2002bis Selection \$QCMIPT

Description: This command is used to enable or disable the use of rfc2002bis authentication.

Values: <Val>

0: Use of rfc2002bis authentication is disabled. Rfc2002 style authentication is used instead.

1: Use of rfc2002bis authentication is enabled.

Note: This AT command is for test purposes only and should not be changed by the mobile phone user.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCMIPT=<Val>

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCMIPT?	\$QCMIPT: 1
Note: Display the current setting	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCMIPT=?	\$QCMIPT: (0-3)
Note: Display the range of values	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCMIPT=0	OK
Note: Set value to 0	Note: Command is valid

Current Active Profile \$QCMIPEP

Description: This command is used to enable or disable the currently active profile.

Values: <Val>

0: Disable the currently active profile (profile is unavailable until it is re-enabled.

1: Enable the currently active profile.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCMIPEP=<Val>

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCMIPEP?	\$QCMIPEP: 1
Note: Display the current setting	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCMIPEP=?	\$QCMIPEP: (0-1)
Note: Display the range of values	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCMIPEP=0	OK
Note: Set value to 0	Note: Command is valid

Return Profile Information \$QCMIPGETP

Description: This command is used to return all information corresponding to the specified profile

number.

Values: <Val>

(0-5): Profile #

Note: If no profile number is entered, all information corresponding to the currently active profile is returned. If there is no profile associated with the specified number, an error is

returned.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCMIPGETP=<Val>

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCMIPGETP?	ERROR
Note: Display the current setting	Note: Command is not valid
AT\$QCMIPGETP=?	\$QCMIPGETP: (0-5)
Note: Display the range of values	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$ CMIPGETP=0	Profile:0 Enabled
Note: Set value to 0	
	OK
	Note: Command is valid

Set NAI for Active Profile \$QCMIPNAI

Description: This command is used to set the network access identifier (NAI) for the currently active

profile.

Values: < String> The network access identifier text to be stored.

<Val>

0: Do not commit to NV

1: Commit to NV

Note 1: Double quotes are only required if the string contains a command.

Note 2: If the value provisioned is not committed to NV, the temporary value will be deleted at the end of the following call if \$QCMIPP is called.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCMIPNAI=<String>,<Val>

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCMIPNAI? Note: Display the current setting	User1@myprovider.com,1 OK Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCMIPNAI=? Note: Display the range of accepted character values.	\$QCMIPNAI: (20,21,23-7E),(0-1) OK Note: ASCII hexadecimal character range supported by this command. (All non-control codes.)
AT\$QCMIPNAI=myName@myDom ain.com,0 Note: Non-committed value set	OK Note: NAI is now: myName@MyDomain.com

Set Reverse Tunneling \$QCMIPRT

Description: This command is used to set the reverse tunneling currently active profile.

Values: <Val1>

0: Do not request reverse tunneling1: Request reverse tunneling

<Val2>

0: Do not commit to NV **1:** Commit to NV

Note: If the value provisioned is not committed to NV, the temporary value will be deleted at the end of the following call if \$QCMIPP is called.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCMIPRT=<Val1>, <Val2>

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	· •·-
Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCMIPRT?	\$QCMIPRT: 1,1
Note: Display the current setting	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCMIPRT=?	\$QCMIPRT: (0-1), (0-1)
Note: Display the range of values	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCMIPRT=1,1	OK
Note: Set value to 1 and commit	Note: Command is valid

Set MN-AAA Shared Secrets \$QCMIPMASS

Description: This command is used to set MN-AAA shared secrets for the currently active profile.

Values: < String> The shared secret text to be stored.

<Val>

0: Do not commit to NV **1**: Commit to NV

Note 1: Double quotes are only required if the string contains a command.

Note 2: If the value provisioned is not committed to NV, the temporary value will be deleted at the end of the following call if \$QCMIPP is called.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCMIPMASS =<String>,<Val>

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCMIPMASS?	\$QCMIPMASS: Set
*	
Note: Display the current setting	OK Note Comment in the
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCMIPMASS=?	\$QCMIPMASS: (20,21,23-7E),(0-1)
Note: Display the range of accepted	OK
character values.	Note: ASCII hexadecimal character range supported by this
	command. (All non-control codes.)
AT\$QCMIPMASS= my5ecretC0de,0	OK
Note: Non-committed value set	Note: MN-AAA is now: my5ecretC0de

Set MN-HA Shared Secrets \$QCMIPMHSS

Description: This command is used to set MN-HA shared secrets for the currently active profile.

Values: <String>The shared secret text to be stored.

<Val>

0: Do not commit to NV **1:** Commit to NV

Note 1: Double quotes are only required if the string contains a command.

Note 2: If the value provisioned is not committed to NV, the temporary value will be deleted at the end of the following call if \$QCMIPP is called.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCMIPMHSS =<String>,<Val>

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCMIPMHSS?	\$QCMIPMHSS: Set
Note: Display the current setting	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCMIPMHSS=?	\$QCMIPMHSS: (20,21,23-7E),(0-1)
Note: Display the range of values	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCMIPMHSS=20,0	OK
Note: Set value to 20, 0	Note: Command is valid

Set MN-AAA Shared Secrets \$QCMIPMASSX

Description: This command is used to set MN-AAA shared secret for the currently active profile in HEX.

Values: <HEX> Hex value from 0 to FFFFFFF

<Val>

0: Do not commit to NV **1:** Commit to NV

Note: If the value provisioned is not committed to NV, the temporary value will be deleted at the end of the following call if \$QCMIPP is called.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCMIPMASSX =<HEX>,<Val>

Command Cyritaxi. 711 QCVIII 1111 COST 1127 C, Vai	
Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCMIPMASSX?	\$QCMIPMASSX: Set
Note: Display the current setting	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCMIPMASSX=?	\$QCMIPMASSX: (0-FFFFFFF),(0-1)
Note: Display the range of values	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCMIPMASSX=FF,0	OK
Note: Set value to 0xFF, but not commit	Note: Command is valid

Set MN-HA Shared Secrets \$QCMIPMHSSX

Description: This command is used to set MN-HA shared secret for the currently active profile in HEX.

Values: <HEX> Hex value from 0 to FFFFFFF

<Val>

0: Do not commit to NV **1**: Commit to NV

Note: If the value provisioned is not committed to NV, the temporary value will be deleted at

the end of the following call if \$QCMIPP is called.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCMIPMHSSX =<HEX>,<Val>

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCMIPMHSSX?	\$QCMIPMHSSX: Set
Note: Display the current setting	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCMIPMHSSX=?	\$QCMIPMHSSX: (0-FFFFFFF),(0-1)
Note: Display the range of values	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCMIPMHSSX=FF,0	OK
Note: Set value to 0xFF, but not commit	Note: Command is valid

Set MN-AAA Shared Secrets \$QCMIPMASPI

Description: This command is used to set MN-AAA SPIs for the currently active profile.

Values: <SPI> SPI value from 0 to 4294967295

<Val>

0: Do not commit to NV

1: Commit to NV

Note: If the value provisioned is not committed to NV, the temporary value will be deleted if

the modem is power cycled or if the \$QCMIPP command is used.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCMIPMASPI =<SPI>,<Val>

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCMIPMASPI?	\$QCMIPMASPI: 1234,1
Note: Display the current setting	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCMIPMASPI=?	\$QCMIPMASPI: (0-4294967295),(0-1)
Note: Display the range of values	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCMIPMASPI=2300,0	OK
Note: Set value to 2300, but not	Note: Command is valid
commit	

Set MN-HA Shared Secrets \$QCMIPMHSPI

Description: This command is used to set MN-HA SPIs for the currently active profile. Two arguments –

SPI value and one of the values: 0 and 1.

Values: <SPI> SPI value from 0 to 4294967295

<Val>

0: Do not commit to NV **1:** Commit to NV

Note: If the value provisioned is not committed to NV, the temporary value will be deleted if

the modem is power cycled or if the \$QCMIPP command is used.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT\$QCMIPMHSPI =<SPI>,<Val>

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCMIPMHSPI?	\$QCMIPMHSPI: 1234,1
Note: Display the current setting	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCMIPMHSPI=?	\$QCMIPMHSPI: (0-4294967295),(0-1)
Note: Display the range of values	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT\$QCMIPMHSPI=5500,0	OK
Note: Set value to 5500, but not commit	Note: Command is valid

Set Primary HA IP Address \$QCMIPPHA

Description:

This command is used to set the primary HA address of the mobile for the currently active profile. The command takes two arguments, a string corresponding to the IP address of the HA to be stored and a number (either 0 or 1) indicating whether or not to commit this value to NV. The IP address should be formatted in standard dotted-decimal notation, e.g. "10.1.1.20".

Values:

<IP> IP address in standard dotted-decimal notation, e.g. "10.1.1.20".

<Val>

0: Do not commit to NV

1: Commit to NV

Note: If the value provisioned is not committed to NV, the temporary value will be deleted if the modern is power cycled or if the \$QCMIPP command is used.

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT\$QCMIPPHA =<IP>,<Val>

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCMIPPHA?	\$QCMIPPHA: 10.1.1.20, 0
Note: Display the current setting.	OK
AT\$QCMIPPHA =?	\$QCMIPPHA: ((0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-
Note: Display the range of values.	255)),(0-1)
	OK
AT\$QCMIPPHA =10.1.2.15,1	OK
Note: Set to 10.1.2.15, and commit to NV.	

Set Secondary HA IP Address \$QCMIPSHA

Description:

This command is used to set the secondary HA address of the mobile for the currently active profile. The command takes two arguments, a string corresponding to the IP address of the HA to be stored and a number (either 0 or 1) indicating whether or not to commit this value to NV. The IP address should be formatted in standard dotted-decimal notation, e.g. "10.1.1.20".

Values:

<IP> IP address in standard dotted-decimal notation, e.g. "10.1.1.20".

<Val>

0: Do not commit to NV

1: Commit to NV

Note: If the value provisioned is not committed to NV, the temporary value will be deleted if the modern is power cycled or if the \$QCMIPP command is used.

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT\$QCMIPSHA =<IP>,<Val>

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCMIPSHA?	\$QCMIPSHA: 10.1.1.20, 0
Note: Display the current setting.	OK
AT\$QCMIPSHA =?	\$QCMIPSHA: ((0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255)),(0-1)
Note: Display the range of values.	OK
AT\$QCMIPSHA =10.1.2.15,1	OK
Note: Set to 10.1.2.15, and commit to NV.	

Set Home HA IP Address \$QCMIPHA

Description:

This command is used to set the home HA address of the mobile for the currently active profile. The command takes two arguments, a string corresponding to the IP address of the HA to be stored and a number (either 0 or 1) indicating whether or not to commit this value to NV. The IP address should be formatted in standard dotted-decimal notation, e.g. "10.1.1.20".

Values:

<IP> IP address in standard dotted-decimal notation, e.g. "10.1.1.20".

<Val>

0: Do not commit to NV

1: Commit to NV

Note: If the value provisioned is not committed to NV, the temporary value will be deleted if the modern is power cycled or if the \$QCMIPP command is used.

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT\$QCMIPHA =<IP>,<Val>

Command	Possible Responses
AT\$QCMIPHA?	\$QCMIPHA: 10.1.1.20, 0
Note: Display the current setting.	OK
AT\$QCMIPHA =?	\$QCMIPHA: ((0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255)),(0-1)
Note: Display the range of values.	OK
AT\$QCMIPHA =10.1.2.15,1	OK
Note: Set to 10.1.2.15, and commit to NV.	

CHAPTER 20 - REFERENCE INFORMATION

MS Error Result Code: +CME ERROR: <error>

<error></error>	Meaning	Resulting from the following commands	
3	Operation not allowed	All GSM 07.07 commands (+CME	
		ERROR: 3)	
4	Operation not supported	All GSM 07.07 commands (+CME	
		ERROR: 4)	
5	PH-SIM PIN required (SIM lock)	All GSM 07.07 commands (+CME	
		ERROR: 5)	
10	UIM not inserted	+CPIN	
11	UIM PIN1 required	+CPIN	
12	UIM PUK1 required	+CPIN, +CPIN2	
13	UIM failure	+CPIN, +CPIN2	
14-15	Reserved		
16	UIM wrong password	+CPIN, +CPIN2	
17	UIM PIN2 required	+CPIN, +CPIN2	
18	UIM PUK2 required	+CPIN, +CPIN2	
20	Phone Book full	+CPBF, +CPBW	
21	Invalid Index for Phone Book +CPBF		
22	Phone Book entry not found +CPBF, +CPBP		
23,25	Reserved		
24	Text string too long		
26	Dial string too long		
30	No network service		
31-39	Reserved		
40	Network personalization PIN required (Network lock)	All GSM 07.07 commands (+CME	
		ERROR: 40)	
41	Software resource not available	For example:	
		+WPRV, +CICB, +WFSH, +CCFC,	
		+WNAM, +COPS, +WRMP, +WPRL	
42	Invalid parameter All commands		
43	Non-Volatile Memory failure All commands		
44	Invalid WPIN code or WPIN required All commands except ATD		
	Invalid WSPC provisioning code	+WSPC, +WMDN, +WIMI, +WSID,	
45		+WAOC, +WSCI, +WBGP, +WBGS,	
		+WPDS, +WCMT	
46	OTKSL provisioning code access restricted +	WMDN, +WSCI, +WBGP, +WBGS,	
-1 0		+WPDS	

Message Service Failure Result Code: +CMS ERROR :<error>

<error></error>	Meaning Resulting from the Following Comn	
1 to 127	Reserved	
301	Reserved	
302	Operation not allowed	All SMS commands (+CMSS, +CMGL, +CPMS
303	Reserved	
304	Invalid mode parameter	+CMGS, +CMGW
305	Invalid text mode parameter	+CMGS, +CMGW, +CMSS
310-318	Reserved	
321	Invalid memory index	+CMGR, +CMSS, +CMGD
322	Reserved	
330	Reserved	
340	No +CNMA acknowledgement expected	+CNMA
341	Non Volatile Memory failure	All SMS commands

Specific Error Result Codes

<error></error>	Meaning	Resulting from the Following Commands	
500	unknown error.	All commands	
512	Reserved		
513	Lower layer failure (for SMS)	+CMGS, +CMSS (+CMS ERROR: 513)	
514-518	Reserved		
519	Reset the product to activate or change a new echo cancellation echo.	+ECHO, +VIP	

Extended Error Report (+CEER) Call Processing Codes

Cause Value	Diagnostic	
0	No error detected in call processing	
1	No CDMA service detected	
2	Modem is in a call, operation not allowed	
3	Modem is not in a call, operation not allowed	
4	Modem is in an unknown call state	
5	Call Barring is ON	
6	Invalid or Not allowed CDMA Service Option	
7	Invalid Parameter	
8	Operation only allowed during an incoming call	
9	Invalid Mode Selection	
10	Invalid Roam Selection	
11	Invalid Band Selection	

Final Result Codes

Verbose Result Code	Numeric (V0 set)	Description
+CME ERROR: <err></err>	As verbose	Error from GSM 07.05 commands
+CMS ERROR: <err></err>	As verbose	Error from SMS commands (07.07)
BUSY	7	Busy signal detected
ERROR	4	Command not accepted
NO ANSWER	8	Connection completion timeout
NO CARRIER	3	Connection terminated
OK	0	Acknowledges correct execution of a command line
RING	2	Incoming call signal from network

Intermediate Result Codes

Verbose Result Code	Numeric (V0 set)	Description
+COLP : <number>,<type></type></number>	as verbose	Outgoing Call Presentation
+CR: <type></type>	as verbose	Outgoing Call report control
+ILRR: <rate></rate>	as verbose	Local TA-TE data rate
CONNECT 300	10	Data connection at 300 bauds
CONNECT 1200	11	Data connection at 1200 bauds
CONNECT 1200/75	12	Data connection at 1200/75 bauds
CONNECT 2400	13	Data connection at 2400 bauds
CONNECT 4800	14	Data connection at 4800 bauds
CONNECT 9600	15	Data connection at 9600 bauds
CONNECT 14400	16	Data connection at 14400 bauds
+CSSI: <code1>[,<index>]</index></code1>	As verbose	Supplementary service notification during a call setup

Parameters Storage

Command	AT&W	Enter to Save	AT&F	Default Values
General commands		,	,	
+CSCS	Х		X CDMA	
+CMEE	Х		X 0	
+CRSL		X	1	
+WIND		X	Х	RUIM: 9; TE:8
Call Control Comma	ands		•	,
%D		X 0		
ATS0	X		Х	0 no auto answer
+CICB	Х		X 2	
+CSNS	X		X	
+VGR	X		X 3	
+VGT	X		X 2	
+SPEAKER	Х		X 1	
+ECHO	X	X	5	
+SIDET	X		Х	
Network Commands	s			·
+COPS	Χ	X		0,0
		(n,0 mode)		
+CREG	Χ		X 0	
SMS Commands				
+CSDH	X		X 0	
+WUSS		X	0	
+WSCL	Х		X RUIM:	6,4
Supplementary Serv				
+CLIP	Χ		X 1	
Data Commands				
+CRC	Х		X 0	
+DS	Х		X	
+DR	Х		X 0	
Fax Class 2 Comma				
+FCQ	X		X	
+FCR	Х		Х	
+IPR	X		115200	
+ICF	X		3,3	
+IFC	Х		2,2	
V24-V25 Commands				
E	X	1		
&C	Х	2		
&D	Х	2		
Phonebook				
+WAIP	Χ		1	

Codes for SMS-STATUS-REPORT (+CDS and +CMGR)

Code	Meaning
Network Problems (IS-41D)	
0	Address vacant
1	Address translation failure
2	Network resource shortage
3	Network failure
4	Invalid Teleservice id
5	Other Network Problem
Terminal Problems (IS-41D)	·
32	No page response
33	Destination busy
34	No acknowledgment
35	Destination resource shortage
36	SMS delivery postponed
37	Destination out of resources
38	Destination no longer at this address
39	Other terminal problem
Radio Interface Problems (IS-41D)	·
64	Radio IF resource shortage
65	Radio IF incompatible
66	Other Radio IF problem
General problems (IS-41D)	·
96	Unexpected parameter size
97	SMS Origination denied
98	SMS Termination denied
99	Supplementary service not supported
100	SMS not supported
101	Reserved
102	Missing expected parameters
103	Missing mandatory parameters
104	Unrecognized parameter value
105	Unexpected parameter value
106	User data size error
107	Other General problems
General Codes (Not defined in IS-4	
32768	SMS OK. Message successfully delivered to base station
32769	Waiting for transport layer acknowledgment
32770	Out of resources (e.g. out of memory buffer)
32771	Message too large to be sent over access channel
32772	Message too large to be sent over data traffic channel

Code Meaning

32773	Network not ready
32774	Phone not ready
32775	Cannot send message in analog mode
32776	Cannot send broadcast message
32777	Invalid transaction id

AT Commands Supported When SIM Card Removed

The following lists the AT commands that are supported in a RUIM modem (the modem needs a SIM card to operate) when the SIM card is not present.

# List	AT Command	Note and Explanation
1	+IPR	Set modem fixed baud rate
2	+CMEE	Display the error code
3	+CCLK	Clock management
4	+CBC	Battery charge
5	+WIND	General status indication
6	ATE	Set modem local echo
7	+CPOF	Modem Offline mode
8	+CFUN	Reset the modem
9	+WGMI	Manufacturer identification
10	+WGMM	Model identification
11	+CGMR	Revision identification
12	+CGSN	Electronic serial dumber
13	+CSCS	TE character set selection
14	+CPAS	Phone activity status
15	+CRMP	Ring melody playback
16	+CRSL	Ringer sound level
17	+CSQ	Signal quality
18	+CREG	Network registration and roaming
19	\$QCDMG	Transition to diagnostics monitor
20	ATIx	Request Modem Information (x = 0-7)

AT Commands for AMPS Operation

In the APMS mode, only the voice call is applicable. Although user can still issue almost all of AT commands, the most of the AT commands are not applicable for AMPS operation, e.g. data commands, SMS, FAX, RUIM commands, service programming etc.

The following table list the AT commands that are meaningful for AMPS operation. Please note that these listed AT commands are also applicable in CDMA operations.

# List	AT command	Note and Explanation
1	+COPS	+COPS=2,n (n=0,1)
2	ATD	Making a voice call
3	ATA	Answer a voice call
4	ATDL	Redial last #
5	+VGR	Change the receiving voice volume
6	+VGT	Change the transmitting voice volume
7	+CMUT	Mute the microphone
8	A/	Repeat last command
9	ATS0	Set auto answer
10	ATH	Hang up a voice call
11	ATIx	Request Modem Information (x = 0-7)
12	+IPR	Set modem baud rate
13	+CNUM	Display modem directory #
14	+CGSN	Display modem ESN # (in hex format)
15	+CMEE	Display the error code
16	+WPRL	Read the PRL version
17	+CPOF	Modem OFF mode
18	+CFUN	Reset the modem

CHAPTER 21 - AT COMMAND EXAMPLES

This chapter gives illustrative examples of general AT command usage.

Example 1: When the MS Has Already Been Powered On.

AT+CMEE=1 Enable the reporting of mobile equipment errors

OK AT+CPAS Get the MS Status

+CPAS: 0 MS is ready to receive commands

OK

Examples Where a Voice Call is Originated.

Example 3: When the MS is powered on.

AT+CMEE=1 Enable the reporting of mobile equipment errors OK

ATD18001234567; Make a voice call

OK ATD Command is being processed

+WORG:18001234567 Indication of call origination sent to the Base Station with dialing string 18001234567

+WCNT:3 Call Connected with CDMA Service Option 3, Traffic channel established.

Conversation...

ATH Release the call

OK ATH Command is being processed

+WEND:10 Call Ended, end reason 10 (Normal Release).

Example with Incoming Calls

When the MS is Powered On.

AT+CMEE=1 Enable the reporting of mobile equipment errors

OK AT+WIND=63

AT+WIND=63 Ask to display the general indications.

OK

AT+CLIP=1 Enable the calling line identification presentation.

OK

AT+CNUM Query own number.

+CNUM: "Phone","8585551212",129

OK

Call the Number from Another MS.

+RING Incoming Call.

+CLIP: "8585551212",129 Identification of the remote party.

ATA Answer the call.

OK ATA Command is being processed. +WANS Call has been answered.

+WCNT:3 Call Connected with CDMA Service Option 3, Traffic channel established.

...Conversation...

+WEND:6 Call Ended, end reason 6 (Normal Release), the call has been released by the remote party.

Example of a Call Waiting Situation

When the MS is Powered On.

AT+CMEE=1 Enable the reporting of mobile equipment errors

OK

ATD8585551212; Make a voice call

OK ATD Command is being processed

+WORG:8585551212 Indication of call origination sent to the Base Station with dialing string 18001234567

+WCNT:3 Call Connected with CDMA Service Option 3, Traffic channel established.

Conversation... Conversation with first call.

+CCWA:"8582701234",129 Indication of another incoming call. You will also hear a beep sound in the earpiece.

AT+WFSH Send a flash to the Base Station (toggle to the second call).

OK AT command is being executed.

+WFSH Flash sent to the Base Station. Call switches to the second call. However, this is not 100%

guaranteed because the there is no confirmation from the Base Station.

Conversation... Conversation with second call.

Repeat as Necessary

ATH Release the all calls.

OK ATH command is being executed.

+WEND:10 Calls End

Examples About Short Messages

Example 1: Receive a Short Message

AT+CNMI=2,1,1,1,0 SMS-DELIVERs are stored in NV, SMS-STATUS-REPORTs are routed to TE

OK

+CMTI:"MT",0 New message received. Message store in "MT" memory at index 0.

AT+CNMI=2,2,1,1,0 SMS-DELIVERs are routed to TE

+CMT:"8585551212","02/05/17,10 :43 :07",129,1,2,0,"5550000",17 Test SMS Message Received message.

AT+CNMA Acknowledge the received message to the network.

OK

Example 2: Send a Short Message

AT+CNMI=2,1,1,1,0 SMS-DELIVERs are stored in NV, SMS-STATUS-REPORTs are routed to TE

OK

AT+CMGS="8585551212" Send a SMS-SUBMIT to mobile phone

Product sends a 4 characters sequence: 0x0D 0x0A 0x3E 0x20

This is the first text line Edit first line and press carriage return (<CR>, 0x0D)

This is the last text line Edit last line and send message by pressing <ctrl-Z> (0x1A)

+CMGS: 1 Success: message reference 1 is returned from the SMS Service Center

+CDS:2,1,"8582431439",129,"02/05/17,10:14:17","02/05/17,10:14:27",32768

Success: report of successful message delivery received. Time of sending of the message and receiving of the acknowledgment from the SMS Service Center is reported, along with

the status code.

Example 2: Send a Short Message by a Selected Language and a Coding Format

AT+CNMI=2,1,1,1,0 SMS-DELIVERs are stored in NV, SMS-STATUS-REPORTs are routed to TE

OK

AT+WSCL=6,4 Select SMS in Chinese language and with Unicode format

AT+CMGS="8585551212" Send a SMS-SUBMIT to mobile phone

Product sends a 4 characters sequence: 0x0D 0x0A 0x3E 0x20

Chinese characters in Unicode Edit first line and press carriage return (<CR>, 0x0D)
This is the last message line Edit first line and press carriage return (<CR>, 0x0D)
The SMS will be sent when passer see <ctrl-Z> (0x001A)

+CMGS: 1 Success: message reference 1 is returned from the SMS Service Center

+CDS:2,1,"8585551212",129,"02/05/17,10:14:17","02/05/17,10:14:27",129,18,6,4

Success: report of successful message delivery received. Time of sending of the message and receiving of the acknowledgment from the SMS Service Center is reported, along with

the status code

Example 3: Send a Short Message by a Selected Priority and with Call Back Number

AT+CNMI=2,1,1,1,0 SMS-DELIVERs are stored in NV, SMS-STATUS-REPORTs are routed to TE

OK

AT+WSCL=6,4 Select SMS in Chinese language and with Unicode format

AT+CMGW="8585551212",20,2,"2345678901"

write an SMS to store in mobile phone with 20 characters, priority 2 and the call back

number "2345678901"

Chinese characters in Unicode

+CMGW: 0 The SMS is stored in the first location of the SIM card

AT+CMSS=0 Send the SMS from location index 0

+CMSS:1

+CDS:2,1,"8582431437",129,"03/04/11,14:10:56","03/04/11,14:11:02",32768

Example 3: Read Short Messages

AT+CPMS="MT" Set Mobile Terminated as preferred memory storage

OK

+CPMS:2,10,1,10 Currently there are 2 MT messages and 1 MO messages stored.

AT+CMGL="ALL" List all stored messages

OK

+CMGL:0,"REC READ","8585551111", 1,2,15

Test message #1

+CMGL:1,"REC UNREAD","8585552222",1,2,15

Test message #2

+CMGL:0,"STO UNSENT","8585551212",1,2,24

Test message to be sent.

AT+CMGR

=1 Read the first message in currently selected memory

OK storage (previously set by AT+CPMS).

+CMGR:"REC UNREAD","8585552222","02/05/15,15:54:04",1,2,0,"5550000",15

Test message #2

CHAPTER 22 - VERIZON® SPECIFIC AT COMMANDS

This chapter details AT commands that are Verizon® specific. The detail presented in this chapter should replace the referenced section in the main document.

SMS Status Report Indication Directly Displayed +CDS (Chapter 3)

Description:

This response indicates an SMS status report has been received and according to the message storage preferences (+CNMI), is to be directly displayed. +CDS is also used in the data compression functionality as an active command. Refer to Chapter 17 for an explanation of +CDS usage for data compression.

For Verizon®, the +CDS response has a secondary format that is used to indicate that a SMS message was delivered to the recipient (SMS message delivery ACK on). This form of the +CDS message is not stored in NV memory. In the case of delivery acknowledgement, the +CNMI setting will not have an effect and delivery acknowledgements will always be reported with the +CDS response.

Values:

<ind>: Message type indicator</br>

0 - Status report

1 – MO delivery acknowledge message

<mr>>: Message Reference

<ra>: Recipient Address</ri>

<tora>: Type-of-Address of <ra>

<scts>: Service Center Time Stamp in string format : "yy/MM/dd,hh :mm :ss±zz" (Year/Month/Day,Hour:Min:Seconds±TimeZone)

<dt>: Discharge Time in string format: "yy/MM/dd,hh :mm :ss±zz" (Year [00-99], Month [01-12], Day [01-31], Hour, Minute, Second and Time Zone [quarters of an hour])

<st>: Status of a SMS-STATUS-REPORT (See chapter 20)

<msg id>: Message reference. The Id of the sent message.

"<date>,<time>": Timestamp of the acknowledge receipt.

<delivery ack body>: MO message delivery acknowledgment.

Syntax:

Response Syntax: +CDS: <ind>, <mr>, [<ra>], [<tora>], <scts>, <dt>, <st> (Text mode) +CDS: <ind>, <msg id>,"<date>,<time>",<delivery ack body>

Example Result

+CDS: 0, 2, 116, "3146290800", 129, "98/10/01,12 :30 :07+04", "98/10/01 12 :30 :08+04", 0 Note: SMS status report received

+CDS: 1, 3, "03/09/11,14:52:53", Message to 8582431438 delivered

Note: SMS acknowledge report received. "Message to 8582431438 delivered" is the ack message body.

Incoming Message Directly Displayed +CMT (Chapter 3)

Description: This response indicates that an incoming message has been received and according to the

message storage preferences (+CNMI), is to be directly displayed.

Values: <oa> Originator Address. <oa> will be displayed only if the message <privacy> value is

normal (0).

<scts> Service Center Time Stamp in string format: "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss±zz"

(Year/Month/Day, Hour: Min: Seconds ± Time Zone)

<tooa> Type-of-Address of <oa>

<larg> Language

<encod> Encoding method
<pri><priority>: Message priority:

0 – Normal

1 - Interactive

2 - Urgent

3 - Emergency

<cbn> Call Back Number

<length> The number of characters in the following <data> field

<data> Message contents

Syntax: Response syntax: +CMT: <oa>, <scts>, <tooa>, <lang>, <encod>, <priority> [,<cbn>],

<length> <CR><LF> <data> (text mode)

Example Result

+CMT: "123456","98/10/01,12:3000+00",129,1,2,0,"5550000",5<CR><LF>

Hello

Note: Incoming message received

Roaming Indication +WROM (Chapter 3)

Description: This response indicates that the roaming status has changed.

Syntax: Response Syntax: +WROM: <roam>

Nesponse Syntax. • Witolii. Floain-	
Command	Possible Responses
	+WROM:1

<roam>

- 0: Roam Icon On (affiliated network)
- 1: Roam Icon Off (Home)
- 2: Roam Icon Blink (foreign network)

The following values apply to enhanced roaming:

- 3: Out of Neighborhood
- 4: Out of Building
- 5: Roaming Preferred System
- 6: Roaming Available System
- 7: Roaming Alliance Partner
- 8: Roaming Premium Partner
- 9: Roaming Full Service Functionality
- 10: Roaming Partial Service Functionality
- 11: Roaming Banner On
- 12: Roaming Banner Off
- 13 63: Reserved for Standard Enhanced Roaming Indicator Numbers
- **64 93**: Enhanced Roaming Indicator (+WERI response)
- **94 255**: Reserved

Enhanced Roaming Indication +WERI

Description: This response indicates that the enhanced roaming status has changed.

Syntax: Response Syntax: +WERI: <indicator>, <icon image>, <icon mode>, <call prompt>,

<alert/call id>, <chari type>, <text>

Command	Possible Responses
Note: Example of acquiring service with enhanced roaming.	+WERI: 69,2,0,0,4,2,"Extended Network"
	+WROM:2
	Note: Both +WERI and +WROM responses.
Note: Example of acquiring service without enhanced	+WROM:1
roaming.	Note: No +WERI response.

<indicator>

64-93: Index number identifying the roaming indicator entry.

<icon image>

0-15: Verizon®. defined value that specifies the Icon Image that is displayed.

<icon mode>

0-3: Verizon®. defined value that specifies how the Icon Image is displayed (On, Off, Flashing).

<call prompt>

0-3: Verizon®. defined value that identifies the Call Prompt that is displayed for each roaming indicator. This field is set to a value of ZERO when no call prompt is used. Note that this field is currently not implemented in the Verizon®. user interface specs. It may be used in the future.

<alert/call id>

0-7: Verizon®. defined value that identifies the Alert Sound that is used for the indicator. The value in this field reflects the ID of the Alert Sound that the mobile annunciates to the end user.

<chari type>

0-31: Character Encoding Type (Ref TSB58E table 9.1-1). Identifies the character code table used for the <text> field. (Usually set to 2.)

Туре	Bit Length	Character Encoding
0	8 Octet,	unspecified
1	see IS-91	IS-91 Extended Protocol Message
2	7	7-bit ASCII (ANSI x3.4)
3	7	IA5 (Table 11 of ITU-T T.50)
4	16	UNICODE (ISO/IEC 10646-1:1993)
5	8 or 16	Shift-JIS
6	8 or 16	Korean (KS x 1001:1998)
7	8	Latin/Hebrew (ISO 8859-8:1988)
8	8	Latin (ISO 8859-8:1988)
9	7	GSM 7-bit default alphabet
10-31	X	Reserved

<text>

Verizon®. defined variable length field that contains the text data used for the banner. The text is in the format specified in the Character Encoding Type. The text field is limited to a 32 character maximum length.

Emergency Mode +WSOS (Chapter 3)

Description:

This unsolicited command indicates a change in the status of Emergency Mode has taken place. In the event that Emergency Mode is entered as the result of an emergency call, this response will be sent to indicate that the modem is now in emergency mode. After this point, to exit the modem out of Emergency Mode, an AT+WSOS or AT+COPS command must be sent, which will result in a +WSOS response to confirm that Emergency Mode has been exited. See +WSOS, section for more information about Emergency Mode.

Values:

The parameters values are the following ones:

<flag>

0: Emergency Mode Exited1: Emergency Mode Entered

For Verizon®. releases, the +WSOS:0 result code will also be sent to indicate that emergency mode has been exited in the following cases:

- After an emergency call is released and five minutes have passed without another emergency call.
- After an emergency call is released and the user dials a non-emergency number.

Syntax:

Response Syntax: +WSOS: <flaq>

Command	Possible Responses
ATD911;	OK
Note: Make emergency call	+WSOS:1
	+WORG:911
	Note: Unsolicited +WSOS result confirms Emergency Mode is entered
AT+WSOS	OK
Note: Exit Emergency Mode	+WSOS:0
	Note: Unsolicited +WSOS result confirms Emergency Mode is exited
AT+COPS=0,0	OK
Note: While in Emergency Mode,	+WSOS:0
the mode preference is changed,	+COPS:0,0
resulting in Emergency Mode	Note: Unsolicited +WSOS result confirms emergency mode exited and
being exited	unsolicited +COPS result confirms Automatic mode is requested

Read message +CMGR (Chapter 8)

Description:

This command allows the application to read stored messages. The messages are read from the memory selected by **+CPMS** command. A message read with status "REC UNREAD" will be updated in memory with the status "REC READ".

Note: The <stat> parameter for SMS Status Reports is always "READ".

Values:

tat> Status of message in memory. Possible values are as follows:

Possible Values	Status of Messages in Memory
"UREAD"	received unread messages
"READ"	received read messages
"USENT"	stored unsent messages
"SENT"	stored sent messages
"ALL"	all messages

Note: For SMS Status Reports, only "ALL" and "READ" values of the <stat> parameter will list messages; other values will only return OK.

<oa/da>: Origination/destination address value in string format. <od/da> will be displayed only if the message <pri>privacy> value is 0 (Normal).

<mr>>: Message Reference

<scts>: Service Center Time Stamp in string format : "yy/MM/dd,hh :mm :ss±zz" (Year/Month/Day,Hour:Min:Seconds±TimeZone)

<dt>: Discharge Time in string format: "yy/MM/dd,hh :mm :ss±zz" (Year [00-99], Month [01-12], Day [01-31], Hour, Minute, Second and Time Zone [quarters of an hour])

<st>: Status of a SMS-STATUS-REPORT (See Chapter 20)

<larg>: Language

<encod>: Encoding

- 0 Normal
- 1 Interactive
- 2 Urgent
- 3 Emergency

<privacy>: Message privacy:

- 0 Normal
- 1 Restricted
- 2 Confidential
- 3 Secret

<reply>: Message reply option:

- 0 No Acknowledge
- 1 Delivery Acknowledge

<cbn>: Call Back Number

Length >: Length of the text message (in bytes).

<data>: Message text

Syntax: Command syntax:_AT+CMGR=<index>

Response syntax: +CMGR :<stat> [,<oa>], <scts>, <lang>, <encod>, <priority>, <privacy>, <reply> [,<cbn>], <length> <CR><LF> <data> (for **SMS-DELIVER** only)

+CMGR: <stat> [,<da>], <dt>, <lang>, <encod>, <priority>, <privacy>, <reply>, <cbn>], <length> <CR><LF> <data> (for **SMS-SUBMIT** only)

+CMGR: <stat>,<mr>,<scts>,<dt>,<st> (for **SMS-STATUS-REPORT** only)

Command	Possible Responses
	+CMTI: "MT",1
	Note: New message received
AT+CMGR=1	+CMGR: "REC UNREAD","8585551212", "98/10/01,18
Note: Read the message	:22 :11+00",1,2,0,0,0,"8585550000",9 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	ABCdefGHI
	OK
AT+CMGR=1	+CMGR: "REC READ","8585551212", "98/10/01,18 :22
Note: Read the message again	:11",1,2,0,0,0,"8585550000",9 <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	ABCdefGHI
	OK
AT-ONOR O	Note: Message is read now
AT+CMGR=2	+CMS ERROR: 321
Note: Read at a wrong index	Note: Error : invalid index
AT+CPMS="SR";+CNMI=,,,2	+CPMS:0,10,0,10 OK
Note: Reset to text mode, set read memory to "SR", and allow storage	OK
of further SMS Status Report into	
"SR" memory	
AT+CMSS=3	+CMSS: 160
Note: Send an SMS previously	OK
stored	
	+CDSI: "SR",1
	Note: New SMS Status Report stored in "SR" memory at
	index 1
AT+CMGR=1	+CMGR: "READ",160,
Note: Read the SMS Status Report	"8585551212",129,"01/05/31,15:15:09",
	"01/05/31,15:15:09",0
	OK

List Message +CMGL (Chapter 8)

Description: This command allows the application to read stored messages, by indicating the type of the

message to read. The messages are read from the memory selected by the +CPMS

command.

Values: <index>: Place of storage in memory.

<stat>: Possible values, the status of messages in memory, are as follows:

Possible Values	Status of Messages in Memory
"UREAD"	received unread messages
"READ"	received read messages
"USENT"	stored unsent messages
"SENT"	stored sent messages
"ALL"	all messages

Note: For SMS Status Reports, only "ALL" and "READ" values of the <stat> parameter will list messages; other values will only return OK.

<oa/da> : Origination/destination address value in string format. <od/da> will be displayed only if the message <pri>privacy> value is 0 (Normal).

<fo>: First Octet, coded like SMS-SUBMIT first octet in document [4], default value is 17 for SMS-SUBMIT

<mr>>: Message Reference</ri>

<ahd><dt>: Discharge Time in string format: "yy/MM/dd,hh :mm :ss±zz" (Year [00-99], Month [01-12], Day [01-31], Hour, Minute, Second and Time Zone [quarters of an hour])

<st>: Status of a SMS-STATUS-REPORT

lang>: Languageencod>: Encoding

Length > : Length of the text message (in bytes).

<data>: Message text

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CMGL=<stat>

Response syntax: +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<da/oa>,<lang>,

<encod>,<length><CR><LF><data> (for SMS-DELIVER and SMS-SUBMIT, may be

followed by other <CR><LF>+CMGL:<index>...)

+CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<fo>,<mr>,<scts>,<dt>,<st> (for **SMS-STATUS-REPORT** only, may be followed by other <CR><LF>+CMGL:<index>...)

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CMGL="UREAD"	+CMGL: 1,"REC
Note: List unread	UNREAD","8585551212",1,2,15
messages in text mode	<cr><lf>Unread message!</lf></cr>
	+CMGL: 3,"REC UNREAD", "8585551212", 1,2,5 <cr><lf>Hello</lf></cr>
	OK
	Another message unread!
	Note: 2 messages are unread, these messages will then have their
	status changed to "REC READ" (+CSDH:0)
AT+CMGL="READ"	+CMGL: 2,"REC READ","8585551212",1,2,9
Note: List read messages	<cr><lf></lf></cr>
in text mode	Keep cool
	OK
AT+CMGL="SENT"	OK
Note: List stored and	Note: No message found
sent messages in text	
mode	

Send Message +CMGS (Chapter 8)

Description:

The <da> field is the address of the terminal to which the message is sent. To send the text message, type <ctrl-Z> (0x1A) as the final character of the message. This command can be aborted using the <ESC> (0x1B) character while entering the message text.

The <length> parameter is optional, it is used to set the length of the text string. When <length> is specified, the CMGS command will only process the number of bytes specified by <length> regardless of whether it contains <ctrl-Z>, <ESC>, or <backspace> characters.

Priority: 0 (Normal) Privacy: 0 (Normal)

Reply Option: 0 (No Acknowledge)

Call back number: Not included in the message.

Values:

<da> : Destination address value in string format.

0 - Normal

1 – Interactive

2 – Urgent

3 - Emergency

<privacy>: Message privacy:

0 – Normal

1 - Restricted

2 - Confidential

3 - Secret

<reply>: Message reply option:

0 - No Acknowledge

1 – Delivery Acknowledge

<cbn>: Call Back

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+CMGS=<da> [,<length>] [,<priority>] [,<privacy>] [,<reply>] [,<cbn>] <CR> entered text<ctrl-7 / FSC>

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Command	Possible Responses
AT+CMGS="8585551212" <cr></cr>	+CMGS: <mr></mr>
Please call me soon, Fred. <ctrl-z></ctrl-z>	OK
Note: Send a message	
AT+CMGS="8585551212",12	+CMGS: <mr></mr>
Please call. <ctrl-z></ctrl-z>	OK
Note: Send 12 byte message	
AT+CMGS="8585551212",,2,1,1,"5550000"	+CMGS: <mr></mr>
Please call ASAP <ctrl-z></ctrl-z>	OK
Note: Send a message with the specified priority, privacy, reply option and	
call back number. Notice length field is omitted.	

Write Message to Memory +CMGW (Chapter 8)

Description:

This command stores a message in memory (SMS-SUBMIT). The memory location <index> is returned (no choice possible as with phonebooks +CPBW). A text or Unicode message is entered as described for the Send Message +CMGS command.

The <length> parameter is optional, it is used to set the length of the text string. When <length> is specified, the CMGW command will only process the number of bytes specified by <length> regardless of whether it contains <ctrl-Z>, <ESC>, or <backspace> characters.

The <pri>riority>, <privacy>, <reply option>, and <cbn> parameters are optional. When not specified, they default as follows:

Priority: 0 (Normal) Privacy: 0 (Normal)

Reply Option: 0 (No Acknowledge)

Call back number: Not included in the message.

Values:

<oa/da> : Origination/destination address value in string format.

Length of the text message (in bytes).

<priority>: Message priority:

- 0 Normal
- 1 Interactive
- 2 Urgent
- 3 Emergency

<privacy>: Message privacy:

- 0 Normal
- 1 Restricted
- 2 Confidential
- 3 Secret

<reply>: Message reply option:

- 0 No Acknowledge
- 1 Delivery Acknowledge
- <cbn>: Call Back Number

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+CMGS= <oa/da> [,<length>] [,<privacy>] [,<reply>] [,<cbn>] <CR> entered text <ctrl-Z / ESC>

Response syntax: +CMGW: <index> or +CMS ERROR: <err> if writing fails

	3
Command	Possible Responses
AT+CMGW="8585551212" <cr></cr>	+CMGW: 4
Hello how are you ? <ctrl-z></ctrl-z>	OK
Note: Write a message	Note: Message stored in
	index 4
AT+CMGW="8587777777",6 <cr></cr>	+CMGW: <index></index>
¥IÅàø? <ctrl-z></ctrl-z>	OK
Note: Write a message with specified length of 6 bytes	Note: Message stored in
	<index></index>
AT+CMGW="8585551212",,2,1,1,"5550000"	+CMGW: 5
Please call ASAP <ctrl-z></ctrl-z>	OK
Note: Write message with the specified priority, privacy, reply	Note: Message stored in
option and call back number. Notice length field is omitted.	index 5

Service Programming Code +WSPC (Chapter 16)

Description:

This command allows for entry of the service programming code (either MSL or OTKSL). Upon successful entry of this code, all other service provisioning AT commands may be used. If this code is not properly entered prior to attempting other provisioning AT commands, all provisioning commands will return ERROR. If the OTKSL is used to enter provisioning mode, only the +WIMI, +WMDN, and +WCMT commands will be allowed. All other commands will return ERROR.

This command supports fifteen attempts to enter the correct service programming code. If fifteen incorrect attempts are performed, the ME will report a message and go into offline mode.

Once the correct SPC code is entered, the modem transitions to the Service Programming state. This state is not exited until a commit is done (+WCMT). While in the Service Programming state, subsequent validations of the SPC code are ignored until the Service Programming state is reset.

Values:

<lock type>

0: OTKSL - One Time Key Subsidy Lock

1: MSL – Master Subsidy Lock

<code>

Six character programming code.

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+WSPC=<lock type>,<code>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WSPC?	ERROR
Note: Service programming code request	Note: Invalid request
AT+WSPC=?	ERROR
	Note: Invalid request
AT+WSPC=1,111111	ERROR
Note: Enter service programming code 111111	Note: Code invalid
AT+WSPC=1,000000	OK
Note: Enter service programming code 000000	Note: Code valid

Verizon®. System Selection +WVSS

Description:

This command is used to set the system selection and is persistent on reset. The values that are available with the +WVSS command are dependent upon the currently loaded PRL.

Values:

- 0: Home Only Service on home systems
- 1: Automatic Roaming allowed on affiliated systems

Non-preferred systems:

- 0: Home Only Service on home systems
- 2: Automatic-A Roaming allowed on affiliated systems and any A band system
- 3: Automatic-B Roaming allowed on affiliated systems and any B band system

Syntax:

Syntax: +WVSS: <pref>

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Command	Possible Responses	
AT+WVSS=?	+WVSS: (0-3)	
Note: Show supported parameters	OK	
AT+WVSS?	+WVSS: 1	
Note: Get current setting	OK	
AT+WVSS=0	OK	
Note: Set home only	Note: Home only mode set.	
AT+WVSS=3	ERROR	
Note: Set automatic-B mode	Note: Automatic-B mode not allowed in preferred only service.	

Initial Programming Required +WOT0

Description: This Over-The-Air Service Provisioning (OTASP) response indicates that initial device

programming is required.

Syntax: Response Syntax: +WOT0: "Initial programming required!"

Command	Possible Responses
	+WOT0: "Initial programming required!"

Programming In Progress +WOT1

Description: This Over-The-Air Service Provisioning (OTASP) response indicates that device

programming is in progress.

Syntax: Response Syntax: +WOT1: "Programming in progress"

1	0 0 1 0
Command	Possible Responses
	+WOT1: "Programming in progress"

Programming Successful +WOT2

Description: This Over-The-Air Service Provisioning (OTASP) response indicates that device

programming has completed successfully. This response will be accompanied by three quick

audio tones from the speaker.

Syntax: Response Syntax: +WOT2: "Programming Successful"

	0 0
Command	Possible Responses
	+WOT2: "Programming Successful"

Programming Unsuccessful +WOT3

Description: This Over-The-Air Service Provisioning (OTASP) response indicates that device

programming has completed unsuccessfully. This response will be accompanied by three

quick audio tones from the speaker.

Syntax: Response Syntax: +WOT3: "Programming Unsuccessful"

Tree period by maxing the decederal	
Command	Possible Responses
	+WOT3: "Programming Unsuccessful"

Commit Successful +WOTC

Description: This Over-The-Air Service Provisioning (OTASP) response indicates that the programmed

parameters have be successfully committed to NVRAM.

Syntax: Response Syntax: +WOTC: "Commit Successful"

response Syriax. WOTO. Commit Succession		
Command	Possible Responses	
	+WOTC: "Commit Successful"	

SPL Unlocked +WOTS

Description: This Over-The-Air Service Provisioning (OTASP) response indicates that the Software

Provisioning Lock is in the unlocked state.

Syntax: Response Syntax: +WOTS: "SPL unlocked"

Command	Possible Responses
	+WOTS: "SPL unlocked"

NAM Download Ok +WOTN

Description: This Over-The-Air Service Provisioning (OTASP) response indicates that the NAM download

has completed successfully.

Syntax: Response Syntax: +WOTN: "NAM Download OK"

Command	Possible Responses
	+WOTN: "NAM Download OK"

MDM Download Ok +WOTM

Description: This Over-The-Air Service Provisioning (OTASP) response indicates that the MDM

download has completed successfully.

Syntax: Response Syntax: +WOTM: "MDM Download OK"

Command	Possi	ible Responses
	+WO	TM: "MDM Download OK"

MSI Download Ok +WOTI

Description: This Over-The-Air Service Provisioning (OTASP) response indicates that the IMSI download

has completed successfully.

Syntax: Response Syntax: +WOTI: "IMSI Download OK"

Command	Possible Responses
	+WOTI: "IMSI Download OK"

PRL Download Ok +WOTP

Description: This Over-The-Air Service Provisioning (OTASP) response indicates that the PRL download

has completed successfully.

Syntax: Response Syntax: +WOTP: "PRL Download OK"

- toopened by the street is the street and the stre		
	Command	Possible Responses
		+WOTP: "PRL Download OK"

Excess SPC Failures +WLCK

Description:

This response indicates that 15 failed attempts have been made to enter the service programming code. If the modem is not in emergency mode, any active call will be terminated and the modem will go into offline mode.

Note: A successfully entered service programming code grants access to modem configuration data.

Syntax:

Response Syntax: +WLCK: "Excess SPC failures!"

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WSPC=0,123456	+WLCK: "Excess SPC failures!"
Note: 15th attempt to enter the SPC.	Note: Modem now in offline mode.

Position Determination Lock Level +WPLCK

Description:

This command specifies and returns the position determination lock setting. If the lock is set to 'lock all', then only E911-related position determination events are allowed and all other position determination requests are denied.

Values: <level>

0: No lock (allow all)

1: Lock mobile initiated location services
2: Lock mobile terminated location services

3: Lock all

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+WPLCK=<level>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WPLCK=?	+WPLCK: (0-3)
Note: Display valid parameter range	OK
AT+WPLCK?	+WPLCK: 0
Note: Request current setting type	OK
AT+WPLCK=3	OK
Note: Select lock all	Note: Command successful

CHAPTER 23 - SPRINT® SPECIFIC AT COMMANDS

This chapter details AT commands that are Sprint® specific. The command presented in this chapter should replace the corresponding general commands in the main document.

SMS Status Report Indication Directly Displayed +CDS (Chapter 3)

Description:

This response indicates an SMS status report has been received and according to the message storage preferences (+CNMI), is to be directly displayed. +CDS is also used in the data compression functionality as an active command. Refer to Chapter 17for an explanation of +CDS usage for data compression.

For Sprint®, the +CDS response has a secondary format that is used to indicate that a SMS message was delivered to the recipient (SMS message delivery ACK on). This form of the +CDS message is not stored in NV memory. In the case of delivery acknowledgement, the +CNMI setting will not have an effect and delivery acknowledgements will always be reported with the +CDS response.

Values:

<ind>: Message type indicator

0 - Status report

1 - MO delivery acknowledge message

<mr>>: Message Reference

<ra>: Recipient Address

<tora>: Type-of-Address of <ra>

<scts>: Service Center Time Stamp in string format : "yy/MM/dd,hh :mm :ss±zz" (Year/Month/Day, Hour: Min: Seconds ± Time Zone)

<dt>: Discharge Time in string format: "yy/MM/dd,hh :mm :ss±zz" (Year [00-99], Month [01-12], Day [01-31], Hour, Minute, Second and Time Zone [quarters of an hour])

<st>: Status of a SMS-STATUS-REPORT (See Chapter 20)

<msg id>: Message reference. The ld of the sent message.

"<date>,<time>": Timestamp of the acknowledge receipt.

<delivery ack body>: MO message delivery acknowledgment.

Syntax: Response Syntax:

+CDS: <ind>, <mr>, [<ra>], [<tora>], <scts>, <dt>, <st> (Text mode)

+CDS: <ind>, <msg id>,"<date>,<time>",<delivery ack body>

Example Result

+CDS: 0, 2, 116, "3146290800", 129, "98/10/01,12:30:07+04", "98/10/01 12:30:08+04", 0 Note: SMS status report received

+CDS: 1, 3, "03/09/11.14:52:53", Message to 8582431438 delivered

Note: SMS acknowledge report received. "Message to 8582431438 delivered" is the ack message body.

Set Phone Functionality +CFUN

Description: This command selects the mobile station's level of functionality. AT+CFUN=0 is equivalent

to AT+CPOF

The AT+CFUN=1 (by default, AT+CFUN will act the same as AT+CFUN=1) command restarts the entire CDMA stack and CDMA functionality: **a complete software reset is performed**. In addition, the OK response will be sent at the last baud rate defined by the +IPR command.

If an emergency call is made in OFFLINE mode, the modem will reset and immediately after boot, originate the emergency call. The functionality of +WSOS is unchanged.

Values: <functionality level>

0: Set the phone to OFFLINE mode.

1: Set the phone to ONLINE mode and resets the phone.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CFUN=<functionality level>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CFUN?	+CFUN: 1
Note: Ask for current functionality level	OK
	Note: Full functionality
AT+CFUN=0	OK
Note: Set phone offline	Note: Command valid
AT+CFUN=1	Note: Command valid
Note: Set phone ONLINE. A software reset is	
performed.	

Signal Quality +CSQ

Description: This command will return the raw RSSI data, raw Ec/lo, and the channel frame error rate.

Values: <raw rssi>

75-105: valid value range in units of -dBm **255**: represents an unknown signal quality

<raw Ec/lo>

0-15: valid value range in units of -dB **255**: represents an unknown signal quality

<fer>:

0-100%: Traffic channel error rate

255: represents an unknown signal quality

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+CSQ

Command	Possible Responses	
AT+CSQ	+CSQ: <raw rssi="">,<raw ec="" lo="">,<fer></fer></raw></raw>	
	OK	
	Note: <raw rssi="">, <raw ec="" lo="">, and <fer> as defined below</fer></raw></raw>	

Facility Lock +CLCK

Description:

This command is used by the application to lock, unlock, or interrogate an ME or network facility <fac>. When changing a lock state, a password value must be included in the command even though passwords are not currently enforced for these facilities. Any 4 digit sequence can be entered for the password value.

This command is also used to allow control of the call barring supplementary service. Barring calls or querying the status of call barring is possible for Data and Voice Calls, except Emergency Voice Calls.

Values:

The following <fac> and <mode> values are supported:

"AO": BAOC (Barr Outgoing Calls)

<mode>

- 0: Allow all outgoing calls
- 1: Allow outgoing calls only for phonebook entries (use ATD> command) and emergency voice calls
- 2: Allow emergency voice calls only
- 9: Query status

"AI": BAIC (Barr Incoming Calls)

<mode>

- 0: Allow all incoming calls
- 1: Allow incoming calls only for phonebook entries (match number in phonebook) and emergency voice calls
- 2: Allow emergency voice calls only
- 9: Query status

Note: Setting this facility to 0 will force the "AO" facility to 0.

"PB": BAMC (Barr Outgoing Phonebook Match Calls)

<mode>

- **0**: Allow all outgoing calls
- 1: Allow outgoing calls only for phonebook entries
- 9: Query status

Note: Setting this facility to 0 will force the "AO" facility to 0.

"DT": BADC (Barr Data Calls)

<mode>

- 0: Allow data calls
- 1: Barr data calls
- 9: Query status

<passwd>

Use any four digit value. (e.g. 1234)

Syntax (for Facility Lock):

Command syntax: AT+CLCK= <fac>,<mode>[,<passwd>]

Response syntax: +CLCK: <status>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CLCK?	+CLCK:("AO",1),("AI",1),("PB",1),("DT",1)
Note: Get facility lock status	OK
	Note: Outgoing call barring is enabled, Incoming call barring is enabled, match string from phonebook is enabled, Data calls are not allowed
AT+CLCK="AO",1,1234	OK
Note: Bar Outgoing Calls	Note: Outgoing calls are barred
AT+CLCK="AI",1,1234	OK
Note: Bar Incoming Calls	Note: Incoming calls are barred
AT+CLCK="AO",9	+CLCK: 1
Note: Query outgoing call	OK
barring status	Note: Outgoing calls are barred

Mobile Directory Number +WMDN

Description:

This command is used to enter a new mobile directory number. Valid numbers are between 10 and 15 digits in length. For support of Wireless Number Portability, changes to the MDN will **ALWAYS** update the IMSI_M portion (least significant 10 digits) of the IMSI. Changes to the MDN will also automatically update the Access Overload Class values unless specifically modified using the +WAOC command. The new IMSI_M and Access Overload Class values will not be visible in the WIMI and WAOC commands until after the changes are committed with the WCMT command.

The security PIN (WPIN) is automatically updated using the following logic whenever the +WMDN command is used to change the mobile directory number (MDN).

If (Security PIN = Last 4 digits of MDNold) Then
Set Security PIN = Last 4 digits of MDNnew
Else
Don't Change Security PIN
EndIf

Example 1:

Current PIN = 1234 Current MDN = 5551234 (last 4 digits are the same as PIN digits) If MDN is set to 5556789, then PIN changes to 6789.

Example 2:

Current PIN = 3456 Current MDN = 5551234 (last 4 digits and the PIN digits are different) If MDN is set to 5556789, then PIN remains 3456.

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+WMDN=<number>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WMDN?	+WMDN: 8581111111
Note: Get current mobile directory number	OK
AT+WMDN=8585551212	OK
Note: Set mobile directory number to 8585551212	

Serving System +CSS

Description: The numeric parameter is used to query the serving system.

Values: <Class>

0: No service **1**: 800 MHz **2:** 1900 MHz

<Band>

A – B: Cellular 800 **PA – PF:** PCS 1900

Z: The mobile station is not registered

Note: For the <Band> parameter, the value will be two letters for PCS. The first will be 'P' and the second will be the block ('A' - 'F').

<SID>

0: No service

1 – 32767: The mobile station is registered with the system indicated.

99999: The mobile station is not registered.

<BS_P_REV> (Base Station Protocol Revision In Use – Band Class 0/Cellular)

1: IS-95

2: IS-95A

3: TSB74

4: N/A

5: IS-95B

6: IS-2000

7: IS-2000A

<BS_P_REV> (Base Station Protocol Revision In Use – Band Class 1/PCS)

1: J-STD-008C

2: N/A

3: N/A

4: N/A

5: IS-95B

6: IS-2000

7: IS-2000A

<CHANNEL>

0 - Max RF Channel Number

Syntax:

Command syntax: AT+CSS Returns: <Class>,<Band>,<SID>,<BS_P_REV>,<CHANNEL>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+CSS?	+CSS: 2, A, 4145, 6, 334
Note: Display the current setting	OK
	Note: Command is valid
AT+CSS=?	+CSS:
Note: Display the range of	OK
setting	Note: Command is valid however range display is not
	supported for this command due to carrier-specific
	requirements.

Packet Zone Identifier +PZID

Description: This is a read-only command that displays the Packet Zone Id for the mobile IP.

Values: Numeric value in range 0 - 255

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+PZID

Command	Possible Responses
AT+PZID Note: Display the packet zone ID.	+PZID: 1 OK

Boot URL +WBURL

Description: This command is used to read and write the boot URL value. This value is required for IOTA

connections.

Note: Following a software load, the AT+WPRR command must be used to establish the

default value.

Values: <string>: 128 character maximum length string value.

Default: http://hcmci.iota.spcsdns.net:8080/ciip

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WBURL=<string>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WBURL? Note: Display the current boot URL value.	http://hcmci.iota.spcsdns.net:8080/ciip OK
AT+WBURL=http://hcmci.iota.spcsdns.net/ciip Note: Set the boot URL value.	OK Note: New value set.
AT+WBURL="" Note: Set invalid URL value.	+CERROR: BAD REQUEST Note: Error message displayed.

Trusted Domain +WTDMN

Description: This command is used to read and write the trusted domain value. This value is required for

IOTA connections and is used to verify the trusted server connection.

Note: Following a software load, the AT+WPRR command must be used to establish the

default value.

Values: <string>: 32 character maximum length string value. Default: https://iota.spcsdns.net

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WTDMN=<string>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WTDMN?	https:.iota.spcsdns.com
Note: Display the current trusted domain value.	OK
AT+WTDMN=https:.iota.spcsdns.net	OK
Note: Set the trusted domain value.	Note: New value set.
AT+ WTDMN =""	+CERROR: BAD REQUEST
Note: Set invalid URL value.	Note: Error message displayed.

Proxy Address +WDPXY

Description: This command is used to read and write the proxy server address. The proxy server address

is required for IOTA connections.

Note: Following a software load, the AT+WPRR command must be used to establish the

default value.

Values: <string>: 32 character maximum length string value in URL format.

Default: 68.28.31.1

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WDPXY=<address>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WDPXY?	68.28.31.2
Note: Display the current proxy server address value.	OK
AT+WDPXY=68.28.31.1	OK
Note: Set the proxy server address value.	Note: New value set.
AT+ WDPXY =""	+CERROR: BAD REQUEST
Note: Set invalid address value.	Note: Error message displayed.

WIOTA Connection Control +WIOTA

Description: This command is to start an IOTA session.

Values: 1: Connect – Start IOTA session to get profile.

Syntax: Command syntax: AT+WIOTA=<value>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WIOTA=1	OK
Note: Start IOTA session.	Note: Session started.

Sprint®. System Selection +WSSS

Description: This command is used to set the system selection and is persistent on reset. The values that

are available with the +WSSS command are dependent upon the currently loaded PRL.

Values: <p

0: Home Only - Modem will operate on Sprint® PCS only.

1: Automatic - Roaming allowed on affiliated systems.

2: Analog only - Roaming rate applies.

Syntax: Command syntax: +WSSS: <pref>

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WSSS=?	+WSSS: (0-3)
Note: Show supported parameters	OK
AT+WSSS?	+WSSS: 1
Note: Get current setting	OK
AT+WSSS=0	OK
Note: Set home only	Note: Home only mode set.

IOTA Error +WOAE

Description: This response indicates that an IOTA failure has occurred. Refer to Sprint® document SEBU

3G NAI dual launch v131 sec 1.2 for additional details.

Syntax: Response Syntax: +WOAE: "IOTA error 1012"

response symanic transfer to the site of the	
Command	Possible Responses
	+WOAE: "IOTA error 1012"

Preparing Data Services +WOAP

Description: This response indicates that IOTA provisioning is in progress.

Syntax: Response Syntax: +WOAP: "Preparing Data Services"

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Command	Possible Responses
	+WOAP: "Preparing Data Services"

Please Retry +WOAR

Description: This response indicates that the previous attempt to start a data session should be retried.

When a data session is started without a valid profile, IOTA provisioning is initiated. Upon

completion of profile provisioning, this response is displayed.

Syntax: Response Syntax: +WOAR: "Please Retry"

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Command	Possible Responses
	+WOAR: "Please Retry"

Display PRI Checksum +WSUM

Description: This command is used to display the PRI checksum value. This checksum value is

calculated and programmed into the modem at the time of manufacture. The checksum value is not updated or changed if a user modification is made to any of the PRI settings.

Syntax: Command syntax: +WSUM?

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WSUM?	+WSUM: 0004DDCF
Note: Display checksum	OK
value.	Note: The displayed value is a eight digit hexadecimal number.

Reset MIN and MDN to factory defaults +WRMM

Description: This command is used to reset MIN and MDN to their factory default values. The service

programming code must be successfully entered using the +WSPC command prior to using the +WRMM command. The modem must be manually reset or power cycled following the

use of the +WRMM command.

Syntax: Command syntax: +WRMM

Command	Possible Responses
AT+WRMM Note: Reset MIN and MDN to factory defaults.	OK Note: Command successful.